Results Q1/24 - Analyst Presentation

pbb
DEUTSCHE PFANDBRIEFBANK

14 May 2024

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KEY MESSAGES

Solid start into 2024

Pre-tax profit of € 34 mn, slightly higher than previous year (Q1/23: € 32 mn)

- **Pre-provision profit** of € 81 mn, benefitting from strong **NII** and **realisation income**
- **Risk provisioning** remains elevated in line with guidance
- **Strategic active balance sheet management** started

Portfolio remains solid with an avg. LTV of 54%[1]

- **100% senior lender, always first ranking**
- Selective **new business** with favourable risk/return profile – REF portfolio stable vs. year-end 2023
- Slowing NPL dynamic through active NPL management

Already strong liquidity position of € >6 bn further improved

- Resilient Pfandbrief market – recent **Mortgage Pfandbrief Benchmark** tapped by € 100 mn at manageable cost
- No need to issue **Senior Unsecured benchmark** in 2024
- **Retail deposit** further increased by € 0.5 bn to € 7.1 bn in Q1/24

1. Based on performing investment loans only

AGENDA

HIGHLIGHTS Q1/24

Strong KPIs despite challenging markets

- **Solid PBT** of € 34 mn on the back of intact operating trends
- **Strong operating income** compensates for still elevated level of risk provisioning

PBT
€ 34 mn
(Q1/23: € 32 mn; Q4/23: € -1 mn)

Operating income
€ 146 mn
(Q1/23: € 119 mn; Q4/23: € 188 mn)

- Stable **REF portfolio** with improving margin
- New business with **strong margin uplift**

REF Portfolio
€ 31.2 bn
(12/23: € 31.1 bn, 03/23: € 29.4 bn)

New business margin
~245 bp
(2023: ~205 bp, 03/23: ~200 bp)

- **Strong liquidity position** further improved
- **Growth of retail deposits** and resilient Pfandbrief market
- Well **capitalised,** significantly above MDA

Liquidity
€ >6 bn
(03/24)

CET1 ratio
15.2%
(12/23: 15.7%, 03/23: 16.6%)[1]

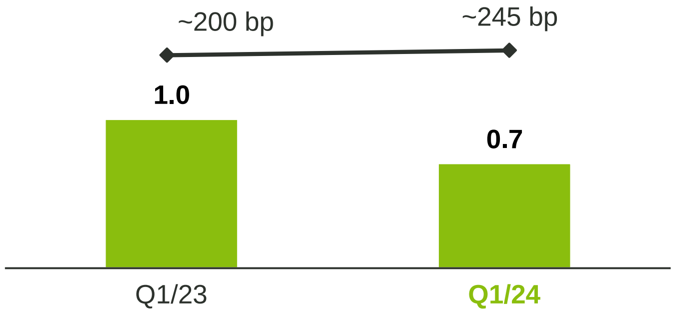
1. 03/23 excl. interim result, 12/23 incl. full-year result, 03/24 incl. interim result

OPERATING & FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

Selective new business at strong margins

REF new business

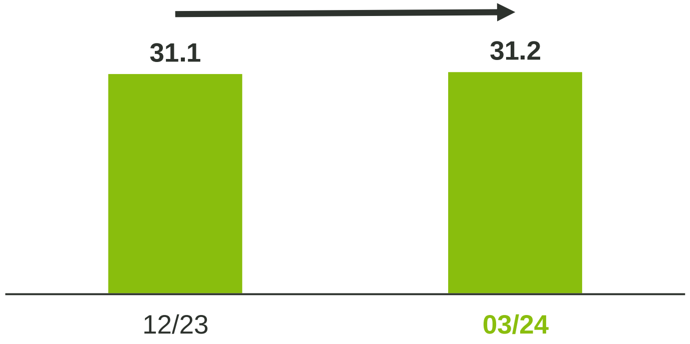
€ bn (commitments, incl. extensions > 1 yr.)



- Selective new business volume with focus on risk/return profile
- Strong uplift of gross interest margin

REF portfolio

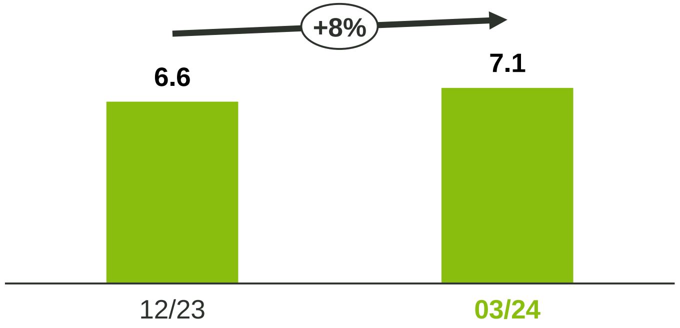
€ bn (financing volume)



- REF portfolio stable
- Improved gross portfolio margin

Funding – retail deposits

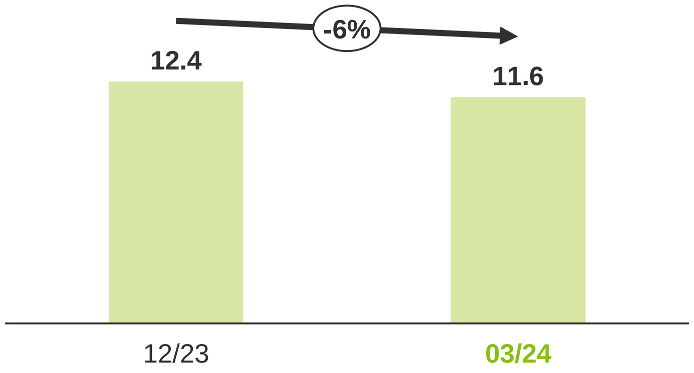
€ bn



- Growth of retail deposits at favourable costs, well ahead of plan
- Strong liquidity position further improved

Non-Core portfolio

€ bn (financing volume)



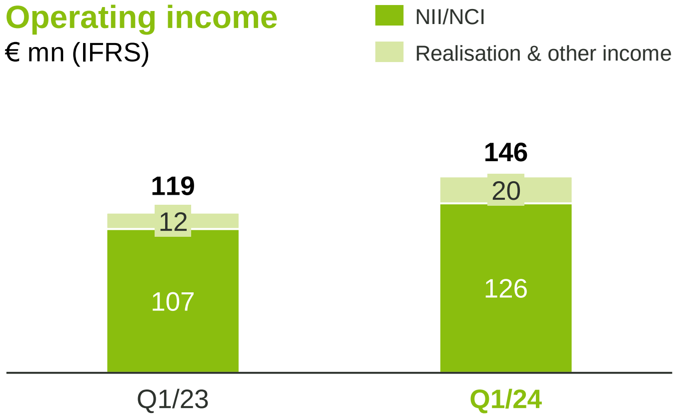
- Optimisation of non-core portfolio ongoing
- Accelerated asset reduction at attractive price levels

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

OPERATING & FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

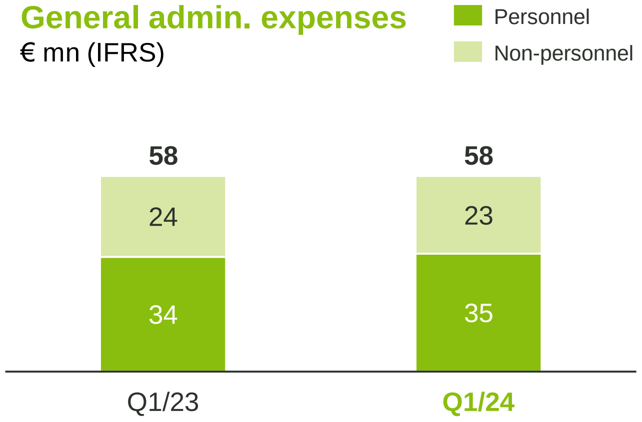
Operating trends intact – risk provisioning on elevated level, as expected

Operating income
€ mn (IFRS)



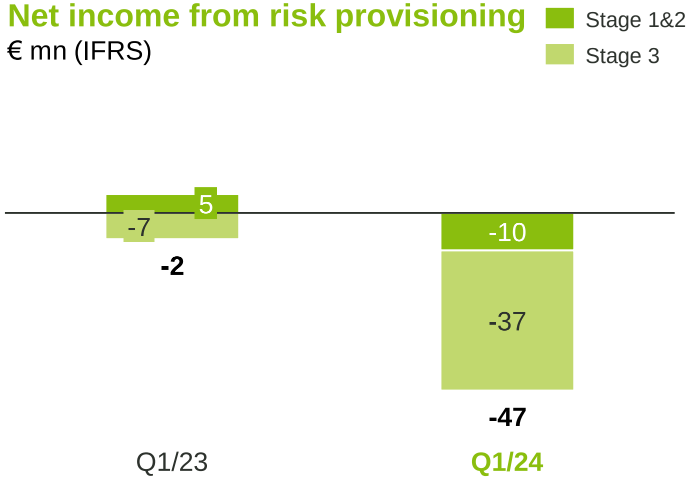
- NII/NCI up y-o-y, benefitting from portfolio growth and improved gross portfolio margin
- Realisation income up

General admin. expenses
€ mn (IFRS)



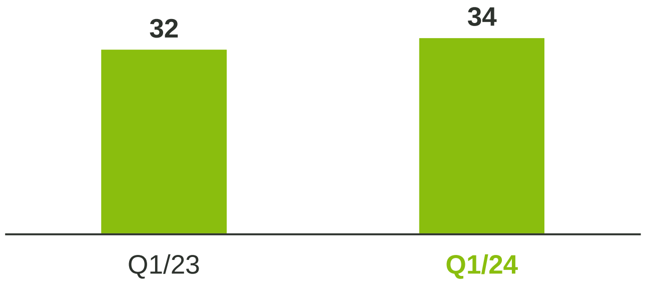
- GAE stable y-o-y
- Inflationary cost pressure successfully mitigated

Net income from risk provisioning
€ mn (IFRS)



- Risk costs at elevated level, as expected
- Still dominated by US loans and German developments

Pre-tax profit
€ mn (IFRS)



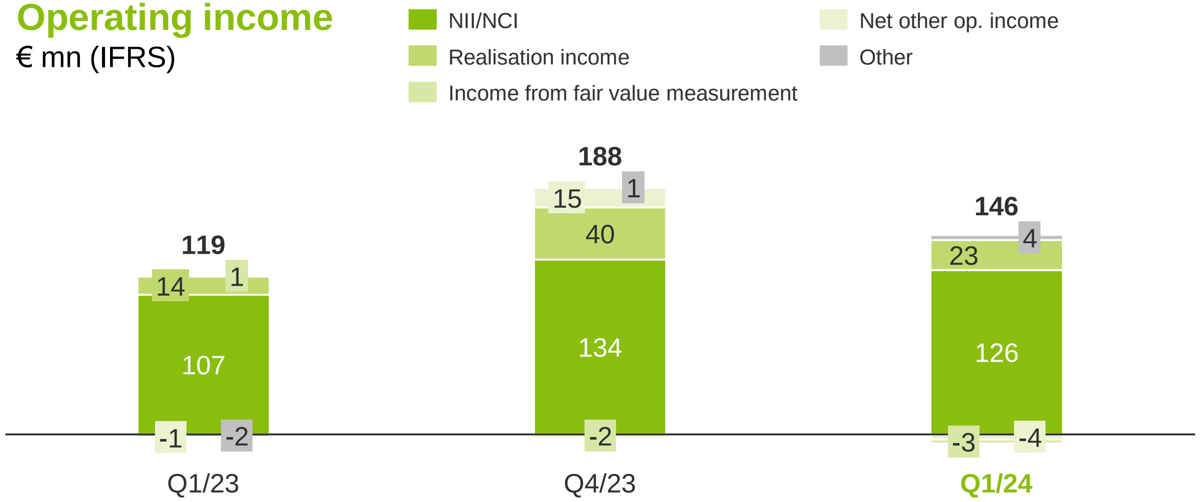
- pbb remains clearly profitable in challenging enviroment
- PBT slightly up y-o-y – in line with expectation and guidance

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

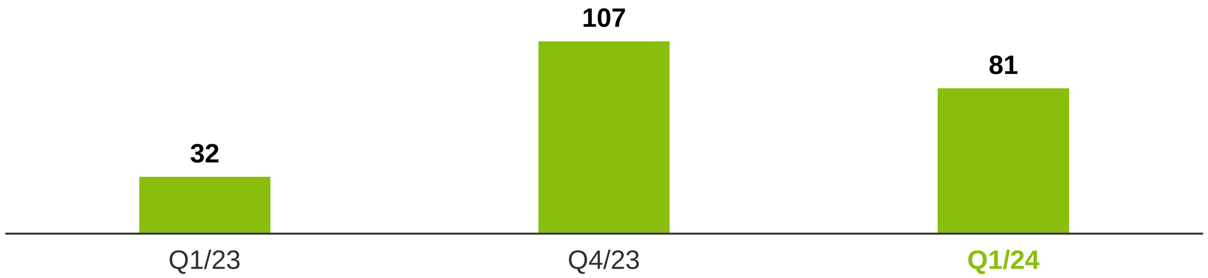
OPERATING INCOME

Pre-provision profit remains strong and well ahead previous year

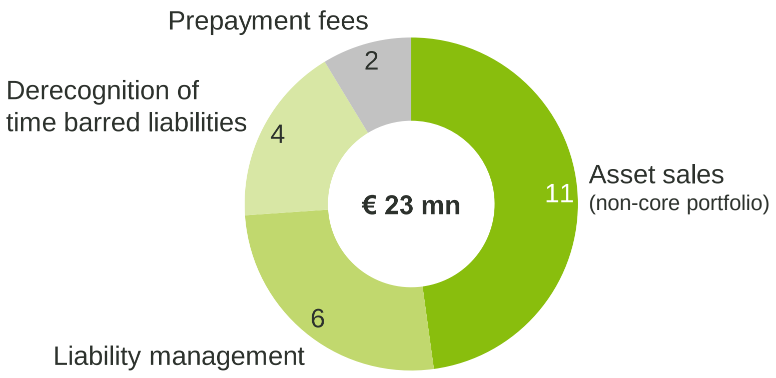
Operating income
€ mn (IFRS)



Pre-provision profit
€ mn (IFRS)



Net income from realisations
Q1/24: € mn (IFRS)



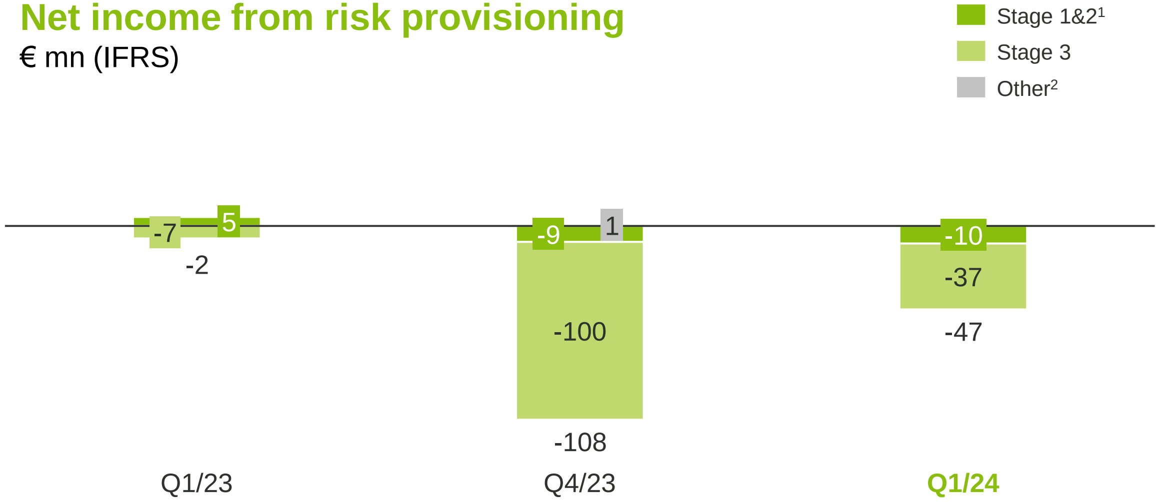
- **Strong operating income**
  - **NII** benefitting from strategic portfolio growth and improved gross margins y-o-y – slightly down q-o-q due to reduction of non-core portfolio and refinancing costs
  - **Net income from realisations** mainly driven by optimisation of non-core portfolio and liability management
- **Pre-provision profit remains strong**, supported by
  - stable **cost base**
  - no expenses for European **bank levy** in Q1/24

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

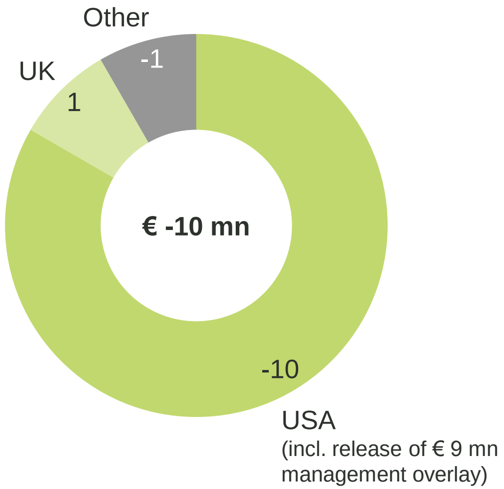
RISK COSTS

Risk provisioning on elevated level, but significantly lower vs. Q4/23, as expected

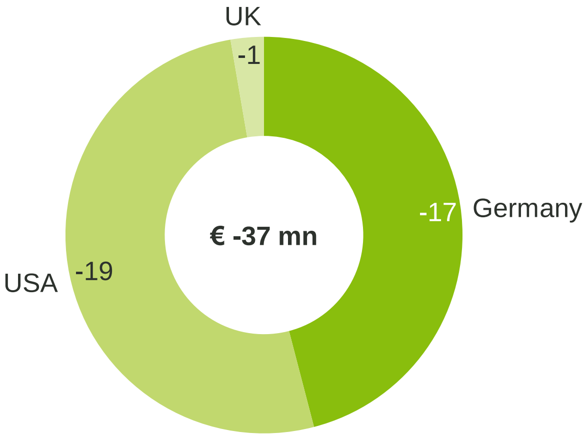
Net income from risk provisioning
€ mn (IFRS)



Stage 1&2



Stage 3



Challenging market environment reflected in credit risk and interest rate changes

- **Stage 1&2:** € -10 mn net additions still dominated by US – credit risk changes (€ -15 mn) and macroeconomic impact from interest rate rises (€ -4 mn) partly compensated by release of management overlay (€ +9 mn)
- **Stage 3:** € -37 mn net additions driven by US office and German development

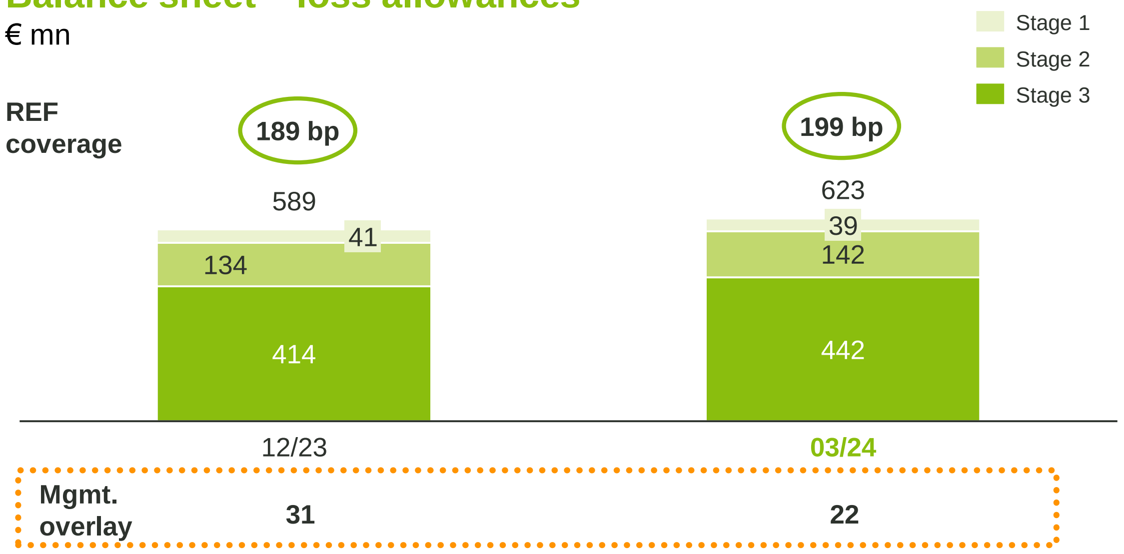
1. Incl. provisions in off balance sheet lending business 2. Recoveries from written-off financial assets

RISK COSTS

REF loan loss allowance coverage further strengthened

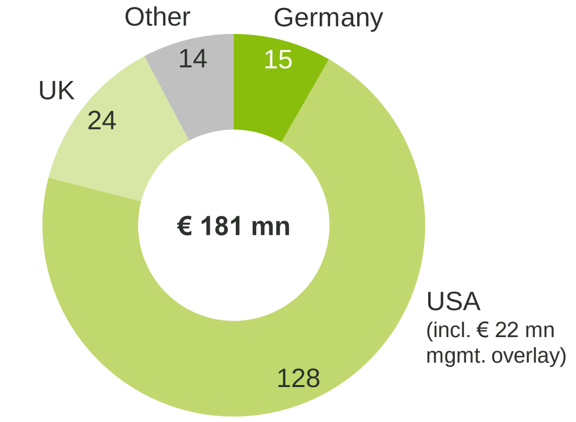
Balance sheet – loss allowances

€ mn

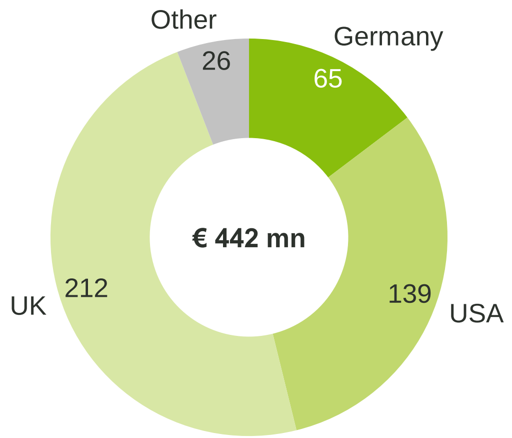


- Further build up of **loss allowances** – increase of **REF coverage** by 10 bp to 199 bp
- **Stage 1&2:** net increase by € 6 mn – additions partly reduced by positive effect from stage 3 transfer
- Release of € 9 mn **management overlay** for US loans
- **Stage 3:** net increase by € 28 mn – additions, FX and interest rate effects partly compensated by write-offs

Stage 1&2



Stage 3



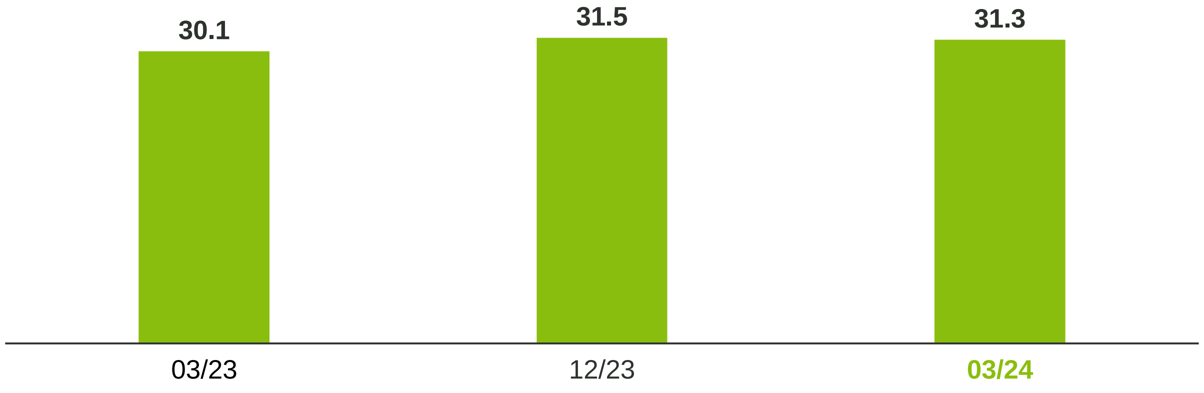
AGENDA

1. Highlights Q1/24 and P&L
2. Portfolio Quality
   - Focus
     – USA
     – Development
     – Germany
3. Funding
4. Capital & Balance Sheet Management
5. Economic Outlook & Summary
6. Appendix

REF PORTFOLIO PERFORMING

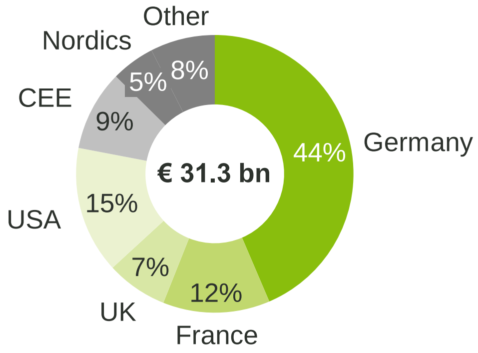
Solid portfolio in still demanding market environment

Performing Portfolio
€ bn (EaD, Basel III)

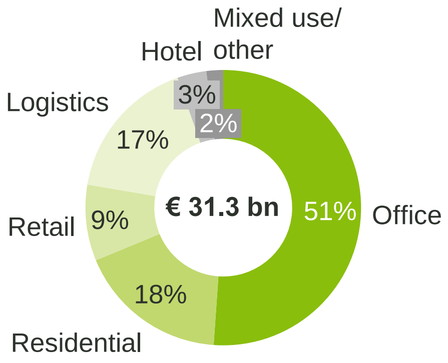


- **Portfolio quality** remains solid – focus on senior lending only
- **100% of the portfolio reviewed/revalued** in last 12 months – avg. value change of -10%[2]
- **Strong senior lending profile** with ~88% of loans collateralised at LTV ≤50%
- **LTV-stress:**
  - **Exposure at risk:** ~1.3% of portfolio[1]
  - **Coverage ratio:** ~47% via existing stage 1&2 LLPs of € 179 mn

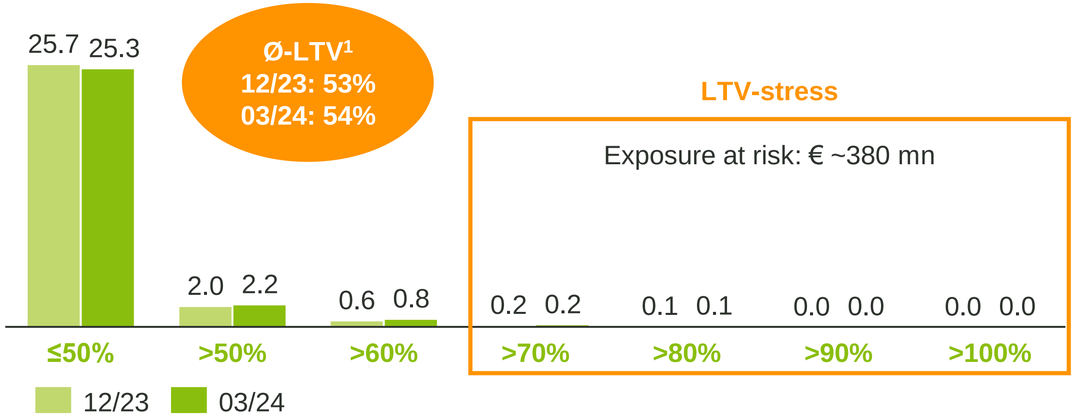
Regions
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)



Property types
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)



Layered LTV – based on performing investment loans only
(€ bn, commitments, Basel III)

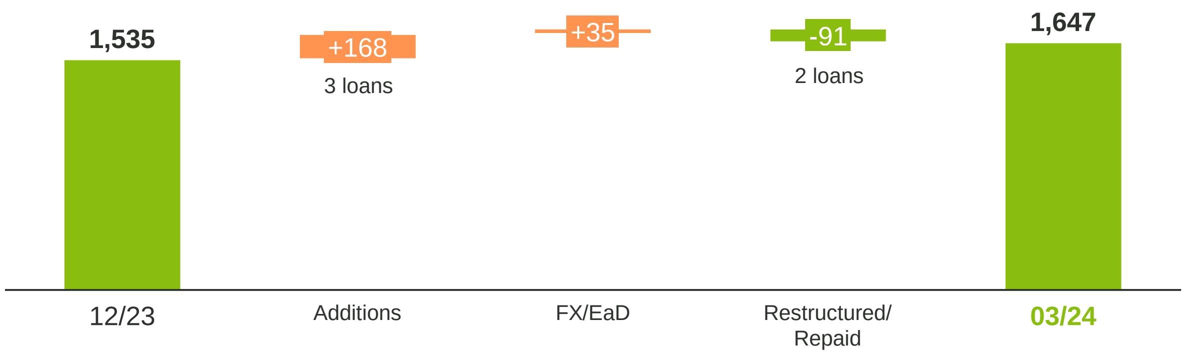


Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. performing investment loans, based on commitments
2. On the part, where a revaluation was necessary

REF PORTFOLIO NPL

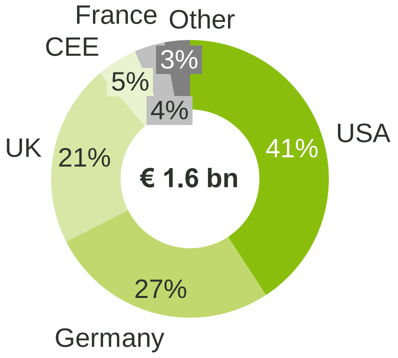
Slowing dynamic in NPL portfolio

NPL Portfolio
€ mn (EaD, Basel III)

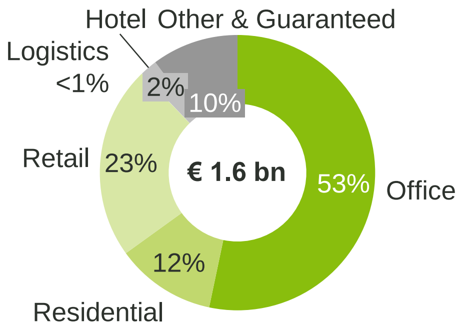


- **Additions** driven by two US office loans and one German development
- Only small increase of **NPL portfolio**, benefitting from active **management of NPL portfolio**
  - 1 loan (€ 46 mn) restructured
  - 1 loan (€ 46 mn) repaid
  - both at internal valuation marks
- **100% of the portfolio reviewed/revalued** in last 12 months – avg. value change of -32%[2]
- **NPE[1] ratio** 3.3%
- **NPL coverage ratio** of ~27% via existing stage 3 LLPs of € 441 mn

Regions
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)



Property types
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)

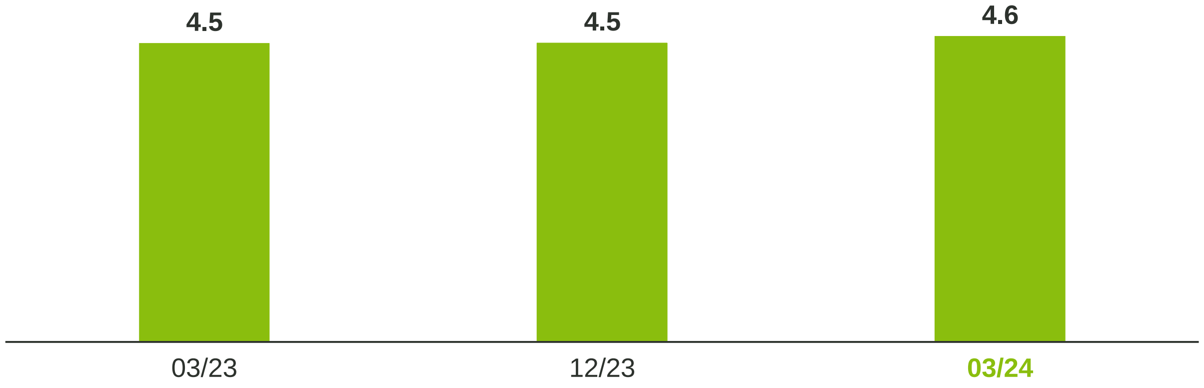


Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. Non-Performing Exposure ratio = Non-performing loans and bonds / total portfolio (EaD); NPL ratio (EBA definition) 03/24: 3.9% (NPL ratio = gross carrying amount of non-performing loans and advances (incl. loans in forbearance cure-period) / total gross carrying amount of loans and advances) 2 On the portfolio part, where a revaluation was necessary

FOCUS: USA PERFORMING

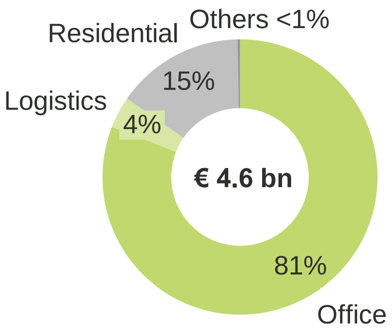
Continued pressure on valuations

Performing Portfolio
€ bn (EaD, Basel III)

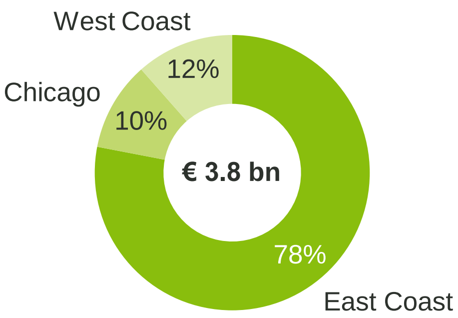


- Full focus on **risk mitigation** in existing portfolio
- **100% of the portfolio reviewed/revalued** in last 12 months – avg. value change of -17%[2]
- **LTV-stress:**
  - **Exposure at risk:** ~4.7% of portfolio[1]
  - **Coverage ratio:** ~79% via existing stage 1&2 LLPs of € 128 mn

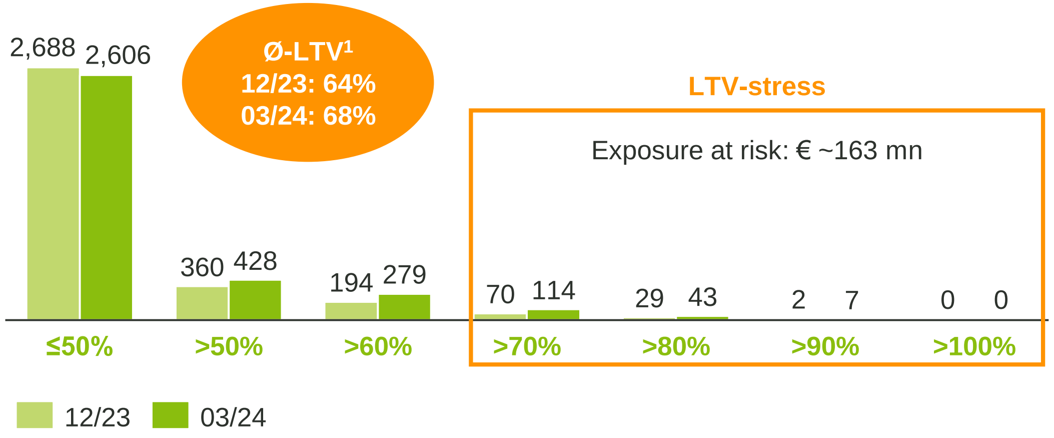
Property types
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



US Office – Regions
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



US Office – Layered LTV – based on performing investment loans only
(€ mn, commitments, Basel III)

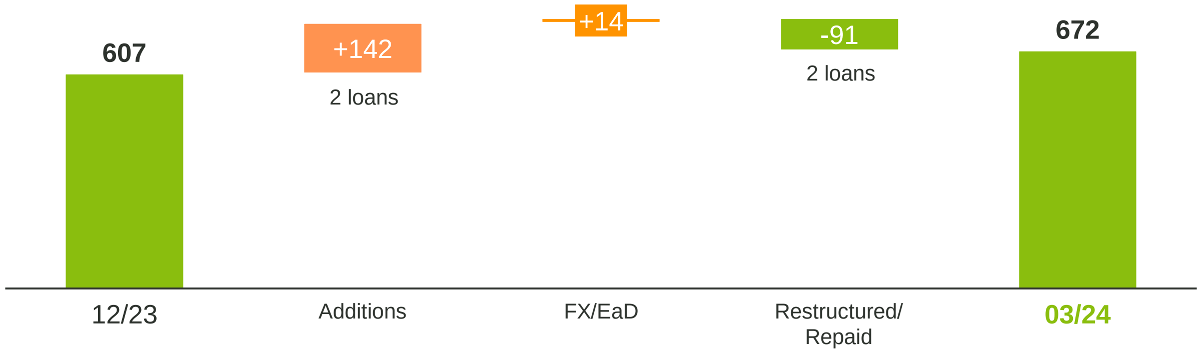


Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. performing investment loans, based on commitments
2. On the portfolio part, where a revaluation was necessary

FOCUS: USA NPL

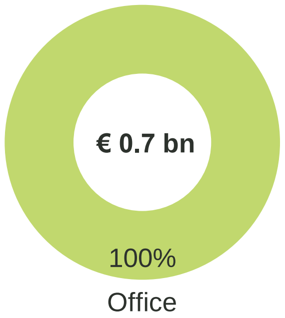
Successful workout and restructuring limited NPL increase to € ~50 mn (before FX effects)

Non-Performing Portfolio
€ mn (EaD, Basel III)

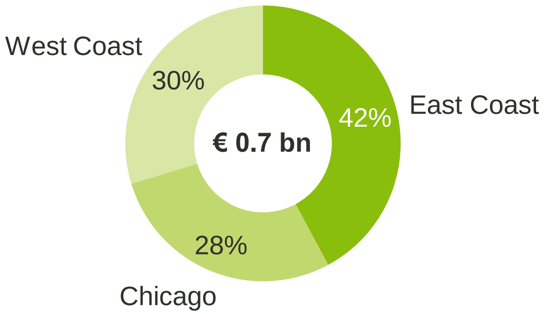


- Additions (office) mitigated by active **NPL management**
  - 1 loan (€ 46 mn) restructured
  - 1 loan (€ 46 mn) repaid
  - both at internal valuation marks
- **100% of the portfolio reviewed/revalued** in last 12 months – avg. value change of -35%[2]
- **US NPE[1] ratio** 13%
- **NPL coverage ratio** of ~21% via existing stage 3 LLPs of € 139 mn

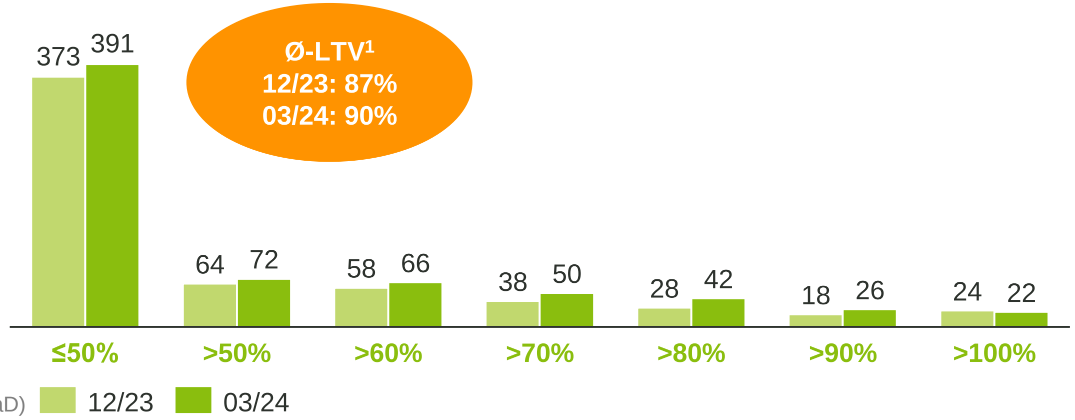
Property types
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



Office – Regions
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



Layered LTV – based on investment loans only
(€ mn, commitments, Basel III)

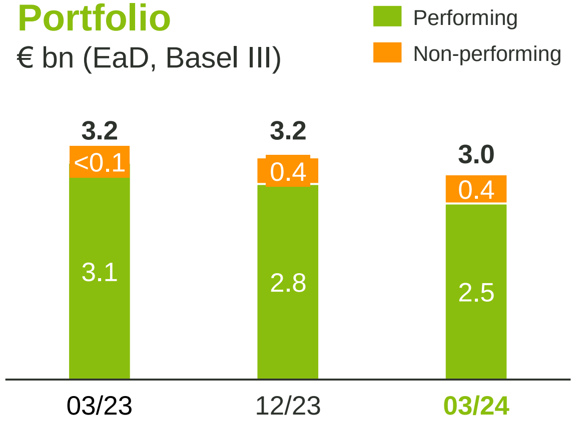


Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. Non-Performing Exposure ratio = Non-performing loans and bonds / total US portfolio (EaD)
2. On the portfolio part, where a revaluation was necessary

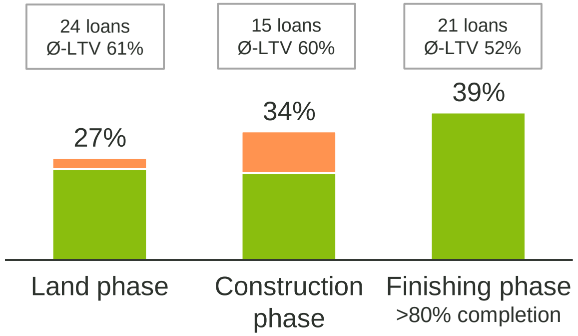
FOCUS: DEVELOPMENT PORTFOLIO

Development portfolio further reduced

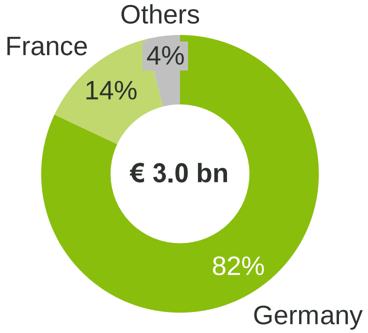
Portfolio
€ bn (EaD, Basel III)



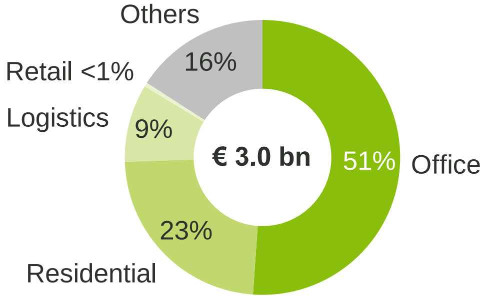
Phase
31/03/2024 (commitments, Basel III)



Regions
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)



Property types
31/03/2024 (EaD, Basel III)



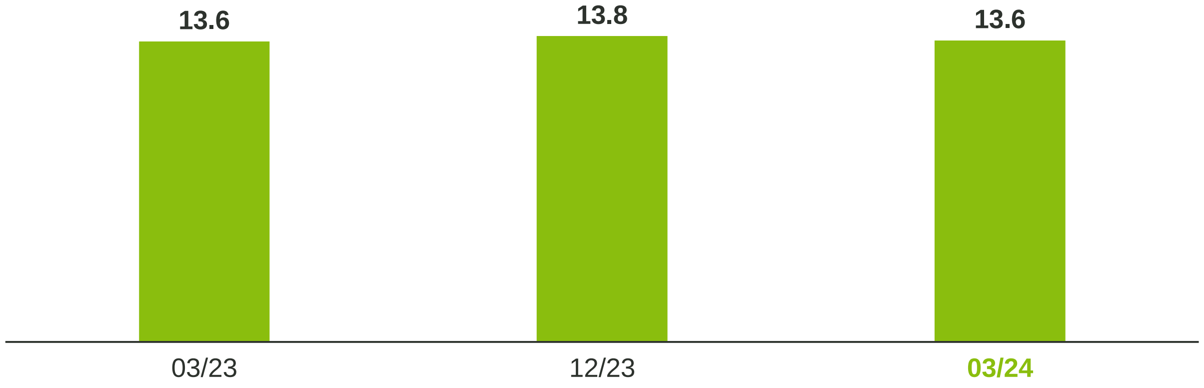
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

- **Portfolio** reduced by € 0.2 bn in Q1/24 – significantly **reduced** since 2019 (12/19: € 4.7 bn, 03/24: € 3.0 bn)
- **Senior lending** only
  - No exposure in unsecured/subordinated instruments
  - Cooperation only with selective and well **experienced large developers** – 40 developers for 60 projects
  - Focus on **office, residential and logistics** in major urban locations (very good locations) in Germany (only big 7) and Europe
- 2/3 in **land and finishing phase**
  - Therefore, no or only little immediate construction risk
  - ~75% of loans in construction and finishing phase **already finished or to be finished in 2024**
  - Risk management **focus on loans in construction phase**
- **Development NPLs** of € 418 mn with coverage ratio of ~15% via existing stage 3 LLPs of € 64 mn – 2024: 1 new case (€ 26 mn, land phase, no LLP)
  - Only German loans
  - Very good inner city locations
  - 5 cases in land phase, no LLPs
  - 2 cases in construction phase (1 residential/1 retail)

FOCUS: GERMANY PERFORMING

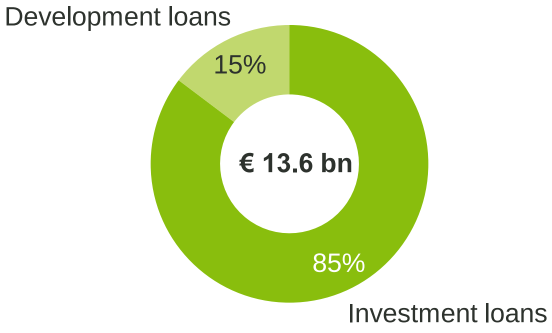
High portfolio quality – well diversified, senior lending portfolio with ~90% of loans collateralised at LTV ≤50%

Performing Portfolio
€ bn (EaD, Basel III)

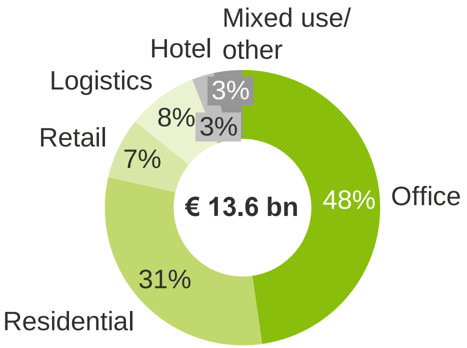


- **German CRE portfolio** well diversified by region and property type with focus on big 5 cities – Hamburg, Berlin, Dusseldorf, Frankfurt/Main and Munich
- 100% of the portfolio **reviewed/revalued** in last 12 months – avg. value change of -11%[2]
- **LTV-stress:**
  - **Exposure at risk:** ~1.4% of portfolio[1]
  - **Coverage ratio:** ~9% via existing stage 1&2 LLPs of € 15 mn
- **German NPLs** limited to development loans (see previous page)

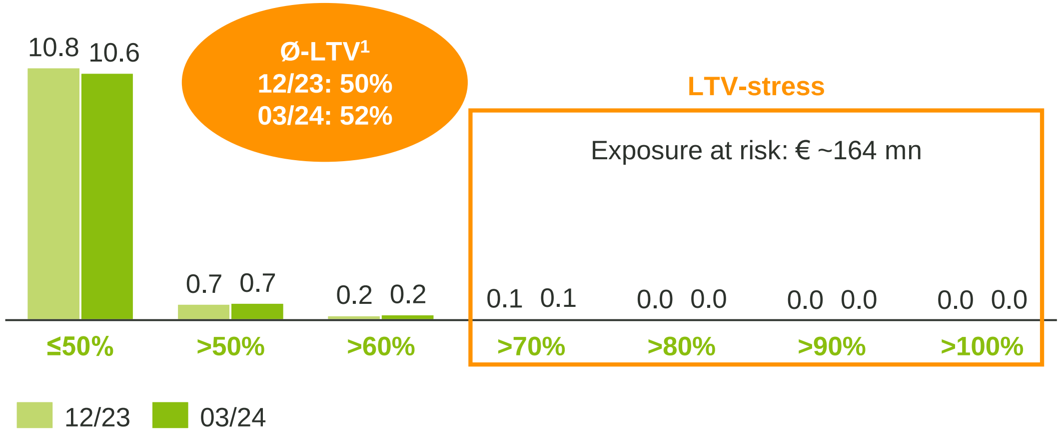
Product Class
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



Property types
31/03/2024: (EaD, Basel III)



Layered LTV – based on performing investment loans only
(€ bn, commitments, Basel III)



Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding
1. performing investment loans, based on commitments 2. On the portfolio part, where a revaluation was necessary

AGENDA

1. Highlights Q1/24 and P&L
2. Portfolio Quality
   - Focus
     – USA
     – Development
     – Germany
3. Funding
4. Capital & Balance Sheet Management
5. Economic Outlook & Summary
6. Appendix

FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

Strong liquidity position further improved

Capital market funding needs for 2024 largely covered

- Further growth of **Retail deposits**
  - Strong reaction function on basis of broadened cooperations (ytd-growth € 1.5 bn)
  - Current volume of € 8.1 bn (04/24) well exceeds needs
- No need to issue **Senior Unsecured benchmark** in 2024
- **Secured** funding markets open at manageable cost – € 0.9 bn Pfandbriefe issued year-to-date; limited funding plans for remainder of 2024

Strong liquidity position further improved

- **€ >6 bn liquidity position** further increased – sufficient liquidity far beyond internal stress horizon (i.e. six times the regulatory requirements)
- Strong regulatory ratios with both **LCR and NSFR** significantly above minimum requirements of 100%

LCR

>200%
(04/24)

NSFR

109%
(03/24)[1]

Retail deposits

€ 8.1 bn
(04/24)

Liquidity

€ >6 bn
(04/24)

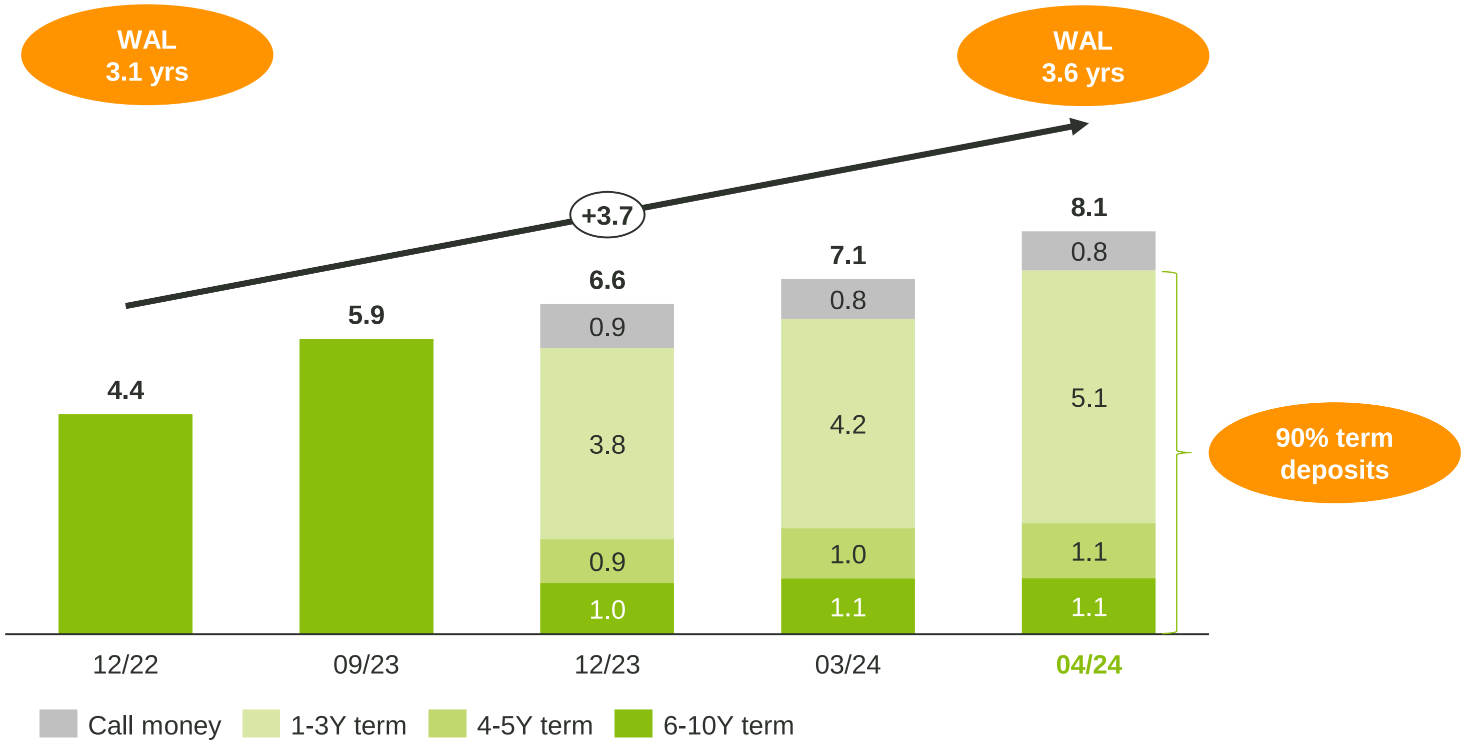
1. Preliminary

RETAIL DEPOSITS

Retail deposit growth exceeds expectations and needs

Retail Deposits – development & maturity profile[1]

€ bn



pbb direkt[3]	12/22	12/23	03/24	04/24
Number of Clients	~60,000	~91,900	~99,000	~107,000
Avg. deposit amount per client (€)	~68,000	~64,000	~61,000	~61,000

- **Strong growth** to € 8.1 bn – expected to be lower by year-end in line with further active balance sheet management
  - **Elastic source of funding** – strong elasticity to changes in customer interest rates
  - Increased inflow from **Co-operations** (CHECK 24, Raisin/Weltsparen) – total platform deposits € 1.5 bn, 100% term
  - **Call money only ~10% / € 0.8 bn** well covered by liquidity reserves
  - **Long-term, granular and deposit insured**
    - 90% term deposits, WAL further increased to 3.6 yrs
    - € 61,000 average deposit (pbb direkt)
    - nearly 100% insured[2]
- **Cost efficient** – remain attractive source of senior preferred funding

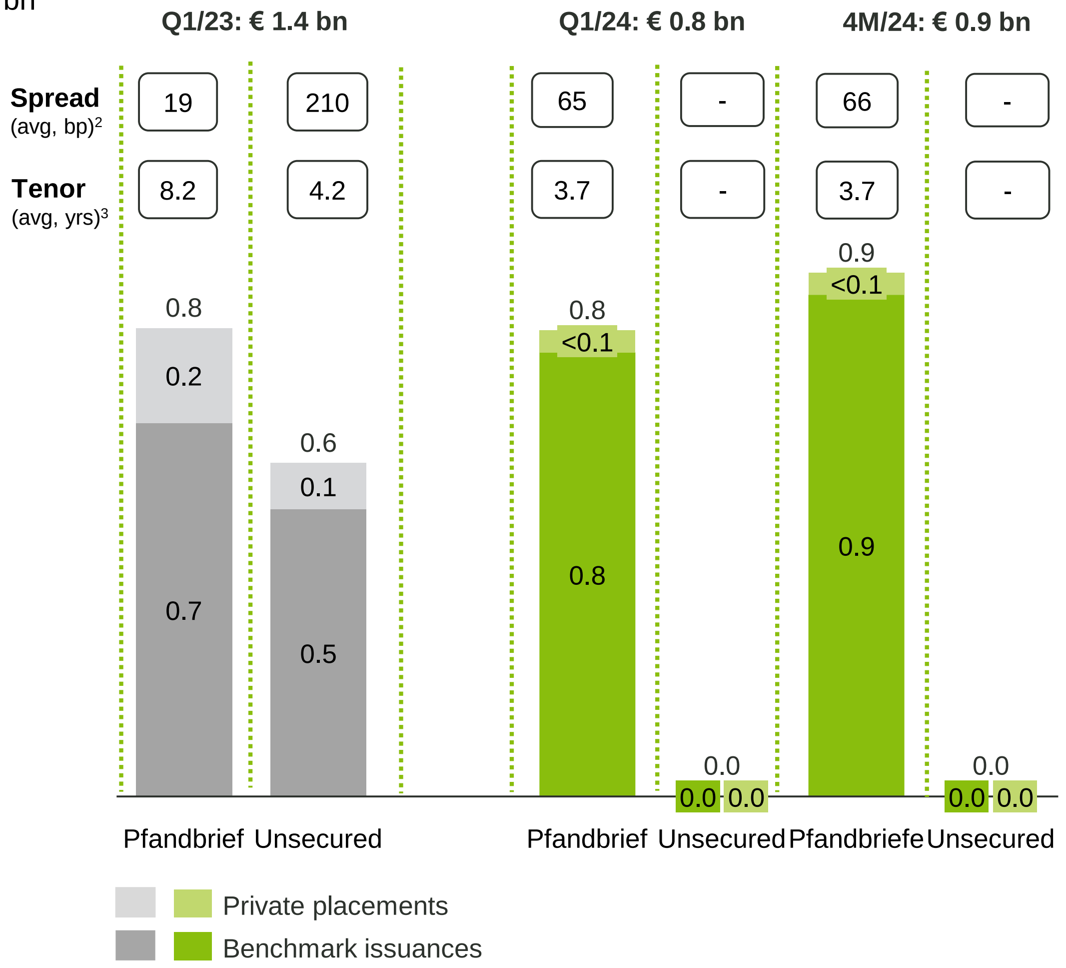
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding
1. Initial weighted average life of term deposits 3.6 years, remaining average time to maturity 2.5 years 2. Statutory deposit protection scheme in combination with the voluntary protection scheme of German Banks 3. Only pbb direkt clients without co-operations

FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

Capital Market funding focused on Pfandbrief

New long-term funding[1]

€ bn

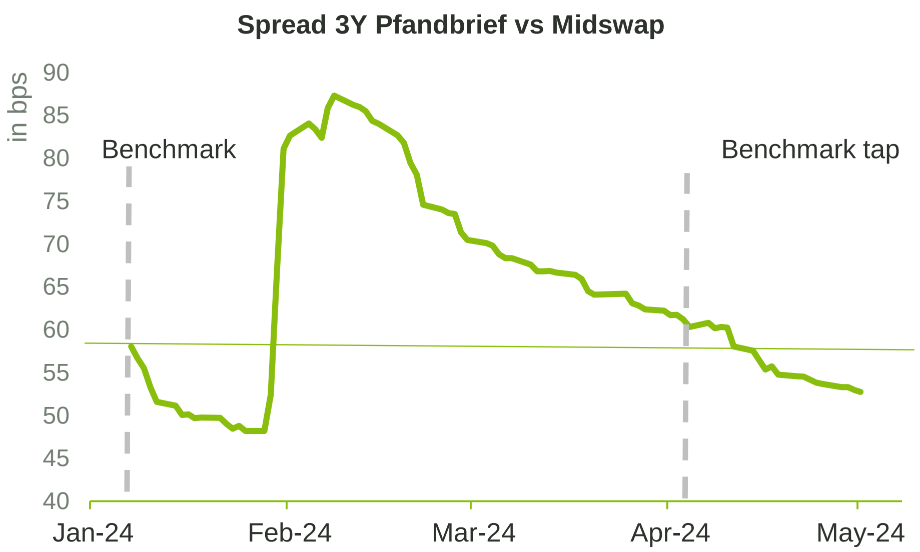


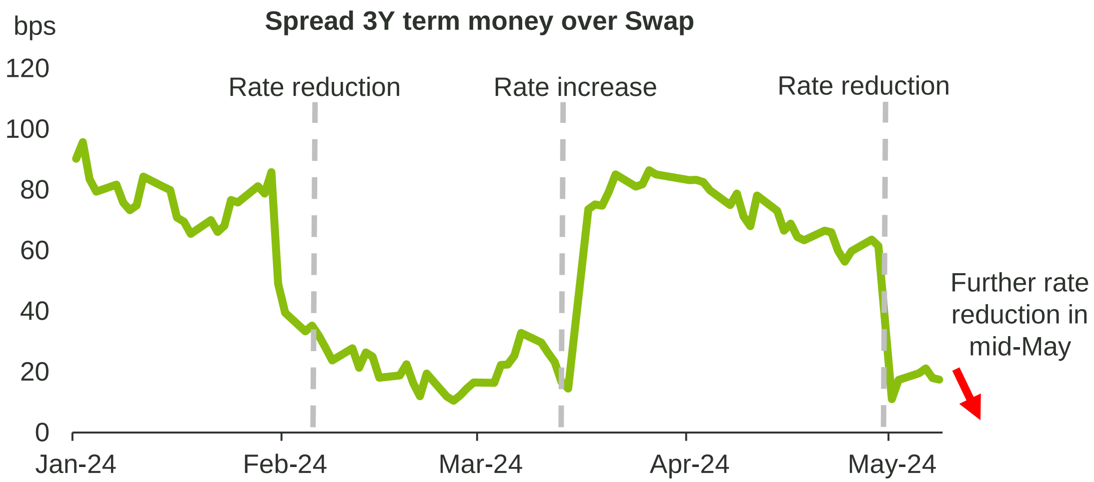
- **Secured capital market funding** largely covered for 2024
  - Secured funding is ahead of plan
  - Markets open for public issues and private placements – € 100 mn tap in April (of Mortgage Pfandbrief successfully issued in January) at almost unchanged conditions
  - Limited funding plans for 2024 given pre-funding, limited balance sheet needs and broad toolbox for collateralised funding
  - 7 Pfandbrief Benchmarks in 2023 and 2024 year-to-date (4 EUR Benchmarks, 1 USD Benchmark, 1 GBP and 1 SEK) with average duration of 3 years matching pbb`s asset duration
- **Unsecured wholesale** largely replaced by stable and competitive retail deposits
  - One Senior Unsecured benchmark in early 2023
  - No Senior Unsecured benchmark needed in 2024

1. Excl. retail deposit business and "own-use" Pfandbriefe 2. vs. 3M Euribor 3. Initial weighted average maturity Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

Funding costs at manageable levels





Source: Bloomberg, pbb

Pfandbrief

- Successful 3Y **Pfandbrief benchmark** issued at +58 bp end of January 2024
- **Spreads are back to previous levels, (9th May) at +53 bp**
- **Benchmark** has been tapped by € 100 mn on April 9th at +60 bp bringing secondary spreads close to pre-volatility levels

Retail deposits

- **Interest rate changes** in order to reflect changes in swap rates
  - 2 **interest rate reductions** in 01/24 and 02/24 by ~50 bps each (for term deposits ≥ 2Y)
  - **Interest rate increase** in 03/24 by ~50 bps (for term deposits ≥ 2Y) with strong inflow
  - **Further rate reduction** in 05/24 by a total of ~ **100 bps** in two steps for all term deposits and call money

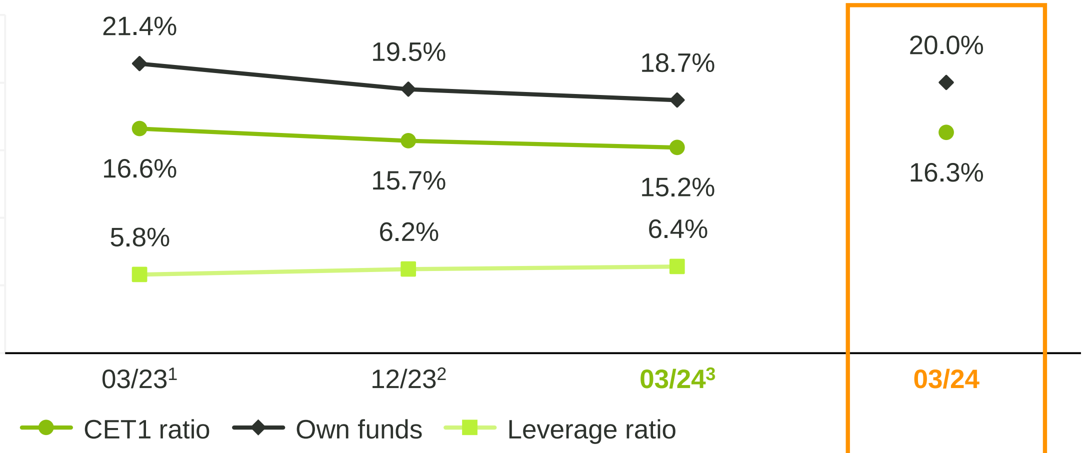
AGENDA

CAPITAL

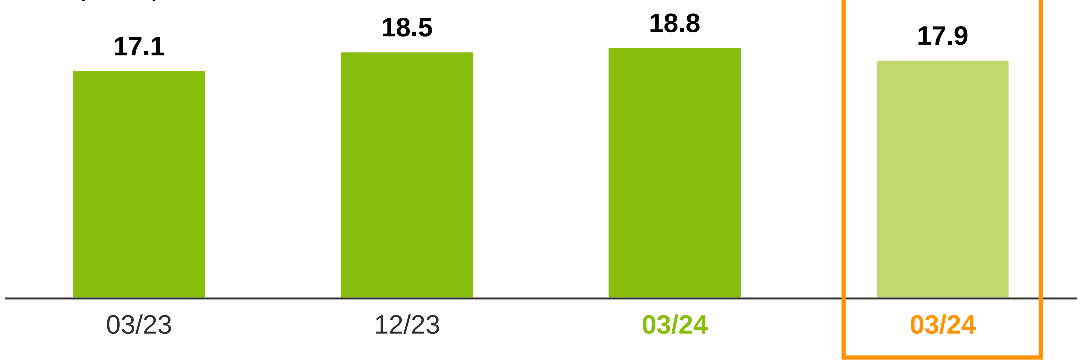
pbb well capitalised

Basel III: Capital and leverage ratios
(IFRS)

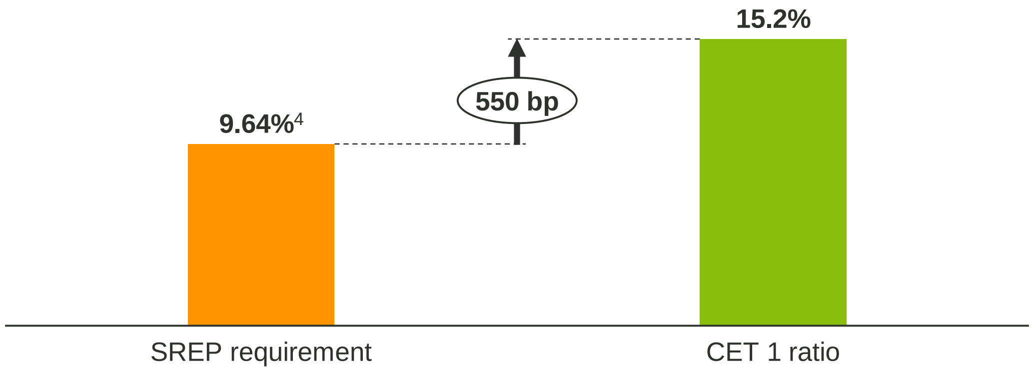
Pro-forma B4 F-IRBA



RWA
€ bn (IFRS)



- **15.2% CET 1 ratio** including interim result – slightly increased **RWA** reflect internal rating developments and new business
- Strong **MDA buffer of 550 bp (€ 1 bn)** over regulatory requirements
- **Pro-forma B4 F-IRBA CET1 ratio at 16.3%**



1. Excl. interim result, post dividend 2022 2. Incl. full-year result 3. Incl. interim result 4. SREP requirement: 4.5% P1R + 1.69% P2R + 2.5% Capital Conservation Buffer + 0.95% anticipated additional buffer (CCyB + SyRB)
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

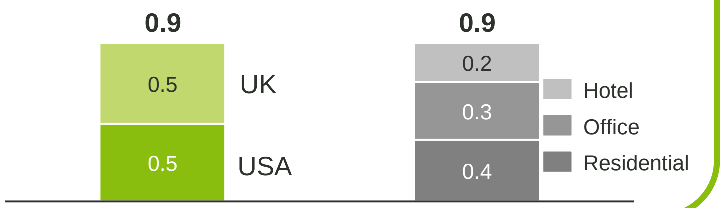
BALANCE SHEET MANAGEMENT

Pro-active management of pbb's balance sheet

Active REF Portfolio Management

- Portfolio transaction in Q2/24 – sale of € 0.9 bn performing loan portfolio to be signed shortly, RWA relief of € 0.7 bn
- Transaction targets to improve REF portfolio RoE and to support capital trajectory
- Further sales of performing/non-performing loans in consideration

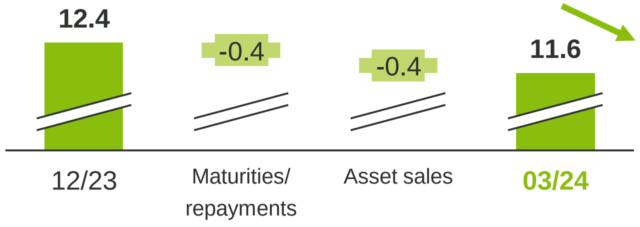
Portfolio transaction
(€ bn, financing volume)



Management of Non-Core Portfolio

- Non-strategic portfolio in run-down – acceleration through sale of assets
- € 0.4 bn asset sales in Q1/24 – mainly public sector bonds from Austria and Japan
- Further sales planned for 2024

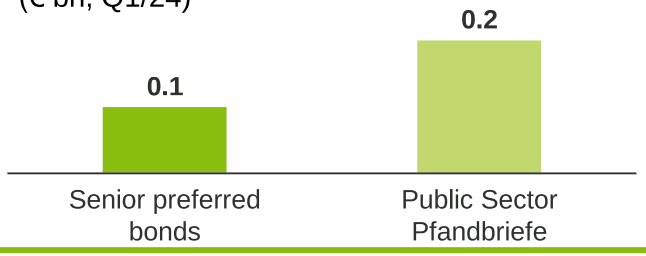
Non-core Portfolio
(€ bn, financing volume)



Liability Management

- Pro-active liability management aims to optimise asset/liability profile
- Buybacks common instrument of pbb's tool box
- € 0.3 bn buybacks in Q1/24 – already ~50% vs. FY2023

Liability buybacks
(€ bn, Q1/24)



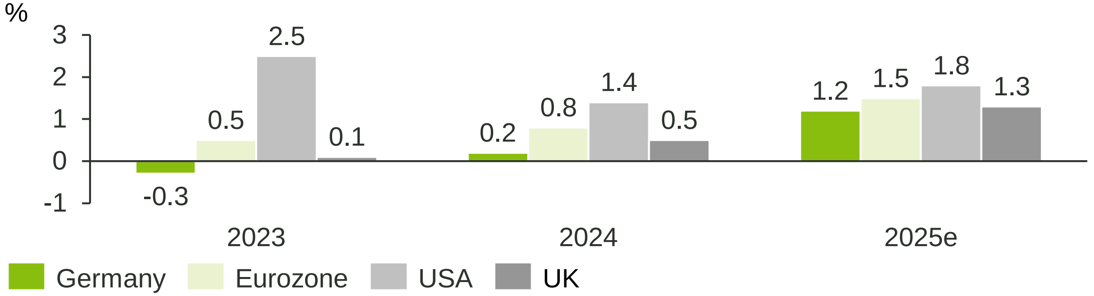
AGENDA

1. Highlights Q1/24 and P&L
2. Portfolio Quality
   - Focus
     – USA
     – Development
     – Germany
3. Funding
4. Capital & Balance Sheet Management
5. Economic Outlook & Summary
6. Appendix

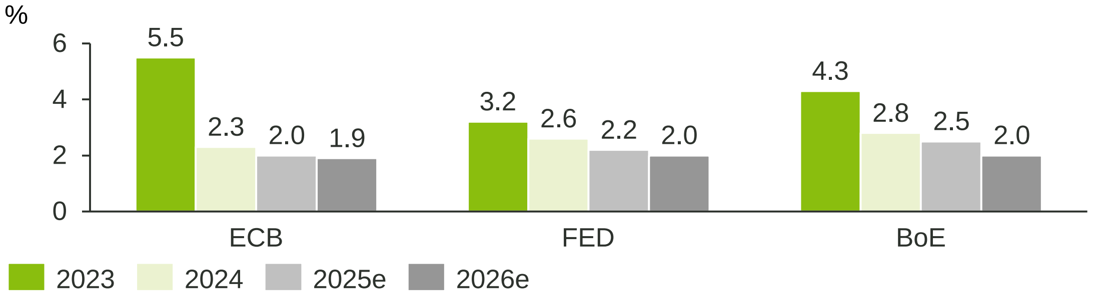
ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Base case: modest economic growth outlook

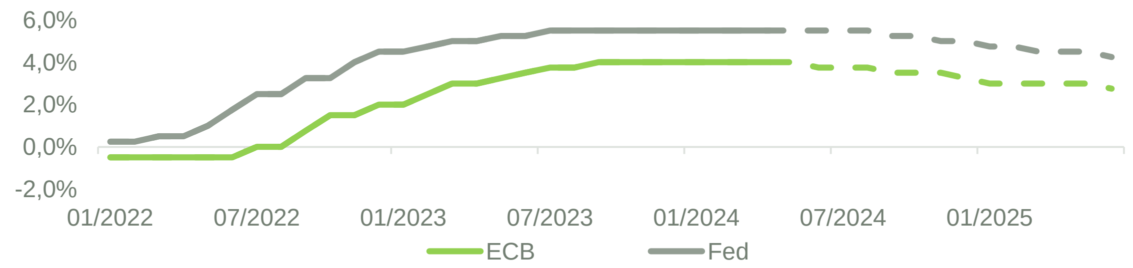
GDP growth picks up moderately in Europe



Inflation on track to return to 2% target by 2026



ECB will be cutting rates soon while the Fed remains patient



- In 2024 and 2025, pbb expects **GDP growth** in **Continental Europe** by ~0.8% and ~1.5%, while the UK is expected to grow again by ~0.5% this year, and ~1.3% in 2025. **US** GDP is expected to expand solidly over the next two years.
- **Inflation** developments are key for this year's outlook. Market consensus and pbb expect that the **ECB will begin lowering interest rates in mid-2024** while amid inflation on track to return to the 2% target while the **Fed is likely to move only** once it has gained **enough confidence that the prior inflation downward trend resumes**.
- This interest rate development in Europe and the US is expected to **stabilise the real estate market**.
- **The second quarter 2024 should remain challenging**. pbb expects to see **some further valuation corrections for US office properties**, but lower than 2023.
- Due to the different market structures, pbb **does not expect** the **same extent of distortions** in Europe as in the US.
- In Europe , the "**flight to quality" trend is expected to remain intact** but encounters lower vacancy rates than in the US.
- In Europe, office space **demand for prime properties in core inner-city locations is expected to continue to be strong**, especially when ESG standards are high.

GUIDANCE 2024

Solid operating income strength; PBT expected significantly above 2023 level

REF Portfolio	**New business** (incl. extensions > 1 year)	€ 6-7 bn
	Financing volume	€ 30-31 bn
P&L	**Operating Income**	€ 525-550 mn
	thereof: NII + NCI	€ 475-500 mn
	LLPs	<< 2023
	CIR	~50%
Profitability	**Pre-tax profit**	>> 2023
	RoE/RoCET1 after taxes	>> 2023
Capitalisation	**CET 1 ratio**	≥ 14%

SUMMARY

Solid start into 2024

- **PBT** in line with guidance
- **Risk provisioning** in Q1/24 remains elevated as expected, but lower than Q4/23
- Slowing dynamic in **NPL portfolio** supported by active management
- **Strategic active balance sheet management** started with focus on
  - REF portfolio – performing/non-performing
  - non-core portfolio – accelerated run-down
  - liability management

AGENDA

PBB‘s LEADERSHIP TEAM

Extensive experience

Kay Wolf

Chief Executive Officer

- Member of the Management Board since February 2024
- **More than 25 years of experience in the financial industry and more than 20 years in Credit Risk Management, incl. CRE**
  - Chief Risk Officer Private Bank at Deutsche Bank AG
  - Chief Risk Officer Deutsche Postbank AG

Marcus Schulte

Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

- CFO since December 2023, Member of the Management Board and Treasurer since 2019
- **More than 25 years of experience in the financial industry**
  - Head of European FIG, Debt Capital Markets at Credit Suisse, London
  - Head of Capital Markets & Financing, FI Germany/ Austria at Bank of America Merrill Lynch, London/ Frankfurt

Thomas Köntgen

Deputy-CEO & Real Estate Finance

- Deputy-CEO since October 2016 (2014-2015 Co-CEO)
- **More than 30 years of experience in the Real Estate industry and more than 25 years in the financial industry**
  - 12 years with Hypotheken-bank Frankfurt (former Eurohypo)
    - 2 years as CEO
    - Nearly 6 years Member of the Management Board
    - Divisional Board Member of Commerzbank Group

Andreas Schenk

Chief Risk Officer

- CRO of pbb since March 2014
- **More than 25 years with pbb and predecessor institutions, more than 10 years of experience in CRE Credit Risk Management** – former positions:
  - Chief Credit Officer
  - Head of Treasury

Dr. Pamela Hoerr

pbb invest, HR & ESG

- Member of the Management Board since January 2024
- **More than 25 years experience in the Real Estate industry and nearly 20 years in asset management**
  - Member of the Management Board at Real I.S., Munich
  - Member of the Management Board at Patrizia Real Estate IM S.à.r.l., Luxemburg

APPENDIX

KEY FIGURES

pbb Group

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	Q3/23	Q4/23	2023	Q1/24
Net interest income	494	122	120	116	131	489	106	110	132	134	482	125
Net fee and commission income	8	2	1	1	4	8	1	1	1	0	3	1
Net income from fair value measurement	10	9	5	7	-1	20	1	-1	2	-2	0	-3
Net income from realisations	81	5	5	0	5	15	14	28	3	40	85	23
Net income from hedge accounting	-	1	-2	8	-7	0	-2	-1	3	1	1	4
Net other operating income	-2	10	-6	-4	-1	-1	-1	3	15	15	32	-4
Operating Income	**591**	**149**	**123**	**128**	**131**	**531**	**119**	**140**	**156**	**188**	**603**	**146**
Net income from risk provisioning	-81	-18	-1	-19	-6	-44	-2	-19	-83	-108	-212	-47
General and administrative expenses	-219	-53	-53	-51	-67	-224	-58	-65	-57	-69	-249	-58
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-29	-31	0	-1	0	-32	-22	-2	0	-1	-25	-2
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-20	-5	-4	-5	-4	-18	-5	-5	-6	-11	-27	-5
Pre-tax profit	**242**	**42**	**65**	**52**	**54**	**213**	**32**	**49**	**10**	**-1**	**90**	**34**
Income taxes	-14	-6	-10	-8	-2	-26	-5	-7	-2	15	1	-5
Net income	**228**	**36**	**55**	**44**	**52**	**187**	**27**	**42**	**8**	**14**	**91**	**29**
EpS[1]	**1.58**	**0.24**	**0.38**	**0.29**	**0.36**	**1.27**	**0.17**	**0.27**	**0.01**	**0.23**	**0.68**	**0.17**

Key ratios (%)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	Q3/23	Q4/23	2023	Q1/24
CIR[2]	40.4	38.9	46.3	43.8	54.2	45.6	52.9	50.0	40.4	42.6	45.8	43.2
RoE before tax	7.5	4.8	7.9	6.1	6.3	6.3	3.3	5.5	0.5	-0.9	2.1	3.6
RoE after tax	7.0	4.1	6.7	5.1	6.0	5.5	2.7	4.6	0.3	1.1	2.2	2.9
RoCET1 after tax	n/a	4.5	7.3	5.6	6.7	6.0	3.0	5.2	0.3	1.2	2.4	3.2

Balance sheet (€ bn)	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23	09/23	12/23	03/24
Total assets	58.4	56.3	55.1	55.9	53.0	53.7	49.8	48.2	50.9	48.9
Equity	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4
Financing volume	43.7	43.8	43.3	44.3	43.7	43.5	43.3	43.4	43.5	42.8

Regulatory capital ratios[3]	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23	09/23	12/23	03/24
RWA (€ bn)	16.8	16.7	16.5	17.3	17.0	17.1	17.3	17.8	18.5	18.8
CET 1 ratio – phase in (%)	17.1[4]	16.9[5]	17.2[6/7]	16.3[6]	16.7[8]	16.6[9]	16.0[6]	15.2[6]	15.7[10]	15.2[6]

Personnel	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23	09/23	12/23	03/24
Employees (FTE)	784	780	777	776	791	800	811	800	806	808

1. After AT1 coupon (2021 & 2022: € -17 mn; Q1/Q2/Q3/Q4 2022 & Q1/23: pro-rata € -4 mn; Q2/23: pro-rata € -5 mn, Q3/Q4/23: pro-rata € -6 mn, 2023: € -23 mn, Q1/24: pro-rata € -6 mn) 2. CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 3. Basel III transition rules 4. Incl. full-year result, post proposed dividend 2021 5. Excl. Interim result, post proposed dividend 2021 6. Excl. Interim result 7. Retrospectively adjusted (previously, AT1 coupon was deducted from CET 1 capital) 8. Incl. full-year result, post proposed dividend 2022 9. Excl. Interim result, post proposed dividend 2022 10. Incl. full-year result
Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23/24 and Q3 2022/23 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

KEY FIGURES

Real Estate Finance (REF)

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23[3]	Q2/23[3]	Q3/23[3]	Q4/23[3]	2023[3]	Q1/24
Net interest income	417	104	103	101	112	420	97	101	118	121	437	116
Net fee and commission income	8	2	1	2	3	8	1	1	2	0	4	1
Net income from fair value measurement	6	6	4	4	0	14	0	-1	2	-1	0	-2
Net income from realisations	81	5	5	1	5	16	4	16	-1	25	44	10
Net income from hedge accounting	0	1	-1	4	-4	0	-1	-1	2	1	1	3
Net other operating income	-1	8	-4	-2	0	2	-1	4	15	10	28	-3
Operating Income	**511**	**126**	**108**	**110**	**116**	**460**	**100**	**120**	**138**	**156**	**514**	**125**
Net income from risk provisioning	-79	-19	-3	-41	-6	-69	-2	-19	-84	-108	-213	-47
General and administrative expenses	-189	-46	-47	-45	-58	-196	-51	-56	-50	-62	-219	-55
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-18	-20	0	0	-1	-21	-15	-1	0	-1	-17	-1
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-17	-4	-4	-4	-4	-16	-4	-5	-5	-10	-24	-5
Pre-tax profit	**208**	**37**	**54**	**20**	**47**	**158**	**28**	**39**	**-1**	**-25**	**41**	**17**

Key ratios (%)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	Q3/23	Q4/23	2023	Q1/24
CIR[1]	40.3	39.7	47.2	44.5	53.4	46.1	55.0	50.8	39.9	46.2	47.3	48.0
RoE before tax	9.9	6.3	9.0	2.9	7.3	6.4	3.1	4.7	-0.9	-4.1	0.7	1.5

Key figures (€ bn)	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23	09/23	12/23	03/24
Equity[2]	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0
RWA	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.9	15.5	15.7	15.9	16.7	17.5	18.0
Financing volume	27.6	28.0	28.4	29.5	29.3	29.4	30.2	30.5	31.1	31.2

1. CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 2. 2021/22: equity allocated according to going concern view, 2023/24: equity allocated according to RWA 3. Adjusted according to IFRS 8.29
Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23/24 and Q3 2022/23 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

KEY FIGURES

Non-Core (PIF & VP)

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23[3]	Q2/23[3]	Q3/23[3]	Q4/23[3]	2023[3]	Q1/24
Net interest income	75	17	17	15	18	67	9	9	14	13	45	9
Net fee and commission income	0	0	0	-1	1	0	0	0	-1	0	-1	0
Net income from fair value measurement	4	3	1	3	-1	6	1	0	0	-1	0	-1
Net income from realisations	0	0	0	-1	0	-1	10	12	4	15	41	13
Net income from hedge accounting	0	0	-1	4	-3	0	-1	0	1	0	0	1
Net other operating income	-1	2	-2	-2	-1	-3	0	-1	0	5	4	-1
Operating Income	**78**	**22**	**15**	**18**	**14**	**69**	**19**	**20**	**18**	**32**	**89**	**21**
Net income from risk provisioning	-2	1	2	22	0	25	0	0	1	0	1	0
General and administrative expenses	-30	-7	-6	-6	-9	-28	-7	-9	-7	-7	-30	-3
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-11	-11	0	-1	1	-11	-7	-1	0	0	-8	-1
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-3	-1	0	-1	0	-2	-1	0	-1	-1	-3	0
Pre-tax profit	**32**	**4**	**11**	**32**	**6**	**53**	**4**	**10**	**11**	**24**	**49**	**17**

Key ratios (%)		Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	Q3/23	Q4/23	2023	Q1/24
CIR[1]	44.0	36.4	40.0	38.9	64.3	43.5	42.1	45.0	44.4	25.0	37.1	14.3
RoE before tax	n/a	2.2	8.5	28.1	5.3	10.5	10.0	28.5	37.8	91.1	38.6	72.5

Key figures (€ bn)		03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23	09/23	12/23	03/24
Equity[2]	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
RWA	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5
Financing volume	16.1	15.8	14.9	14.8	14.4	14.1	13.1	12.9	12.4	11.6

1. CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 2. 2021/22: equity allocated according to going concern view, 2023/24: equity allocated according to RWA 3. Adjusted according to IFRS 8.29
Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23/24 and Q3 2022/23 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

BALANCE SHEET

Balance sheet

IFRS, € bn

Assets	31/03/24	31/12/23
Financial assets at fair value through P&L	**1.0**	**0.9**
thereof		
Positive fair values of stand-alone derivatives	0.5	0.5
Debt securities	0.1	0.1
Loans and advances to customers	0.4	0.3
Financial assets at fair value through OCI	**1.3**	**1.5**
thereof		
Debt securities	1.2	1.4
Loans and advances to customers	>0.1	0.1
Financial assets at amortised cost (after credit loss allowances)	**44.6**	**45.2**
thereof		
Debt securities	3.8	4.0
Loans and advances to other banks	2.4	2.5
Loans and advances to customers	38.3	38.7
Positive fair values of hedge accounting derivatives	**0.1**	**0.3**
Other assets	**1.9**	**3.0**
Total Assets	**48.9**	**50.9**

Liabilities & equity	31/03/24	31/12/23
Financial liabilities at fair value through P&L	**0.8**	**0.7**
thereof		
Negative fair values of stand-alone derivatives	0.8	0.7
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	**44.0**	**45.9**
thereof		
Liabilities to other banks (incl. central banks)	5.5	6.1
thereof		
Registered Mortgage Pfandbriefe	*0.4*	*0.4*
Registered Public Pfandbriefe	*0.8*	*0.9*
Liabilities to other customers	18.6	18.8
thereof		
Registered Mortgage Pfandbriefe	*3.2*	*3.2*
Registered Public Pfandbriefe	*4.9*	*5.1*
Bearer Bonds	19.3	20.4
thereof		
Mortgage Pfandbriefe	*11.7*	*12.4*
Public Pfandbriefe	*1.9*	*1.9*
Subordinated liabilities	0.6	0.6
Negative fair values of hedge accounting derivatives	**0.6**	**0.8**
Other liabilities	**0.1**	**0.1**
Equity (attributable to shareholders)	**3.1**	**3.1**
AT1-capital	**0.3**	**0.3**
Total liabilities & equity	**48.9**	**50.9**

Share of Pfandbriefe of refinancing liabilities

52%/52%

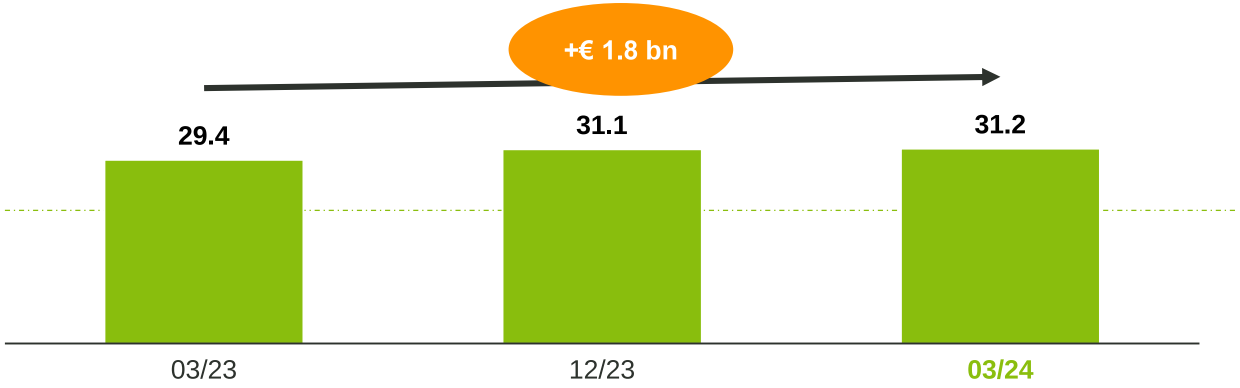
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

APPENDIX

REF NEW BUSINESS

REF portfolio growth with improved margins

Volume of strategic REF portfolio in € bn
(financing volume)



New business in € bn
(commitments, incl. extensions > 1 yr.)

- **Strategic REF portfolio** stable q-o-q, benefitting from drawdowns of new business and low level of prepayments and repayments
- **Avg. portfolio margin** further up
- **Selective new business** volume of € 0.7 bn with focus on extensions
- Strong growth in **gross interest margin**
- Focus on **balanced risk/return ratio**, avoiding higher risk profile at the expense of higher volume or higher margin

New Business	Q1/23	Q1/24
Share of extension > 1 year (%)	34	58
Ø Gross interest margin (bp)[2]	~200	~245
Ø LTV[1] (%)	54	56
Ø Maturity[3] (yrs.)	~3.4	~3.2
No. of Deals	18	15

1. New commitments; avg. LTV (extensions): 3M/24: 50%, 3M/23: 56% 2. Net of FX-effects; gross revenue margin: 3M/24 ~265 bp, 3M/23 ~235 bp 3. Legal maturities

REF NEW BUSINESS

Diversification supports management of the cycle

As of 31/03/24

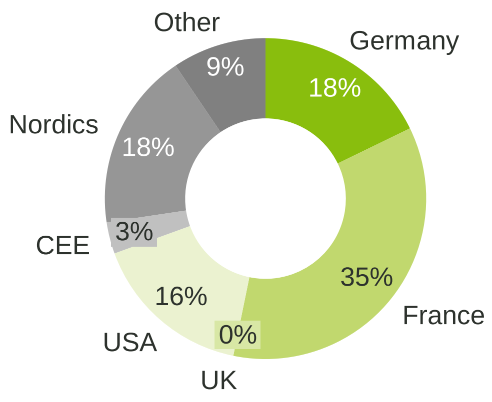
Regions

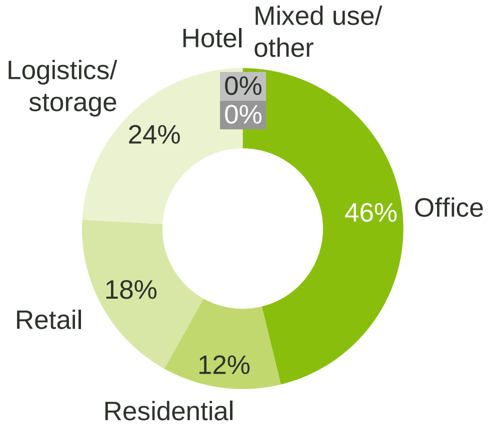
Property types

€ 0.7 bn

New business

(commitments, incl. extensions > 1 year)

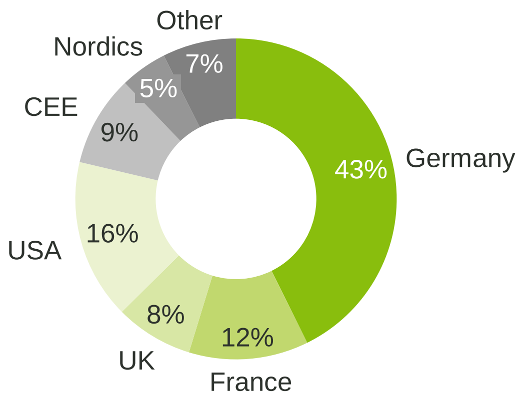


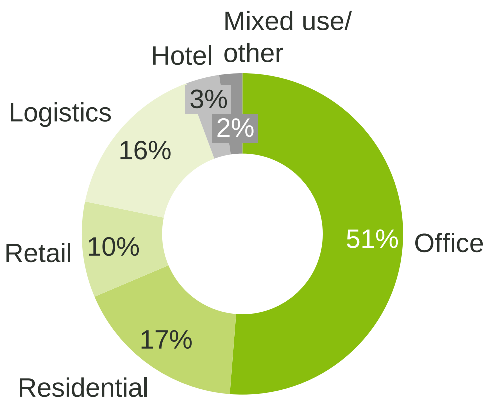


€ 32.9 bn

Portfolio

(EaD, Basel III)





1. Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

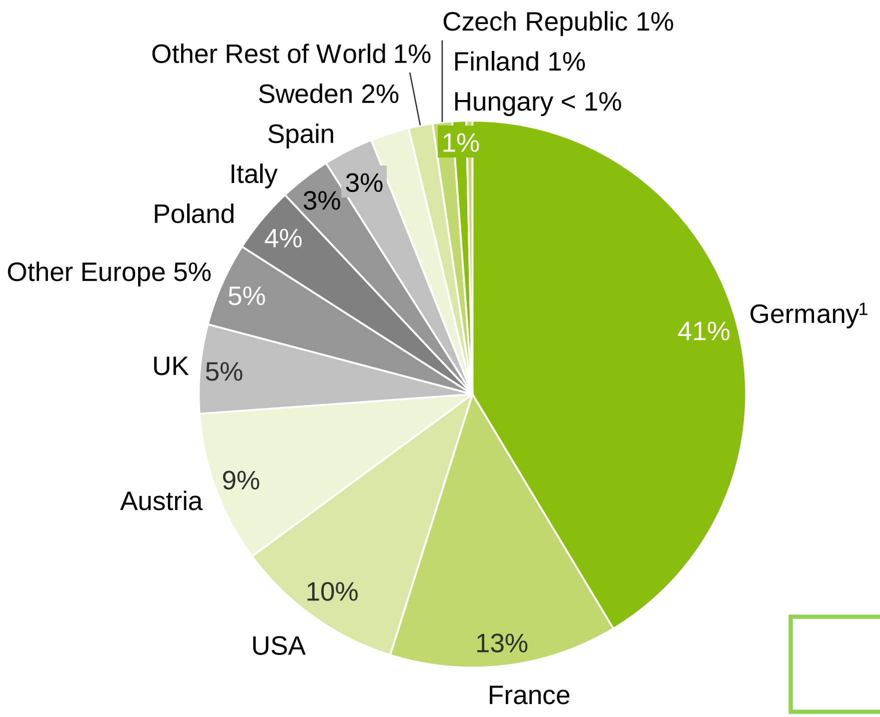
APPENDIX

Total portfolio

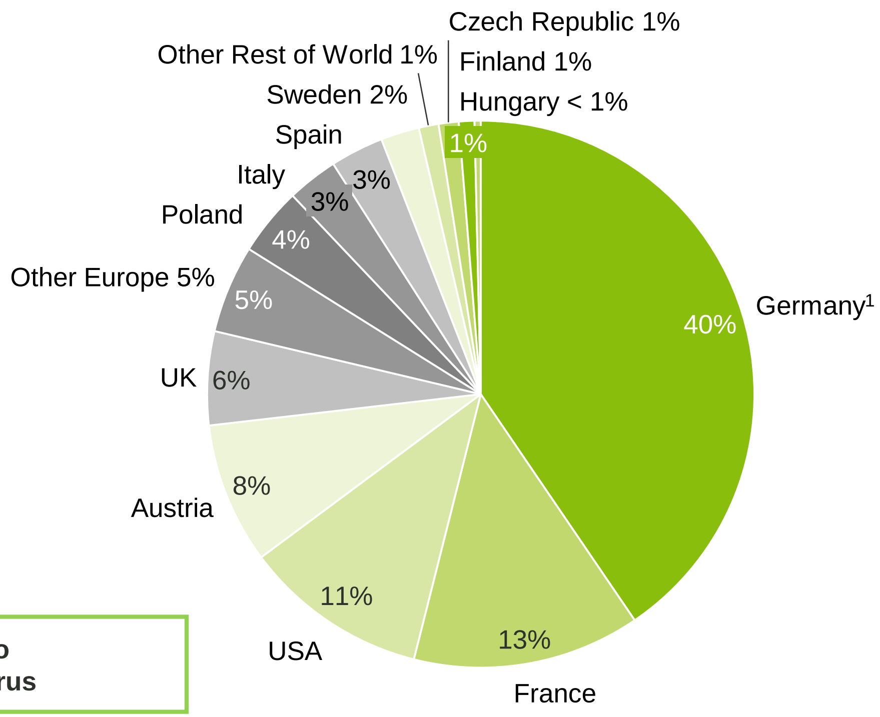
Regions

(EaD, Basel III)

31/12/2023 / Total: € 51.3 bn



31/03/2024 / Total: € 49.5 bn



**No direct exposure in/to
Ukraine, Russia and Belarus**

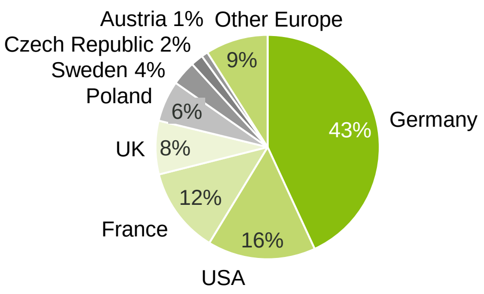
1. Incl. Bundesbank accounts (03/24: € 1.6 bn; 12/23: € 2.7 bn) 2. EaD, Basel III Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

PORTFOLIO

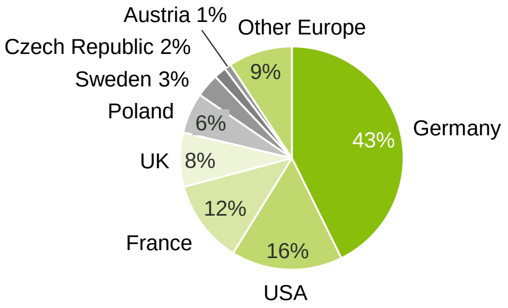
Real Estate Finance (REF)

Regions

31/12/2023: € 33.0 bn

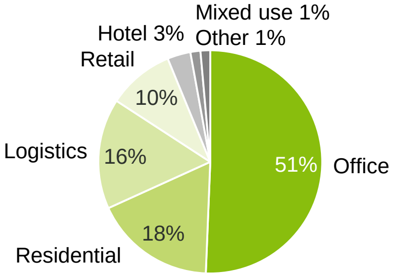


31/03/2024: € 32.9 bn

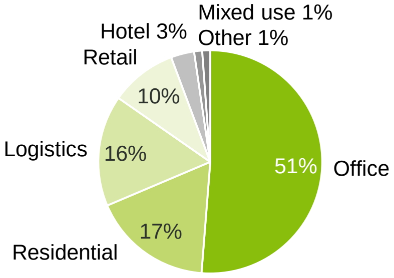


Property types

31/12/2023: € 33.0 bn

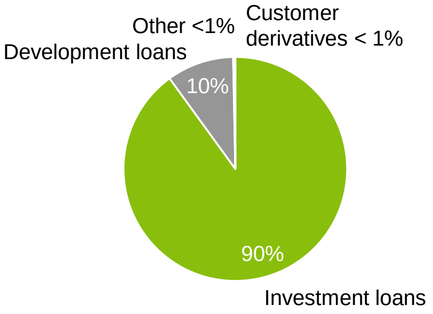


31/03/2024: € 32.9 bn

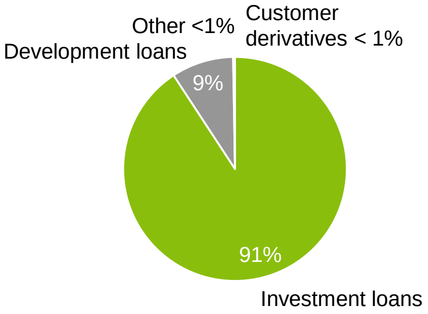


Product class

31/12/2023: € 33.0 bn

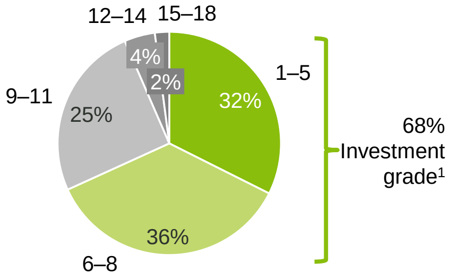


31/03/2024: € 32.9 bn

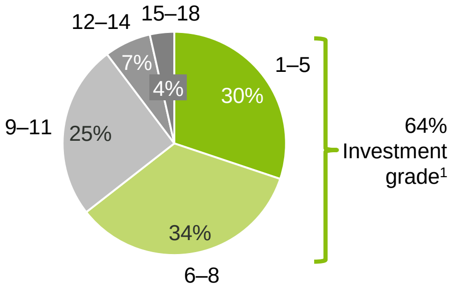


Internal ratings (EL classes)

31/12/2023: € 33.0 bn



31/03/2024: € 32.9 bn



1. Internal EL Classes 1–8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9–18 = Non-investment grade

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

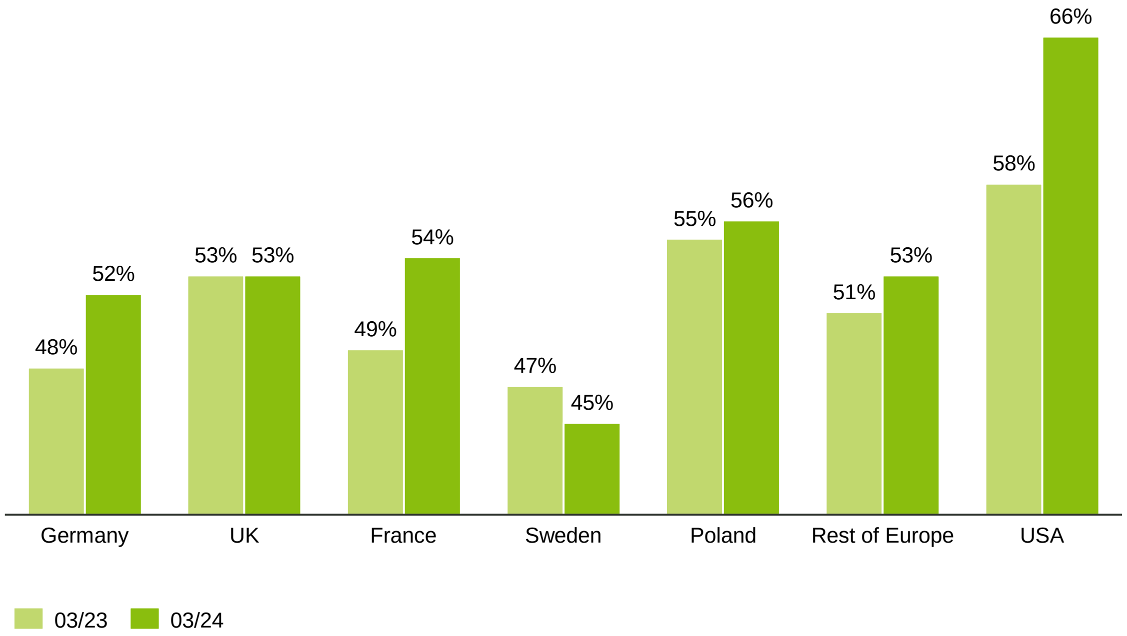
REF PORTFOLIO

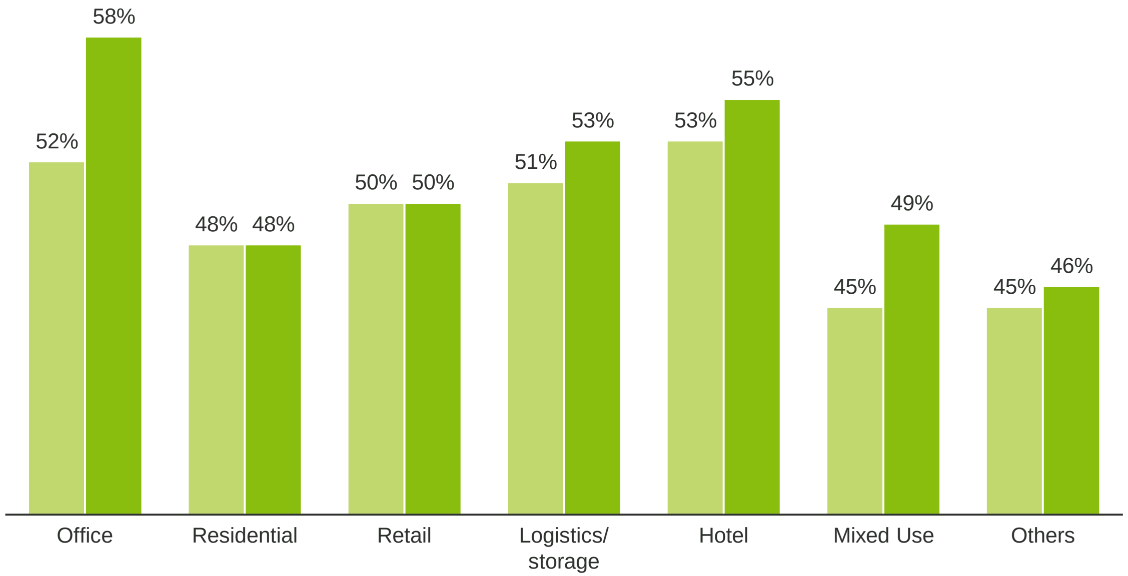
LTV development reflects market environment

REF Portfolio: LTV cluster[1]

€ bn

Avg. LTV[1]
03/23: 51%
03/24: 54%

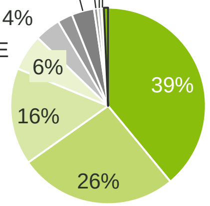
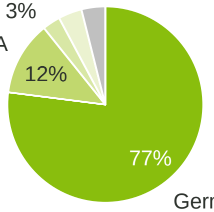
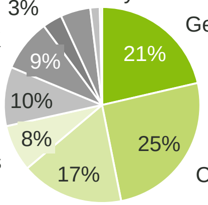




1. Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

REF PORTFOLIO

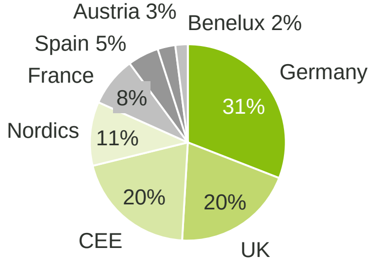
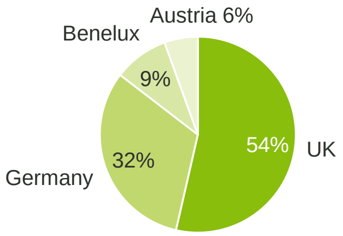
Sub-segments

Property	Regions	Evaluation of current situation	Challenges	Risk positioning
Office € 16.9 bn (51%)		▪ Net absorption has recovered compare to Covid, but is still relatively weak as a result of both the economic cycle, longer efficiency trends, and the impact of homeworking. ▪ Discussions about new concepts of work are ongoing. Employees prefer flexible working models and therefore office presence declines. Demand for office space is reduced accordingly. ▪ Demand is currently focused on modern, flexible and ESG-compliant properties in prime locations. Office space in secondary locations is still not sought after. ▪ Employment forecast is expected to be stable or even slightly positive. Together with a declining pipeline, this is leading to a slight increase in vacancies, but not to the extent of previous crises. ▪ As interest rates and inflation peaked, a further decline in prices is only expected to a limited extent, concentrating mainly on older properties in secondary locations.	▪ Cooling of tenant market due to overall economic situation and shift of demand towards modern, green, centrally located properties leads to reletting/extension risks with pressure on rental level on secondary/older buildings. ▪ Good locations expected to remain competitive and “Green” having become a very core element in competition. ▪ Increased interest level in combination with competitive disadvantage for B-properties/B-locations has increased pressure on value in particular for these properties. ▪ Some former A-locations have, due to structural changes, downgraded to B-locations. ▪ Structural changes, cooled letting market and increased interest level have put pressure on cash flow for, in particular, class-B-properties.	▪ Focus on good locations in main European and US urban locations. ▪ Avg. LTV of 58%[1] provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors. ▪ Well diversified portfolio with focus in Germany, main cities in the US (e.g. New York, Boston, Washington) and France (almost completely Paris/Isle de France region). ▪ Detailed analysis of “green profile” of properties including associated risk conducted in new business and on occasions of (annual) credit reports transactions.
Residential € 5.7 bn (17%)		▪ The market of owner-occupied properties is expected to recover slowly as inflation declines and central banks will probably cut interest rates. Particular in Europe. ▪ Increased interest rates also had a negative impact on multifamily properties. Multipliers dropped significantly. Rising rents mitigated the effect to some extent. ▪ 2024 is expected to have different dynamics. First of all ESG-compliant properties are expected to be sought after. Regulations in the rental sector expected to impede NOI increase.	▪ Increased interest level puts pressure on value, however still more moderate than in other (sub-) asset classes. ▪ Cash flow under pressure from many reasons: interest rates, energy costs, investment requirements - partially counterbalanced by increasing rents. ▪ In particular, capital-market oriented investors often with challenging refinancing situations. ▪ Transaction Market in Germany for portfolios gaining momentum again.	▪ Portfolio volume of € 5.7 bn with avg. LTV of 48%[1] provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors. ▪ Well diversified portfolio with strong focus on Germany.
Logistics € 5.3 bn (16%)		▪ The logistics sector benefits from a stronger focus on e-commerce but also from the need for more resilient supply chains in the industry sector. ▪ This in turn leads to rental growth in most market types, but focused on key cities where supply is low. ▪ The significant drop in values was yield driven, while rental growth is partially mitigating the decline. ▪ Since demand for logistics space is typically strongly correlated with economic activity and GDP current economic uncertainties pose a potential threat. ▪ Sought after investment class.	▪ Monoline logistics centres depending on particular clients seen sceptical. ▪ Due to partially overheated prices, market correction on investment side seen. ▪ Rents still stable/partially further increasing.	▪ Strategic approach; expert team since 2014; share increase since 2013 from 8% to 16%. ▪ Focus on locations: good infrastructure, connection to a variety of different transportation routes. ▪ Avg. LTV of 53%[1] provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors / sponsors. ▪ Well diversified portfolio. ▪ High quality of sponsors.

1. Based on performing investment loans only   Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

REF PORTFOLIO

Sub-segments

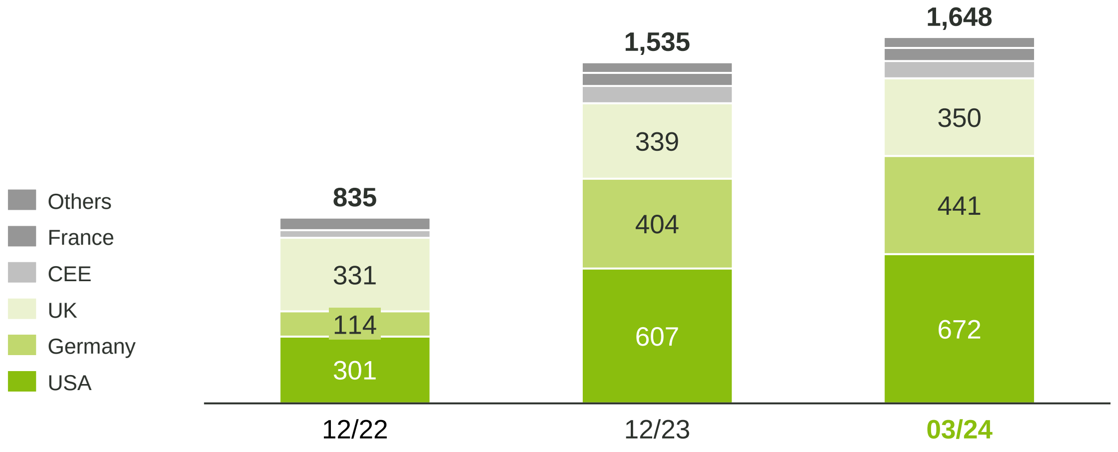
Property	Regions	Evaluation of current situation	Challenges	Risk positioning
Retail € 3.2 bn (10%)		▪ Inflation and high interest rates weakened retail sales in 2023. In 2024 lower inflation stabilises real incomes. Therefore, consumer spending expected to increase ▪ European retailers expected to continue to explore flagship-stores. Therefore, prime locations expected to sought after in the upcoming years. ▪ In 2024 E-Commerce in Europe is expected to grow slightly less than previously assumed but on its postive pre-pandemic growth trend. Constant consumer spending assumed while in-store spending expected to stagnate. ▪ Factory Outlet Center have outperformed the retail sector in 2023, expected to continue in 2024. ▪ The investment market was observed to be relatively liquid despite the yield increase. Supported also by relatively low prices and an improved rental outlook.	▪ Short Term: threats to income stability as well as decreasing consumer spendings/consumer confidence due to inflation and modest economic development in many countries. Professionally managed (and therefore well performing) assets stable. ▪ Mid Term: structural changes (online sale, change of high street/shopping centre retail structure towards more leisure) leading to continued pressure on rents and to oversupply of space in particular outside A-locations.	▪ Selective approach with planned reduction of retail portfolio by ~55% or € 3.8 bn since 2016 (03/24: € 3.2 bn; 12/16: € 7.1 bn). ▪ Only investment loans, almost no development loans. ▪ Avg. LTV of 50%[1] provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/ sponsors. ▪ Well diversified portfolio. ▪ For new business selective approach with moderate LTVs.
Hotel (Business Hotels only) € 1.1 bn (3%)		▪ Increasing competition has led to mergers of operators and licensees. Secondary hotels have been developed to apartments. ▪ Hotel industry benefits from strong pent-up demand resulting from both leisure and business. This in turn led to relatively strong recovery in hotel performance. While occupancy is just slightly below 2019 figures revenue per available room and room rates are well above pre-Covid levels. ▪ Economic uncertainty is still a threat for Hotel performance. ▪ ESG requirements expected to be an ongoing challenge for the hotel industry.	▪ Recovery mostly achieved with many locations close or even above to pre-Corona-levels in terms of occupancy and room rates. ▪ Recovery of business hotels focus on central locations, fringe locations lagging behind. ▪ Shortage of qualified personnel in parts of the industry, further increasing operating costs squeeze margins and compensate part of the recovery trend.	▪ Selective approach and strict adherence to underwriting standards in particular during the hot phase of hotel investment market in 2018/19 resulting in a relatively small portfolio volume of € 1.1 bn. ▪ Focus on prime locations secures base value of properties. ▪ Avg. LTV of 55%[1] provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/ sponsors. ▪ Focus on business hotels in main European capitals/business locations in combination with strong brands and professional sponsors.

1. Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

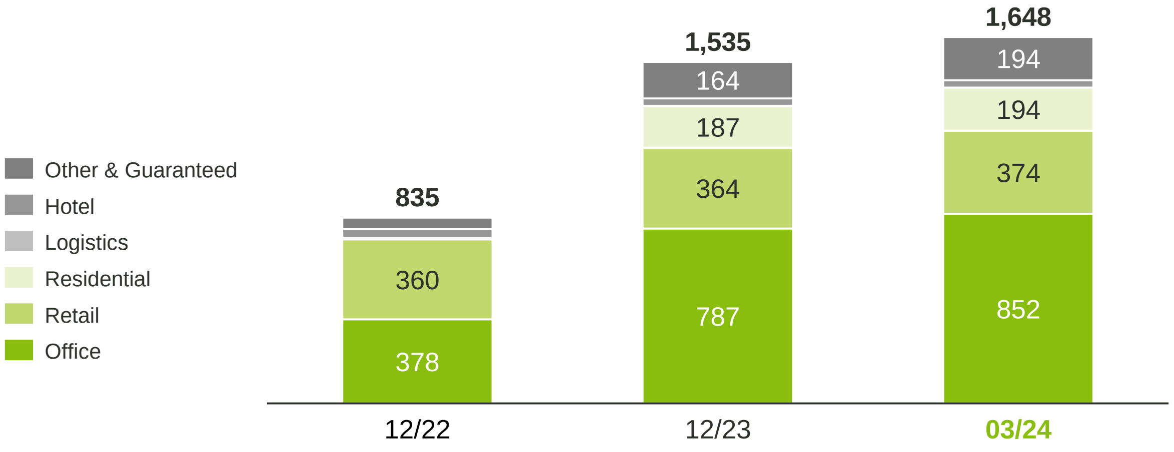
REF NPL PORTFOLIO

Small increase in Q1/24 – active restructuring/ work-out ongoing

Geographical breakdown
€ mn (EaD, Basel III)



Breakdown by property type
€ mn (EaD, Basel III)



- **USA:** Ongoing active management of NPLs with 2 loans (€ 91 mn) successfully restructured/worked out in Q1/24 – addition of 2 new office loans (€ 142 mn), FX changes (€ 14 mn)
- **Germany:** Addition of 1 development loan (office) in top location – no LLP required
- **UK:** 4 shopping center loans (default 2019, 70% LLP ratio) and 1 Office loan (default 2023, no LLP)

- **Office:** Increase in NPLs from US loans
- **Retail:** Increase from FX changes
- **Residential:** Increase from EaD changes
- **Others:** Increase resulting from 1 German development and FX changes

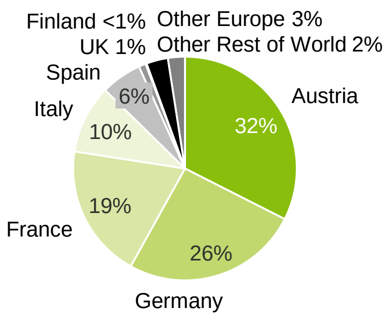
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. Based on investment loans only

PORTFOLIO

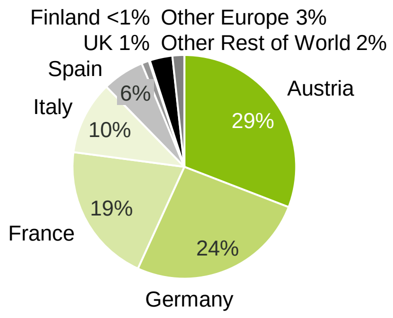
Non-Core Unit (PIF & VP)

Regions

31/12/2023: € 13.2 bn

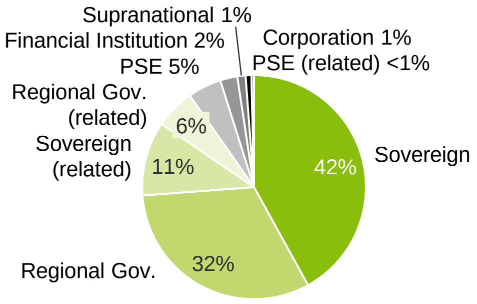


31/03/2024: € 12.4 bn

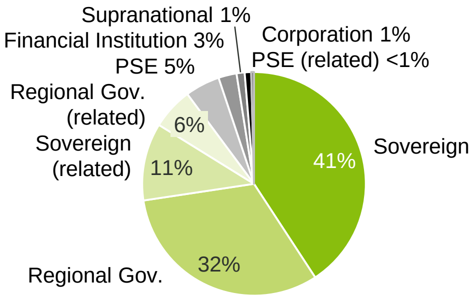


Borrower classification[1]

31/12/2023: € 13.2 bn

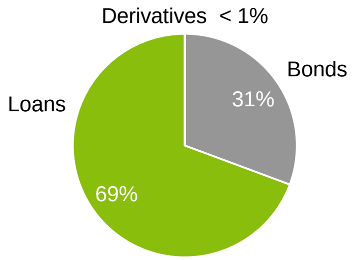


31/03/2024: € 12.4 bn

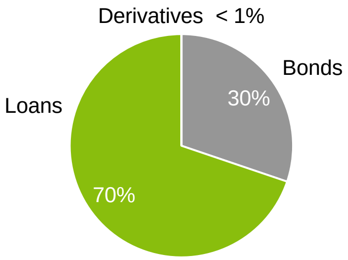


Product class

31/12/2023: € 13.2 bn

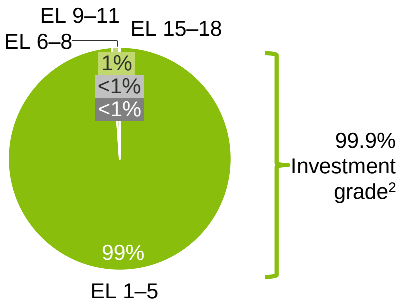


31/03/2024: € 12.4 bn

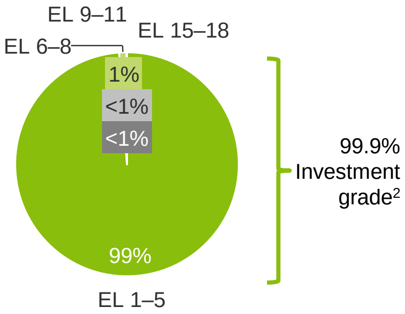


Internal ratings (EL classes)

31/12/2023: € 13.2 bn



31/03/2024: € 12.4 bn



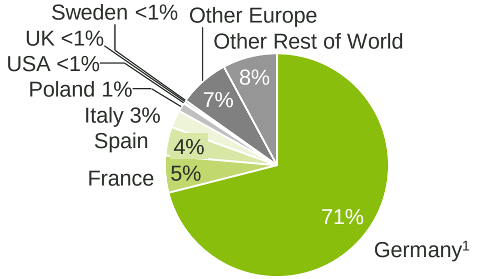
1. See appendix for definition of borrower classification 2. Internal EL Classes 1–8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9–18 = Non-investment grade Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

PORTFOLIO

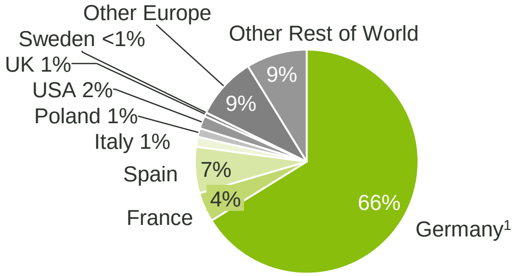
Consolidation and Adjustments (C&A)

Regions

31/12/2023: € 5.1 bn

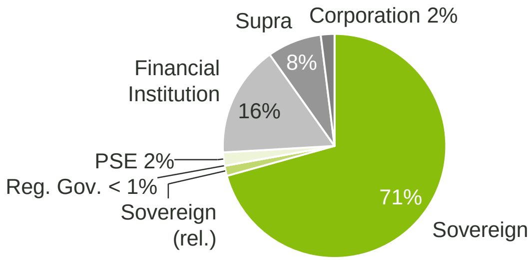


31/03/2024: € 4.2 bn

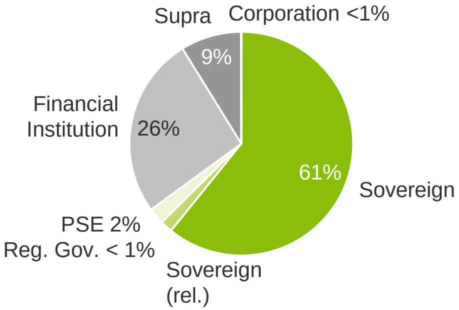


Borrower classification[2]

31/12/2023: € 5.1 bn

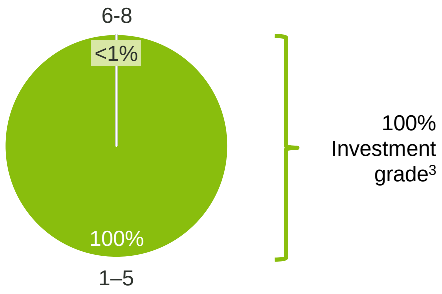


31/03/2024: € 4.2 bn

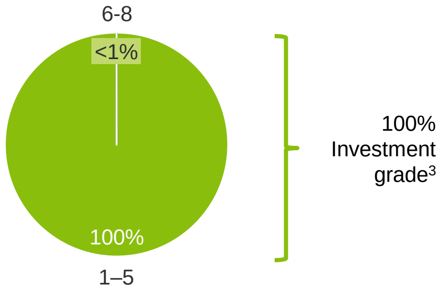


Internal ratings (EL classes)

31/12/2023: € 5.1 bn



31/03/2024: € 4.2 bn



1. Incl. Bundesbank accounts (03/24: € 1.6 bn; 12/23: € 2.7 bn) 2. See appendix for definition of borrower classification 3. Internal EL Classes 1-8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9-18 = Non-investment grade
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

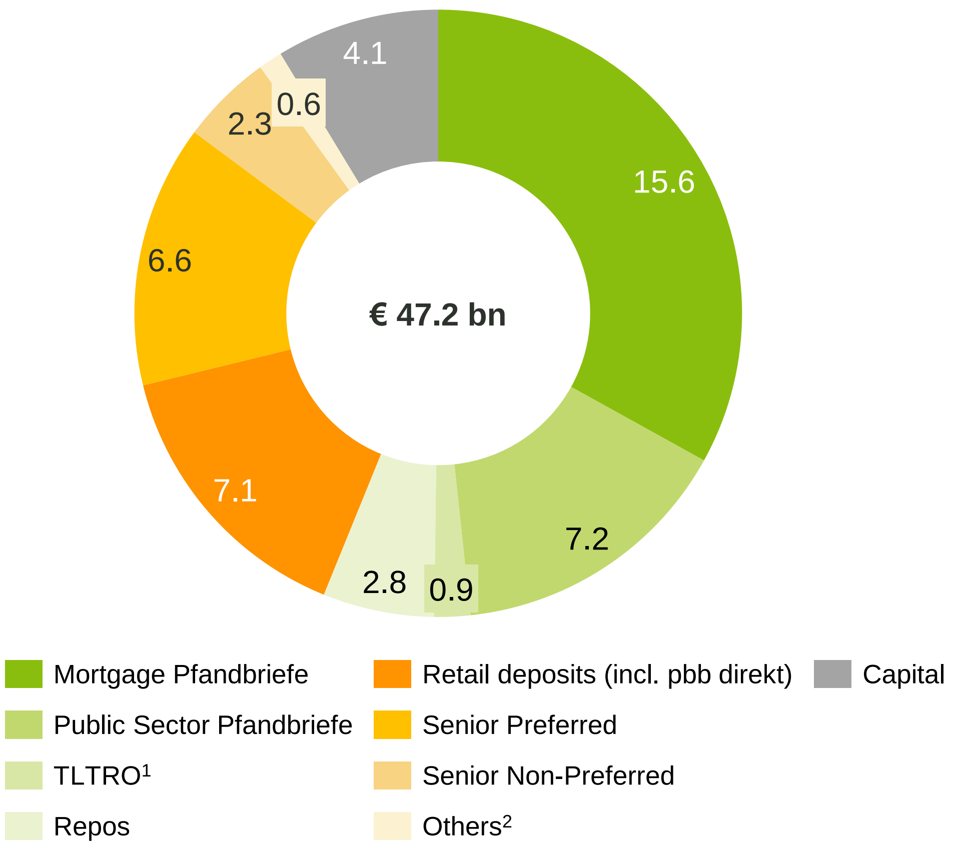
APPENDIX

FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY

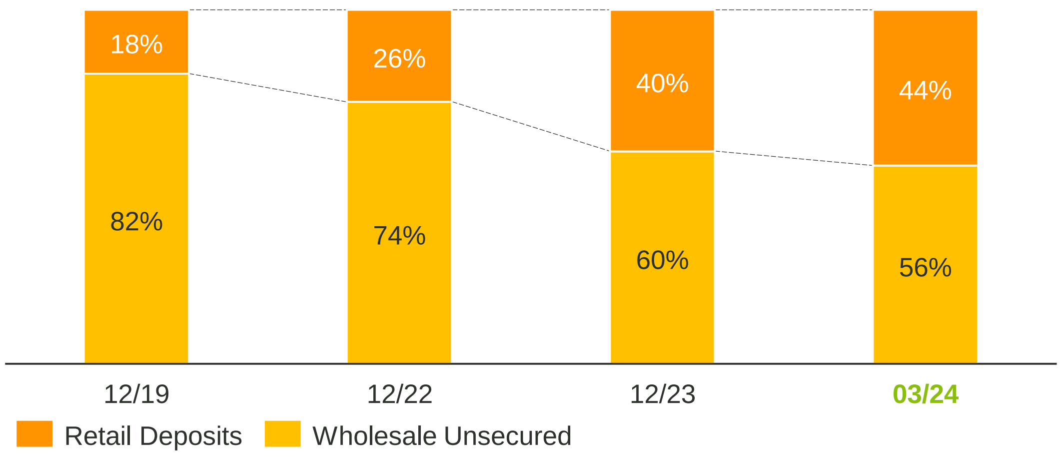
Diversified funding base

Diversified Funding Base

31/03/2024: € bn, nominal values



Unsecured Funding



- Over 55% resilient **secured funding**[3]
- **Broad toolbox** for both, secured and unsecured funding
- Capital market **unsecured funding** systematically **substituted with retail deposits**

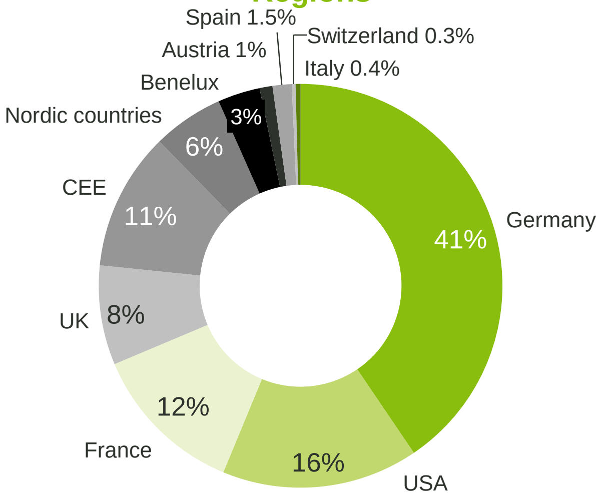
1. To be repaid in 2024 (liquidity neutral) 2. Others: e.g. institutional deposits and cash collateral 3. Pfandbriefe, TLTRO and Repos

MORTGAGE COVER POOL

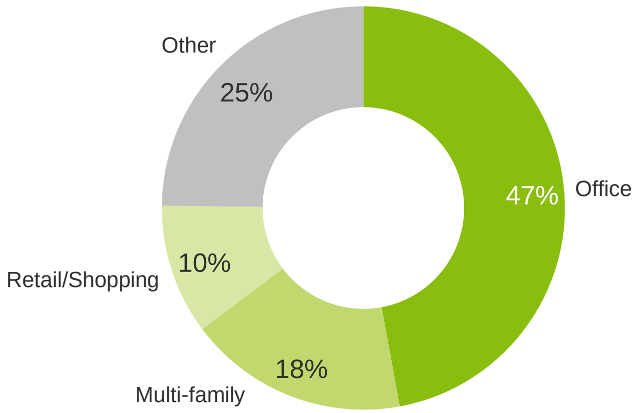
Diversification by countries and property types

Mortgage Cover Pool

Regions



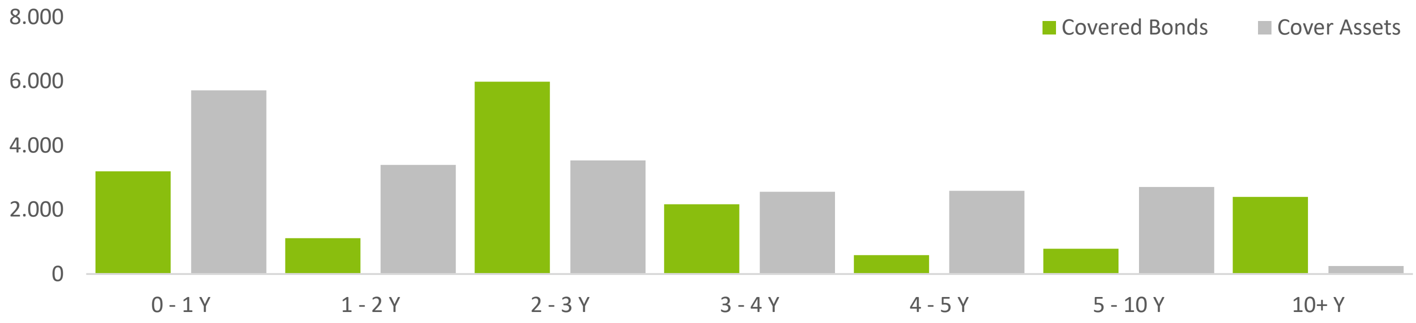
Property types



Key metrics

Mortgage cover pool (nominal)	31/03/2024
Pfandbriefe outstanding	€ 16.2 bn
Cover funds	€ 20.7 bn
Over-collateralisation (Nominal/NPV)	27.7% / 30.4%
No. of loans	1,445
No. of properties	3,290
Payments ≥ 90 days overdue	€ 0.3mn
Weighted average LTV (based on market value)	35.5%

Maturity Profile
(nominal values, € mn)



PFANDBRIEF COVER POOL

ISCR and the effect of the Mortgage Lending Value – very simplified example!

Interest Service Cover

€ 4.0 mn rent p.a. at 4% property yield results in a market value of € 100 mn

minus

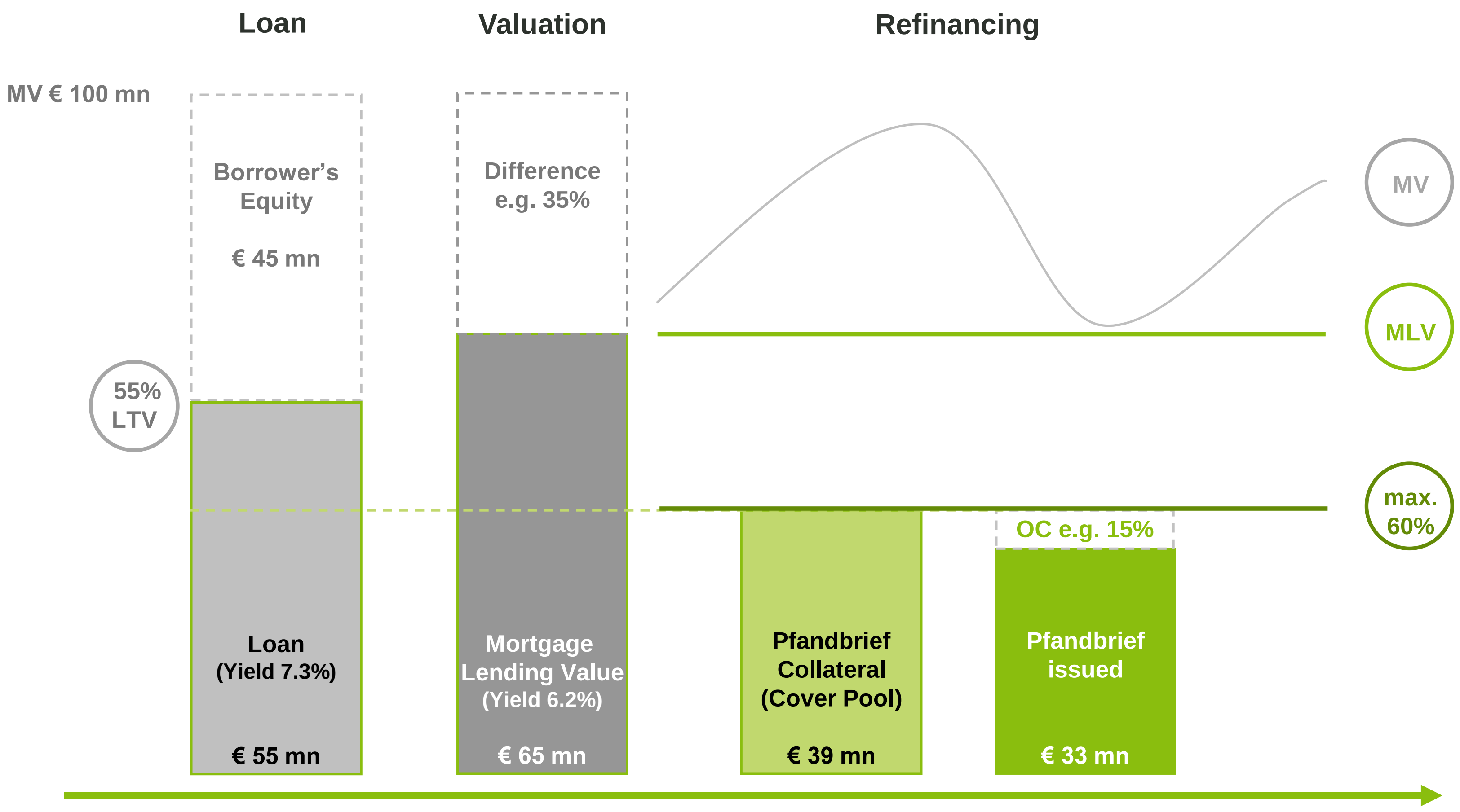
€ 1.1 mn interest payment p.a. for a € 55 mn loan at 2% interest rate

€ 2.9 mn excess cash

$$\frac{€\ 4.0\text{ mn rent}}{€\ 1.1\text{ mn interest}} = \sim 360\%\text{ ISC}$$

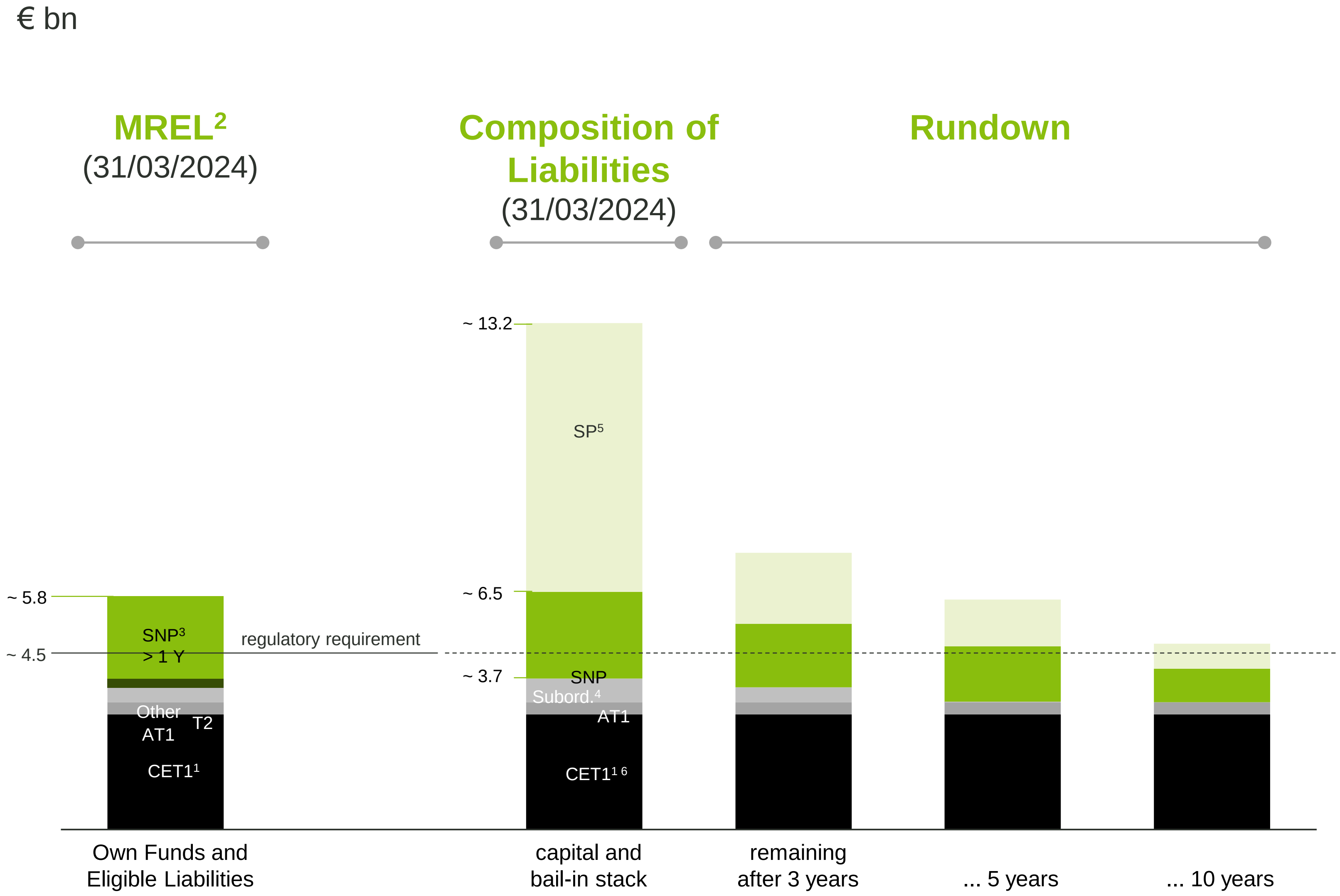
[at current interest rates of approx. 5 % the ISC drops to ~ 150%]

Loan-to-Value Ratio



FUNDING

Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities exceed regulatory requirements



- Buffer for Senior Preferred (SP) investors due to high volume of capital instruments and Senior Non-Preferred (SNP) liabilities
- Existing Senior Non-Preferred liabilities with long remaining terms
- SP currently predominant senior product, but SNP to remain a key element of pbb's funding strategy
- Regulatory requirements (SREP, MREL etc.) are met

1. After confirmation of the 2023 financial statements 2. In addition to the regulatory requirements, pbb has set itself an ambition level of 8% TLOF with 100% subordination (i.e. own funds and senior non-preferred). As of 31 March 2024, MREL-eligible positions amounted to ~11.7% TLOF (excluding the approved level of general pre-approvals)/~ 30.7% RWA/~ 11.7% leverage exposure 3. MREL-eligible Senior Non-Preferred Debt > 1Y according to legal maturities; without prior approval volumes for early termination of investments 4. Nominal amount of Tier 2 instruments; the capital stack includes € 300 mn AT1 issuance 5. Senior Preferred, structured unsecured and corporate deposits (excl. protected deposits) 6. CET1 assumed to be constant

FUNDING

Public benchmark issuances since 2020

Types	WKN	Launch Date	Maturity Date	Size	Spread[1]	Coupon	Issue/Reoffer Price
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A2YNVY	14.01.2020	21.01.2028	€ 750 mn	+5 bp	0.10%	99.992%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2nd Tap)	A1X3LT	15.01.2020	21.01.2022	€ 150 mn	0 bp	1.875%	104.36%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A2LQNP	22.01.2020	29.01.2024	€ 250 mn	+1 bp	0.25%	101.919%
Senior Preferred	A2YNV3	23.01.2020	28.07.2023	€ 300 mn	+55 bp	3m-€ibor+90 bp	101.237%
Public Sector Pfandbrief (3rd Tap)	A13SWG	18.02.2020	20.04.2035	€ 50 mn	+0 bp	1.25%	116.16%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A289PQ	24.09.2020	29.09.2023	GBP 500 mn	+38 bp[1]	SONIA +100 bp	101.844%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3H2ZW	13.01.2021	20.01.2023	USD 750 mn	+23 bp[2]	0.50%	99.93%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3H2ZX	25.01.2021	02.02.2026	€ 500 mn	+55 bp	0.10%	100.00%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3H2Z8	20.04.2021	27.04.2024	GBP 500 mn	+27 bp[1]	SONIA +100 bp	102.178%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3E5K7	25.08.2021	20.08.2026	€ 500 mn	+0 bp	0.01%	101.747%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2nd Tap)	A2GSLV	26.08.2021	30.08.2027	€ 50 mn	-1 bp	0.625%	105.890%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1nd Tap)	A2YNVM	26.08.2021	16.10.2025	€ 50 mn	-1,9 bp	0.01%	101.880%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2nd Tap)	A2YNVM	16.09.2021	16.10.2025	€ 50 mn	-2 bp	0.01%	101.540%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (3nd Tap)	A2YNVM	21.09.2021	16.10.2025	€ 100 mn	-2 bp	0.01%	101.490%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3E5KY	14.10.2021	11.10.2024	USD 750 mn	+20 bp[2]	0.875%	99.778%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3T0X2	20.10.2021	27.10.2025	€ 500 mn	+48 bp	0.25%	99.754%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3T0X9	12.01.2022	17.01.2025	€ 750 mn	+42 bp	0.25%	99.798%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3T0YD	09.02.2022	14.02.2025	USD 750 mn	+43 bp[2]	1.875%	99.767%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A3E5K7	17.02.2022	20.08.2026	€ 50 mn	-3 bp	0.01%	98.70%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3T0YH	06.04.2022	13.04.2026	€ 750 mn	+1 bp	1.00%	99.727%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2nd Tap)	A3E5K7	07.04.2022	20.08.2026	€ 50mn mn	-2 bp	0.01%	98.35%
Senior Preferred (Green) (1st Tap)	A3T0X2	11.04.2022	27.10.2025	€ 200 mn	+55 bp	0.25%	95.045%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WFU	19.07.2022	26.07.2027	€ 750 mn	+6 bp	1.75%	99.872%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WFV	22.08.2022	28.08.2026	€ 500 mn	+250 bp	4.375%	99.921%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WF2	17.10.2022	25.01.2027	€ 500 mn	+3 bp	3.00%	99.682%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WF4	01.12.2022	08.12.2025	GBP 350 mn	+434 bp[3]	7.625%	99.959%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A30WF2	09.01.2023	25.01.2027	€ 50 mn	+ 6 bp	3.00%	99.99%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WF6	12.01.2023	19.01.2029	€ 500 mn	+16 bp	2.875%	99.777%
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WF8	30.01.2023	05.02.2027	€ 500 mn	+215 bp	5.00%	99.428%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2nd Tap)	A30WF2	14.02.2023	25.01.2027	€ 100mn	+10 bp	3.00%	99.54%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A31RJS	06.07.2023	13.10.2026	€ 500mn	+14 bp	3.625%	99.651%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A31RJV	23.08.2023	01.09.2026	GBP 250mn	+68 bp[2]	SONIA +68 bp	100%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A31RJZ	18.09.2023	28.10.2027	€ 500mn	+27 bp	3.625%	99.863%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A31RJ1	04.12.2023	07.12.2026	USD 600mn	+100 bp[2]	5.25%	99.935%
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A31RJ4	09.01.2024	15.01.2027	€ 500mn	+58 pb	3.25%	99.851%
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A31RJ4	09.04.2024	15.01.2027	€ 100mn	+60 pb	3.25%	98.990%

NB.: EUR Benchmark Spreads vs 6m mid-swap 1. vs SONIA 2. vs SOFR 3. vs UK Treasuries (Gilts)

MANDATED RATINGS

Bank ratings	S&P	
Long-term	**BBB-**	
Outlook/Trend	Negative	
Short-term	A-3	
Stand-alone rating[1]	bb+	
Long Term Debt Ratings		
“Preferred” senior unsecured Debt[2]	BBB-	
“Non-preferred” senior unsecured Debt[3]	BB-	
Subordinated Debt	B+	

Pfandbrief ratings		Moody’s
Mortgage Pfandbrief		Aa1
Public Sector Pfandbrief		Aa1

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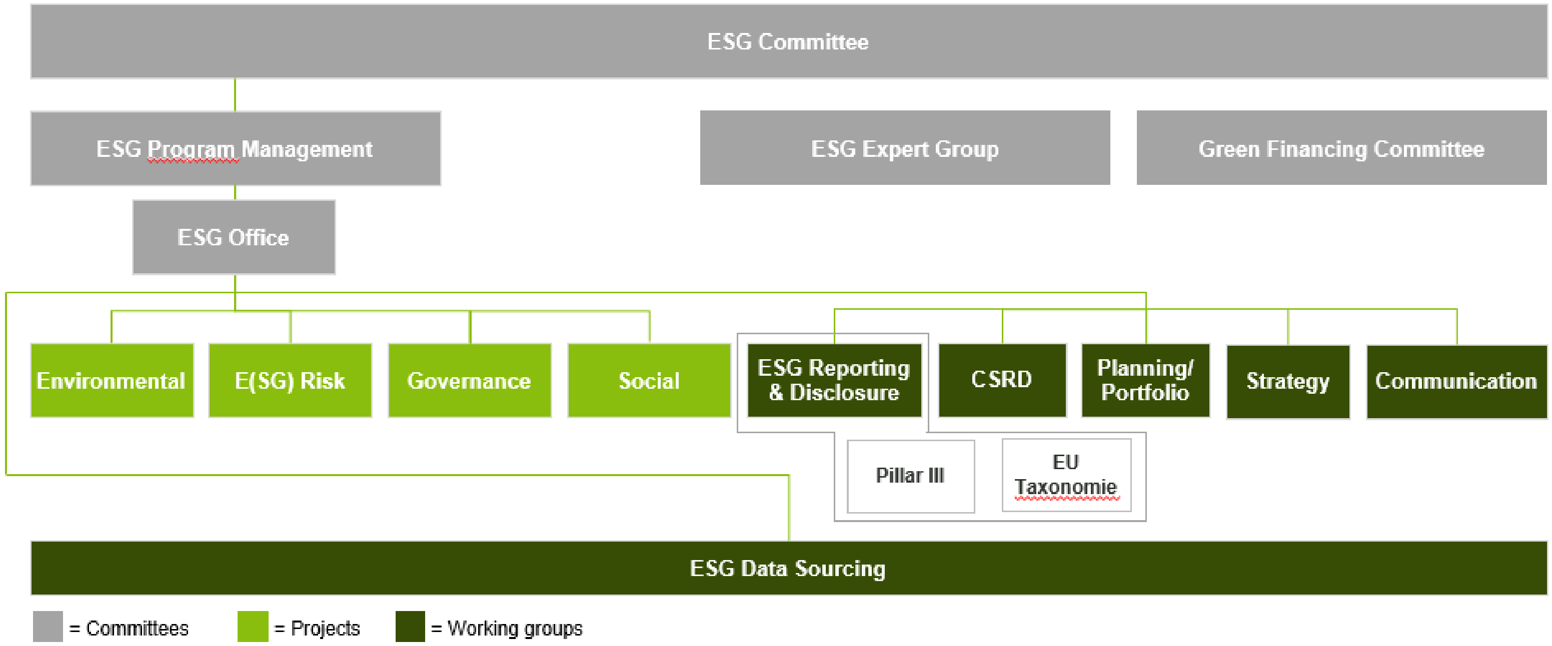
1. S&P: Stand-alone credit profile 2. S&P: “Senior Unsecured Debt” 3. S&P: “Senior Subordinated Debt”

APPENDIX

ESG Program provides for holistic approach

ESG Program



	2021	2022	2023
ISS ESG	C Prime	C Prime	C Prime
MSCI	A	AA	AAA
Moody's ESG Solutions	Score 43	Score 44	Score 50

- ESG at core of pbb's strategy:
  - pbb can help to reduce the real estate sector`s significant CO_2 impact
  - Green finance bank and transformation partner
  - Current KPIs set initial roadmap for establishing green products, science-based decarbonization path for aligning pbb`s CRE portfolio with Paris 1.5° C target by 2050
- ESG risk structurally integrated in risk management landscape and overall business strategy
  - Comprehensive monitoring and steering of physical and transitional risks in REF exposure – portfolio & individual loan basis
  - ESG risk assessment integral part of credit process
- Comprehensive ESG program in place
  - Management Board responsibility – ESG targets part of remuneration
  - Operationally, all ESG dimensions covered with clear responsibilities assigned, e.g. EU taxonomy alignment for REF business
- Progress acknowledged by regulator, ESG rating agencies and capital markets – ESG Rating Upgrade to AAA from MSCI in 11/23 driven by improved governance aspects

pbb continues to execute on its strategy

2017:
1st Non-financial Report (NFRD)

2020:
Introduction of Green Bond Framework

2021:
Holistic organisational set-up of ESG Programm
Introduction of green building scoring model & pbb Green Loan Framework
Development of first ESG strategy

2022:
Implementation of set of KPIs;
Project launch for EU Taxonomy & CSRD disclosure requirements

2023:
Implementation of ESG KPI management concept with defined targets
Foundation of Eco Estate GmbH (JV with G&P for green consulting)

2024:
Refinement of ESG KPIs regarding inclusion of decarbonization path

2025:
1st Non-financial Report (CSRD)

2050:
Alignment of pbb’s credit portfolio with 1.5-degree target of Paris Agreement

Focus on Transparency of pbb‘s portfolio and pbb‘s own operations

Focus on science-based approach to align pbb‘s portfolio and pbb‘s own operations with climate goals

GREEN LOAN

pbb Green Loan Framework aligned with current regulatory and market developments – specific metrics defined for each criterion

pbb Scoring Model

MAX SCORE: 100 Points

Criteria

I. Energy Efficiency

- Energy demand/-consumption [kWh/(m²·a)]
- **OR**
- Energy Reduction in Planning [kWh/(m²·a)][1]

pbb Green Bond Framework Eligible[2]

MAX SCORE: 50 Points

II. Building Certification

- "Green" building certification

MAX SCORE: 20 Points

MAX SCORE: 70 Points

III. Additional Sustainability Factors

- Surface sealing (green field vs. brown field)
- Type of/distance to public transportation
- Local supply
- Materials recycling[3]
- Type of heating
- Consumption of green energy
- Biodiversity[3]
- Existing energy/environmental management[3]

MAX SCORE: 30 Points

Minimum score for pbb Green Loan: ≥ 60 Points

OR

Compliance with EU Taxonomy

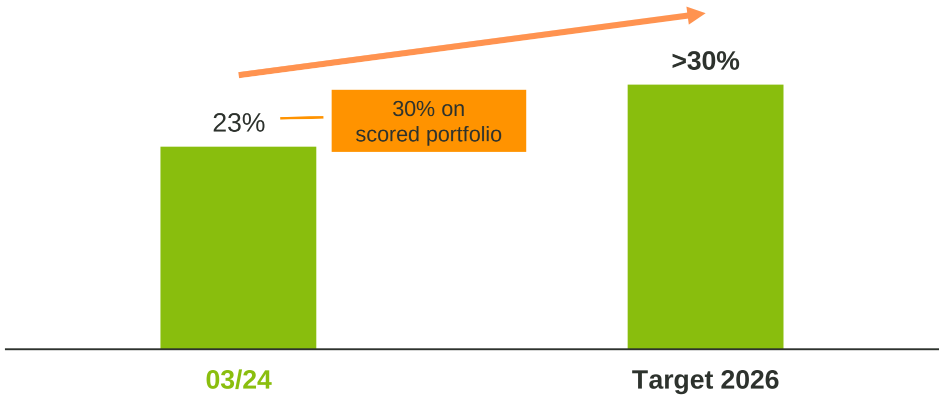
pbb Green Loan Framework Eligible

1. Aligned with the EU Taxonomy
2. Selected criteria are stricter, when the building is considered for pbb Green Bond Framework Eligibility.
3. Do Not Significant Harm Principles according to EU Taxonomy

Continued progress in sustainable finance activities

Green share of REF portfolio[1]

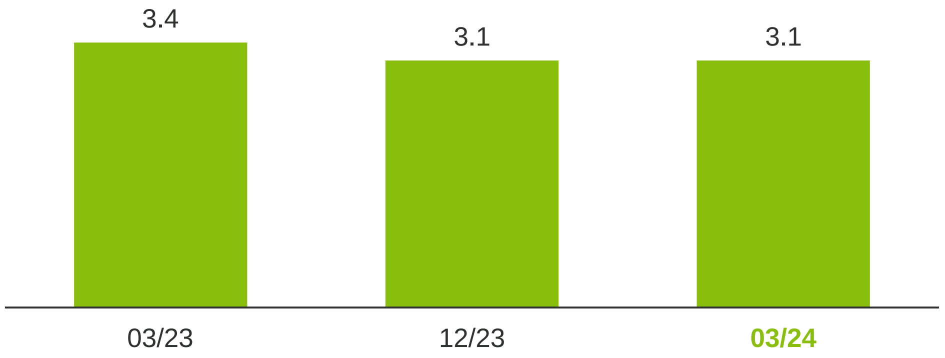
(commitments, green loan eligible assets, %)



- 78% of REF portfolio scored – scoring of remaining portfolio ongoing
- Green share of total REF portfolio currently at 23% resp. € 7.3 bn (30% based on scored portfolio of 78%) vs. 2026 target of >30%

Green Bonds

(nominal volume, € bn)



- pbb is a leading issuer of senior preferred green bonds in the European market
- Current headroom between green bond eligible loans and green bonds outstanding allows further green finance activities

1. Based on total REF portfolio; 30% based on scored REF portfolio of 74% as of 31 December 2023 / Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible)

DEFINITION OF BORROWER CLASSIFICATIONS

Borrower classification	Definition
Sovereign	Direct and indirect obligations of Central Governments, Central Banks and National Debt Agencies
Sovereign (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Sovereigns with an explicit first call guarantee by a Sovereign
Regional Government	Direct and indirect obligations of Regional, Provincial and Municipal Governments
Regional Government (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Regional Government with an explicit first call guarantee by a Regional Government
Public Sector Enterprise	Direct obligations of administrative bodies and non commercial/non-profit undertakings
Public Sector Enterprise (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Public Sector Enterprise with an explicit first call guarantee by a Public Sector Enterprise
Financial Institution	Direct and indirect obligations of Universal Banks, Investment Banks, Mortgage Institutions, Brokerages and other banks or Basel regulated institution
Corporation	Direct and indirect obligations of enterprises, established under corporate law and operating in a for profit or competitive environment
Structured Finance	Obligations of an SPV which references the risk of an underlying pool of securitised assets, either synthetically via CDS or directly, the tranches issued by the SPV have different seniority to each other
Supranational	Direct obligations to international Organisations and International Investment and Development Banks
Other	Direct obligations to Individuals

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