

# Results Q2/H1 2023 - Company Presentation



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# **AGENDA**

- 1. pbb at a Glance
- 2. Operative Highlights
- 3. Financial Performance
- 4. ESG
- 5. Summary
- 6. Appendix

#### **Funding**

- Strong capital market presence: benchmark issuances and private placements
  - Resilient **Pfandbrief** as main funding source complemented by unsecured bonds
  - pbb one of most active senior unsecured
     Green Bond issuers
  - EUR and foreign currencies

#### **pbb**direkt

- Scalable retail deposit online-platform (pbb direkt)
- Call and term deposits (EUR, USD)

# Specialized on-balance sheet lending ...



... based on stable, well diversified funding base



#### **CRE Lending**

Dividend title with an attractive shareholder return

and clear focus on Green transformation

 Pfandbrief-eligible senior loans, complemented by limited non-senior loans

of the CRE sector

- Structuring expertise for complex/large transactions
  - ~ 150 deals per year
- Ø deal size ~€ 50-70 mn
- Green Loans integral part of business model: CRE transformation partner

#### **USP**

- Leading specialized CRE bank with conservative lending standards and high-risk competence
- Strong franchise with longstanding client relationships
- Local presence in core Europe and the US
- Resilient Pfandbrief as main funding source in addition, scalable retail deposit platform

#### RE Invest. Mgmt.

- Issuance of open-ended real estate funds
- Capital-efficient and scalable income source



- Provide required formats to institutional investors
   (e.g. debt funds)
- Leverage our extensive market access



 Advise on holistic solutions within the green transformation of RE (e.g. green development loans, green capex facilities)

#### **Strategy Update**

- Maintain a conservative risk profile and retain strict cost discipline
- Increase of profitability by growth and capital light strategic initiatives
- Sustainable finance as an important contributor for all growth initiatives





### **OPERATING & FINANCIAL OVERVIEW**

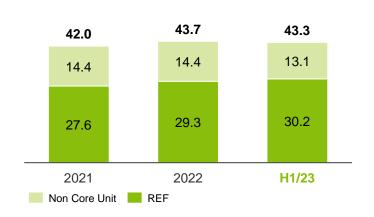
#### **New business**

€ bn (commitments, incl. extensions > 1 yr.)

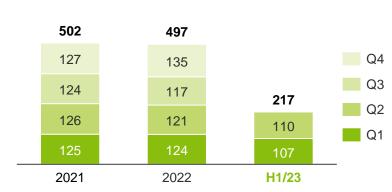


#### **Portfolio**

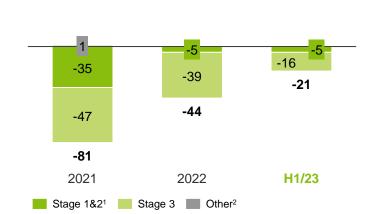
€ bn (financing volumes)



# Net interest and commission income ¹ € bn (IFRS)

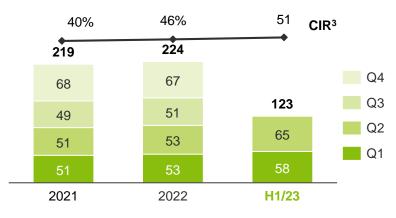


#### Net income from risk provisioning € mn (IFRS)



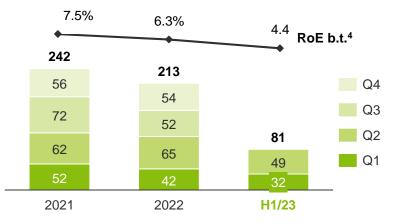
#### **General and admin. expenses**

€ mn (IFRS)



#### **Pre-tax profit**

€ mn (IFRS)



Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding 1. Incl. provisions in off balance sheet lending business 2. Recoveries from written-off financial assets 3. CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 4. After AT1 coupon (2021: € 17 mn; 2022: € 17 mn; Q2/H1 2023: pro-rata € 5 mn / € 10 mn)

### **HIGHLIGHTS H1/23**

PBT guidance 2023 confirmed – cost cutting program initiated



PBT of € 81 mn in H1/23 – full-year guidance of € 170-200 mn confirmed



REF portfolio strongly increased by € 0.9 bn to € 30.2 bn with improving margin



New business volume stays low in reflection of market environment – full-year guidance adjusted to € 6.5-8 bn¹



Strategic initiatives pushed forward in a tightly focused manner with continuous progress



Cost cutting program initiated – cost reduction to 2022 level with medium-term CIR target of <45% by 2026

2023

### **Invest into our business**

Start investing to lay the foundation for the implementation of our plan and steer through difficult markets

2024 & 2025

# Accelerate our performance

Harvest first benefits to lift our performance beyond past levels

2026 & beyond

# Release our full potential

Further scale up our growth initiatives beyond 2026

Project implementation & Market recovery

### Continuous progress in strategic initiatives

1

# Profitable growth



Strong REF
portfolio growth
(€ +0.9 bn to
€ 30.2 bn) with
improving margin,
supported by
strong new
business margins
(~200bp vs
~170bp in 2022)

2

# **Green finance**



- Incorporation of Eco Estate GmbH (Green consulting/ cooperation with Groß & Partner)
- Share of scored REF portfolio increased to 72%, Green share¹ of total REF portfolio currently at 20% (28% on scored portfolio)

3

# Revenue diversification



- Operational set-up of RE Invest in progress
- Strategy for first products defined
- Equity and Debtproducts planned

4

# Focus on core business



- Bundling of PIF and VP in a noncore unit
- Optimisation ongoing, asset sales where feasible
- CAPVERIANT will not be continued, completion of measures in Q3/23

# **Funding** diversification



- Broaden of brand and distribution channels
- Cooperation with investment platform "Raisin"
- Strong growth of retail deposits by
   € 1.2 bn (27%) to
   € 5.6 bn in H1/23

Digitalisation





- Digital Credit
   Workplace put to
   next level
   (process efficiency)
- Comprehensive cost cutting program initiated

<sup>1.</sup> According to pbb's green bond framework

#### COST CUTTING PROGRAM

Cost reduction to 2022 level with medium-term CIR target of <45% by 2026



Cost savings spread among ~40% personnel costs and ~60% non-personnel costs



Reduction of ~15% FTE

- Main drivers: increased process efficiency (esp. digital credit workplace, in-depth process review), discontinuation of PIF/Capveriant
- Socially responsible measures, taking into account company agreements and demographic development structures; the necessary reconciliation of interests is in preparation



Non-personnel cost reduction predominantly driven by reduction of IT costs (in-sourcing), in-depth review/specific cost savings



Program costs already considered in confirmed PBT guidance for 2023

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### **OPERATIVE HIGHLIGHTS H1/23**

Adequate positioning throughout the cycle

€ 2.5 bn

REF new business<sup>1</sup> (H1/22 € 4.3 bn)

~200 bp

Gross interest margin<sup>2</sup> REF new business<sup>1</sup> (approx. +30bp vs 2022)

€ 30.2 bn

REF portfolio<sup>3</sup> (12/22 € 29.3 bn)

+27%

pbb direkt; total volume € 5.6 bn



1. Incl. extensions > 1 year 2. Net of FX-effects; gross revenue margin H1/23 ~230 bp 3. Financing volume

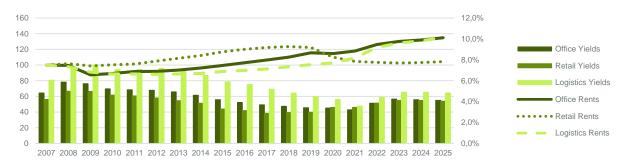
#### **CRE MARKETS**

# Challenging market environment – further strong decline of CRE investment volumes in Q2/23

#### European and US Investment volume<sup>1</sup>



#### European Prime Rents (2007=100; LHS) and Prime Yields (RHS)<sup>2</sup>



- European and US CRE investment volumes remain on very low level in Q2/23
- Ongoing difficult investment environment prices expected to bottom not before 2024

#### Europe:

- Prices are falling across all asset types as a reflection of weak investment demand
- Prime office yields have already edged up and are expected to move out slightly further in all markets
- Logistics is seeing price decreases despite rising rents while residential values are expected to decline less
- Hotel / Retail: comparatively stable pricing since main corrections already through

#### USA:

 Challenging combination of higher interest rates and structural vacancies due to work from home

<sup>1.</sup> All property types. Based on independent reports of properties and portfolios over € 5 mn (over \$ 2.5 mn for US), USD to EUR = end years FX rates Source: Real Capital Analytics (RCA) 2. Source: pbb Property Market Analysis (PMA) as of April 2023

### **REF NEW BUSINESS & PORTFOLIO**

### Strong REF portfolio growth with improving margin





#### New business in € bn

(commitments, incl. extensions > 1 yr.)



- Growth in **strategic REF portfolio** benefitting from draw downs of new business and low level of prepayments
- Avg. gross portfolio margin further up, increasingly supporting NII
- Selective **new business** volume in challenging market environment
- Focus on balanced risk/return ratio, avoiding higher risk profile at the expense of higher volume or higher margin
- Pipeline supports increasing new business dynamics in H2/23

New Business	2021	2022	H1/23
Share of extension > 1 year (%)	29	30	41
Ø Gross interest margin (bp) <sup>2</sup>	~170	~170	~200
Ø LTV <sup>1</sup> (%)	56	54	56
Ø Maturity <sup>3</sup> (yrs.)	~4.8	~4.3	~3.5
No. of Deals	166	137	44

<sup>1.</sup> New commitments; avg. LTV (extensions): 06/23: 50%; 12M/22: 52%; 12M/21: 54% 2. Net of FX-effects; gross revenue margin: 2021: ~175bp, 2022: ~190bp, H1/23 ~230 bp 3. Legal maturities

Q4 Q3 Q2 Q1

#### **REF NEW BUSINESS & PORTFOLIO**

# Diversification by countries and property types allows to manage business through the cycle

#### As of 30/06/23

### € 2.5 bn

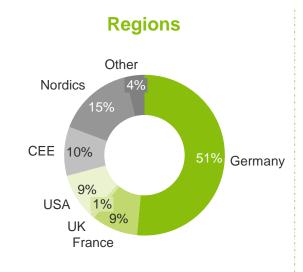
#### **New business**

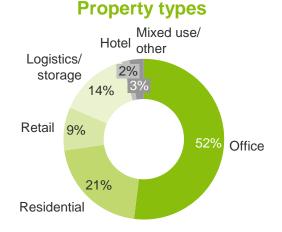
(commitments, incl. extensions > 1 year)

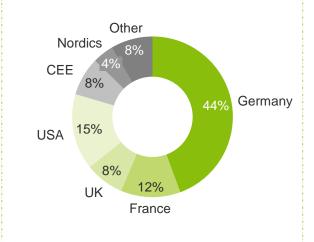
€ 31.6 bn

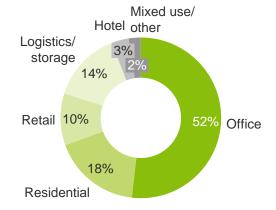
#### **Portfolio**

(EaD, Basel III)









- Highly selective and risk conservative new business approach in USA and UK
- Increased share of extensions >1 year from 30% to 41% in H1/23
- ~80% of new business in Logistics & Residential are new commitments rather than extensions
- Office with balanced share of extensions (49%) and new commitments (51%) with main focus on Germany (33%), Nordics (21%) and France (18%)

<sup>1.</sup> Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

#### **REF NEW BUSINESS & PORTFOLIO**

# Solid portfolio quality – stable low average LTV of 51%

#### REF Portfolio: LTV cluster<sup>1</sup>

30/06/2023: € 27.6bn (€ bn, commitments, Basel III)



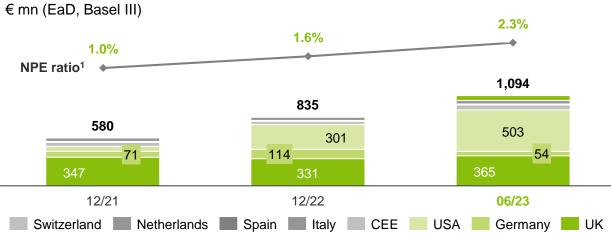
- Solid portfolio quality with focus on prime properties in core inner-city locations with conservative risk parameters
- Continuous and intensive monitoring of the portfolio by real estate appraisers
- Total portfolio scanned with particular focus on US and Office
- Expected valuation adjustments for pbb's portfolio (focus on prime/core) in H2/23 and 2024 are taken into account in our model parameters for level 1&2 risk provisioning:
  - US Office portfolio: 15-20%
  - European Office portfolio: 5-10%
  - Total Office portfolio: 8-12%

Expected value adjustments are to be seen in context / in addition to prior value adjustments of preceding quarters which are already accounted for

<sup>1.</sup> Based on performing investment loans only 2. Interest Service Coverage (ISC)-calculation 12 month forward looking, no re-letting assumptions made, guaranties / recourse elements not considered Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

## NPLs ≠ risk provisioning

#### Non-performing loans – regions



#### Non-performing loans - property type

€ mn (EaD, Basel III)



- NPL development reflecting stressed market environment, but coming with only moderate risk provisioning needs
- Non-performing loans (NPLs) up ytd mainly due to new addition of 9 office loans with only small provisioning need for 3 loans (€ 17 mn):
  - 6 US loans (€ 318 mn), 3 European loans (€ 112 mn, France, Poland and UK)
  - Partially compensated by removal of 1 US office loan
     (€ 116 mn) and 3 German loans (€ 49 mn)
- **NPE ratio** (EaD)<sup>1</sup> increased to 2.3% (12/22: 1.6%)
- NPL portfolio: € 1,094 mn, 31 loans, thereof
  - without LLP: € 468 mn, 13 loans
  - with LLP: € 626 mn, 18 loans with ~36% LLP ratio (LLP: € 224 mn)
- 88% in restructuring, 12% in workout

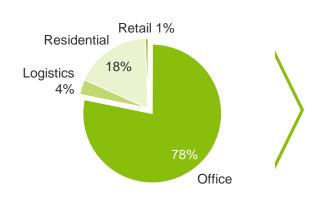
<sup>1.</sup> Non-Performing Exposure ratio = Non-performing loans and bonds / total portfolio (EaD); NPL ratio (EBA definition) 06/23: 2.9%; 12/22: 1.9%; 12/21: 1.4% (NPL ratio = gross carrying amount of non-performing loans and advances (incl. loans in forbearance cure-period) / total gross carrying amount of loans and advances) Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

#### **FOCUS: US PORTFOLIO**

# Risk profile strictly monitored and managed – only small risk provisioning need

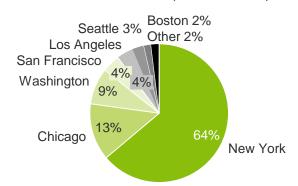
### US portfolio: Property types

30/06/2023: € 4.8 bn (EaD, Basel III)



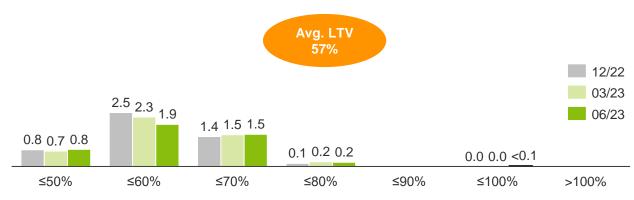
#### **US Office portfolio: Regions**

30/06/2023: € 3.8 bn (EaD, Basel III)



#### US portfolio<sup>1</sup>: LTV ratio

30/06/2023: € 4.5 bn (€ bn, commitments, Basel III, LTV not sliced)



1. Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

- Weak fundamentals esp. for the US Office market with high vacancies but significant differences between regional markets and sub-segments
  - Flight-to-quality transforming the office market with prime properties in A-locations having less structural vacancies
  - Owners of Grade B office buildings face the prospect of widely expensive refurbishment or depressed sales
  - Fundamentals primarily driven by interest level, "working from home", Green compliance and location
  - Crisis in particular hits West-Coast metropolises, pbb's office exposure in these markets rather limited
- Valuations of Office and to a lesser extent Logistics properties presently subject to significant corrections – size dependent on regional and structural differences
- While serious concerns regarding US real estate markets prevail, US markets expected to recover relatively fast compared to most European markets.

#### **US NPL portfolio**

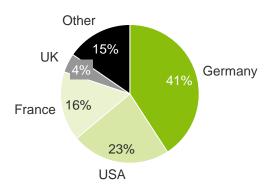
30/06/2023: € 503 mn (EaD, Basel III)

- 9 NPL loans, all multi-tenant office properties, 3 loans provisioned
- Total volume € 503 mn, thereof 3 loans with € 123 mn at East Coast
- Risk provisioning of € 17 mn necessary for 3 loans
- Individual situations developing in parts dynamically, e.g. ongoing negotiations on restructurings / sales process.

#### **FOCUS: OFFICE PORTFOLIO**

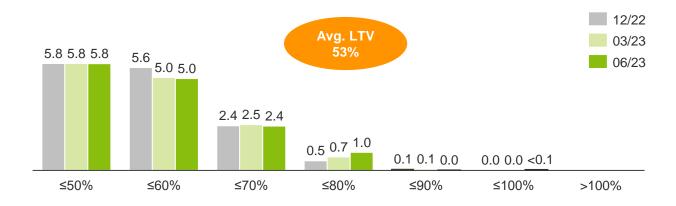
#### Office portfolio: Regions

30/06/2023: € 16.4 bn (EaD, Basel III)



#### Office portfolio<sup>1</sup>: LTV ratio

30/06/2023: € 14.2 bn (€ bn, commitments, Basel III, LTV not sliced)



#### 1. Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

# Risk profile strictly monitored and managed – solid risk parameters

- Office investment volumes are at historic lows, only a few 1Aproperties with long term leases and good tenants are still transacted
- Above average increase in vacancies in office properties which are not fulfilling the current property requirements (Prime location, Green property); but in many markets vacancies still on comparatively low levels
- Adjustments in values in the process of coming through, however, with broad range between good locations/good quality properties and weak locations/older non-Green compliant properties
- Increase in average Loan to Value expected, however, coming from a moderate 53% LTV, so on portfolio level comfortable buffers.

#### Office NPL portfolio: Regions

30/06/2023: € 692 mn (EaD, Basel III)

- 14 NPL loans, 6 loans provisioned
- Total volume € 692 mn, thereof € 503 mn US loans, remainder distributed across Europe (in particular Poland, UK, France)
- Corresponding risk provisioning of € 33 mn

#### **FUNDING AND LIQUIDITY**

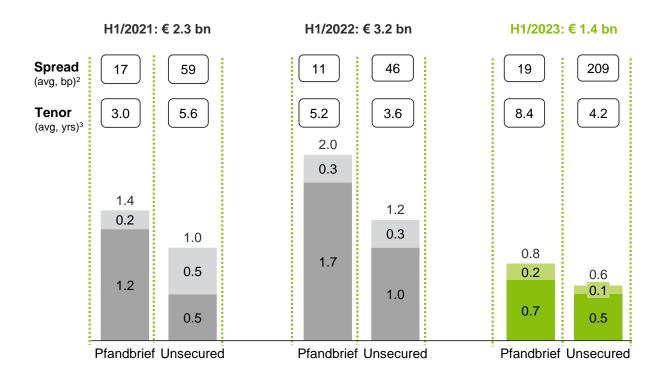
# Funding activity reflects optimisation of refinancing with focus on retail deposits

#### New long-term funding<sup>1</sup>

Private placements

Benchmark issuances

€ bn



- Reduced capital market funding with focus on Pfandbrief and retail deposits to substitute Senior Preferred funding
- Public buyback tender for three Senior Preferred and one Public Sector Pfandbriefe in Q2/23 (~€ 400 mn) to optimise funding and liquidity structure
- TLTRO III repayment of € 1.8 bn in 06/23 remaining volume of € 0.9 bn to be repaid in 2024

- pbb manages its liquidity on a 6-months basis liquidity buffer must withstand 6-months stress test (vs. 1-month regulatory requirement)
- Potential unexpected outflow of call money sufficiently covered by cash and cash equivalents
- Comfortable liquidity ratios: LCR 163% / NSFR 114%

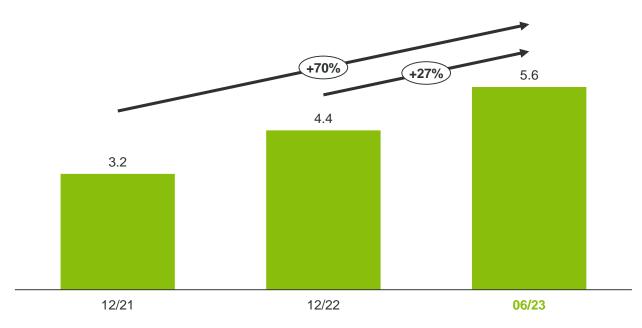
<sup>1.</sup> Excl. retail deposit business and "own-use" Pfandbriefe 2. vs. 3M Euribor 3. Initial weighted average maturity Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

#### RETAIL DEPOSITS

# Retail deposits up by 27% ytd to € 5.6 bn – ~82% term money

### Development of retail deposit volume

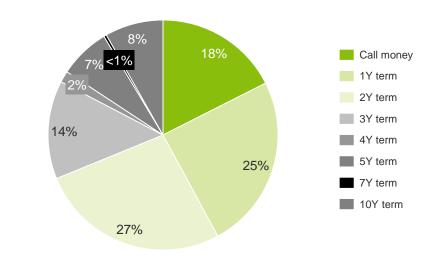
€bn



Retail deposits	12/21	12/22	06/23	
Avg. term <sup>1</sup> (yrs.)	3.8	3.1	3.1	
pbb direkt	12/21	12/22	06/23	
Number of Clients	39,500	60,000	76,000	
Avg. deposit amount per client (€)	71,000	69,000	67,000	

### Retail deposits – maturity profile<sup>1</sup>

30/06/2023: € 5.6 bn





<sup>1.</sup> Initial weighted average maturity 2. Statutory deposit protection scheme in combination with the voluntary protection scheme of German Banks Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

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### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Pre-tax profit of € 81 mn underpins full-year guidance of € 170-200 mn

€ 81 mn

PBT (RoE before tax of 4.4%)

16.0%

CET 1 ratio<sup>1</sup> (12/22: 16.7%)

€ -21 mn

Risk Provisioning (H1/22 € -19 mn)

€ -123 mn

GAE (H1/22 € -106 mn)

1. Calibrated towards anticipated Basel IV levels (fully loaded), excl. interim result

#### **FINANCIALS**

# Solid operating performance despite difficult market environment

#### Income statement

€ mn

	Q2/22	Q2/23	H1/22	H1/23
Operating Income	123	140	272	259
Net interest income	120	110	242	216
Net fee and commission income	1	1	3	2
Net income from fair value measurement	5	-1	14	-
Net income from realisations	5	28	10	42
Net income from hedge accounting	-2	-1	-1	-3
Net other operating income	-6	3	4	2
Net income from risk provisioning	-1	-19	-19	-21
General and administrative expenses	-53	-65	-106	-123
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-	-2	-31	-24
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-4	-5	-9	-10
Pre-tax profit	65	49	107	81
Income taxes	-10	-7	-16	-12
Net income	55	42	91	69
RoE before tax <sup>1</sup> (%)	7.9	5.5	6.4	4.4
RoE after tax <sup>1</sup> (%)	6.7	4.6	5.4	3.6
RoCET1 after tax1 (%)	7.3	5.2	5.9	4.1
CIR <sup>2</sup> (%)	46.3	50.0	42.3	51.4
EpS¹ (€)	0.38	0.27	0.62	0.44

# Comments on selected P&L positions which are not described on following pages

- Fair value measurement balanced previous year mainly supported by credit risk and funding cost induced valuation components
- Net income from realisations benefitted from sales from non-core unit (i.e. optimisation PIF&VP) and liability buybacks, prepayments below previous year's level
- Net income from hedge accounting temporary fixing effects in a rising interest rate environment
- Net other operating income slightly positive due to releases of provisions for tax and legal topics, partly compensated by neg. FX-effect
- Bank levy decreased target volume of European Deposit
   Protection Fund resulted in lower fee fully booked in Q1/23
- Net income from write-downs and write-ups on nonfinancial assets – regular depreciations and extraordinary full depreciation of software of CAPVERIANT GmbH
- RoE and EpS taking into account AT1 coupon<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> After AT1 coupon (Q2/H1 2022: pro-rata € 4 mn / € 9 mn; Q2/H1 2023: pro-rata € 5 mn / € 10 mn)

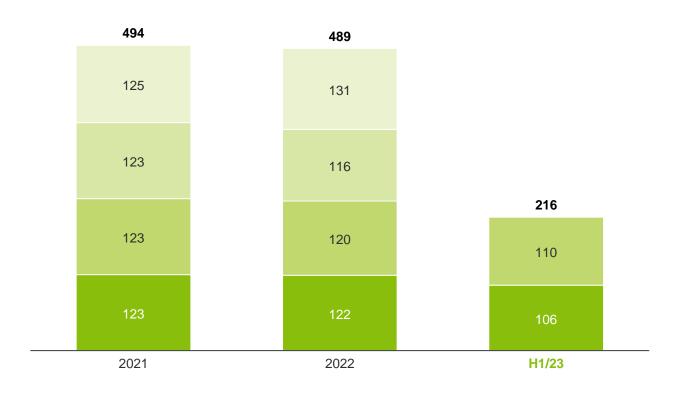
<sup>2.</sup> CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets) / operating income

#### NET INTEREST INCOME

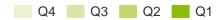
# Positive NII development in Q2/23 – ongoing trend expected for H2/23

#### **Net Interest Income**

€ mn (IFRS)



- 2023, **NII** mainly affected by
  - loss of floor income
  - loss of TLTRO III benefit
- Increased NII in Q2/23, benefitting from
  - increased avg. REF financing volume (H1/23: € 29.6 bn; H1/22: € 28.0 bn) and
  - higher portfolio margin

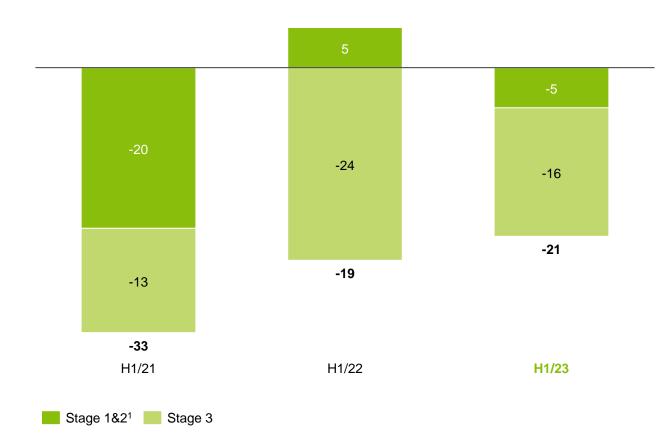


Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

#### **RISK PROVISIONING**

# Risk provisioning on low level, supported by release of management overlay

#### Net income from risk provisioning € mn (IFRS)



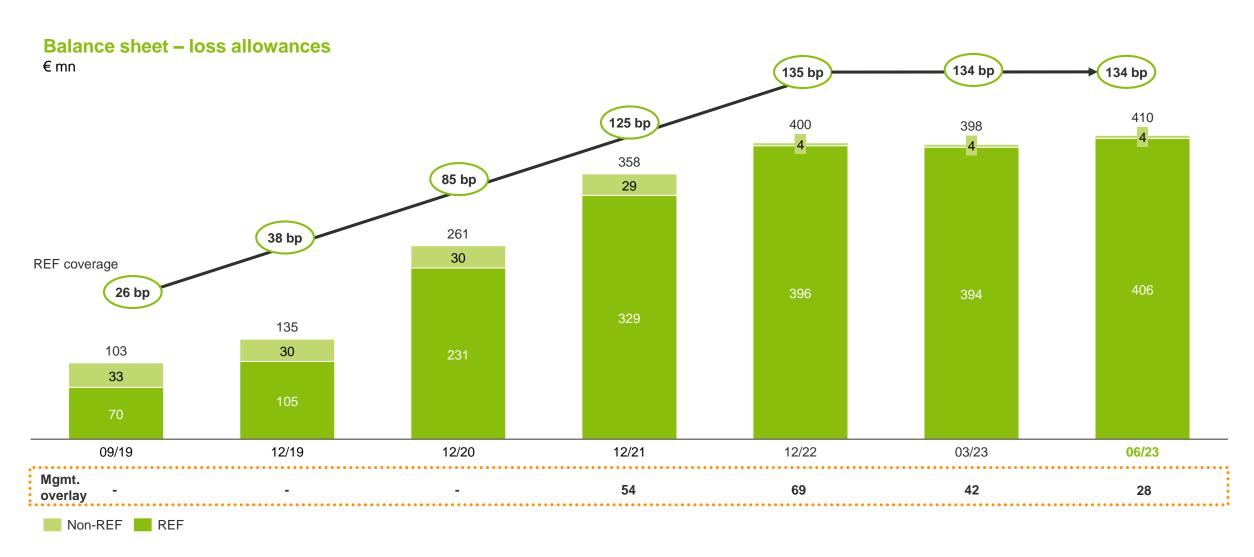
- Stage 1&2: Net addition of € -10 mn in Q2/23 (Q1/23: € +5 mn)
- Additions mainly due to increased PDs for individual financings and updated valuation parameters
- Partially compensated by release of management overlay (€ 14 mn) as anticipated uncertainty factors materialized in stage 1&2 additions
- Management overlay of € 28 mn covers assumptions about further deterioration of market values in Office markets
- Stage 3: Net additions of € -9 mn in Q2/23
   (Q1/23: € -7 mn) driven by two US office loans
   (€ -13 mn), partly compensated by release from four deals (€ 4 mn)

Net income from risk provisioning increased by € 2 mn y-o-y (H1/23: € 21 mn; H1/22: € 19 mn)

<sup>1.</sup> Incl. provisions in off balance sheet lending business 2. Recoveries from written-off financial assets

### **RISK PROVISIONING**

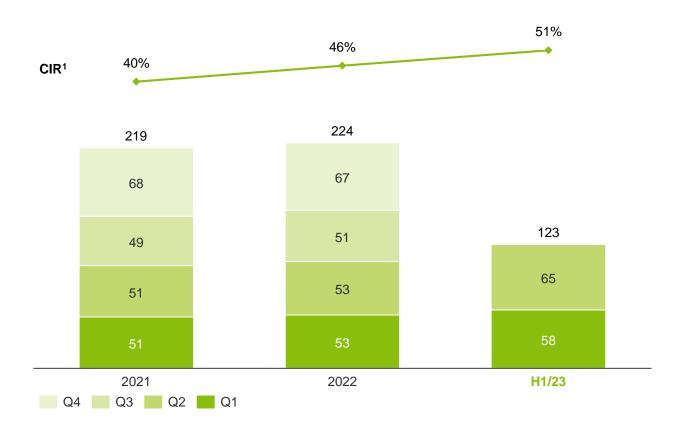
Long-term sustainable provisioning level of 40-80bp expected throughout the cycle



Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding



# General and admin. expenses € mn (IFRS)



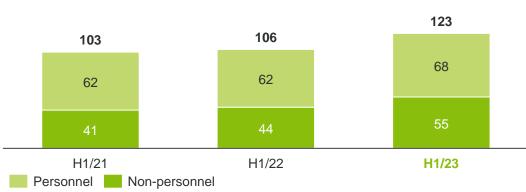
# Investment in strategic projects to continue in 2023 – cost cutting program initiated

- Personnel expenses mainly driven by FTE increase due to IT insourcing
- Uplift in non-personnel expenses driven by investments in strategic initiatives
- Medium-term cost target with CIR <45% by 2026</li>

#### Personnel vs. non-personnel expenses

€ mn (IFRS)

FTE: 784 777 811



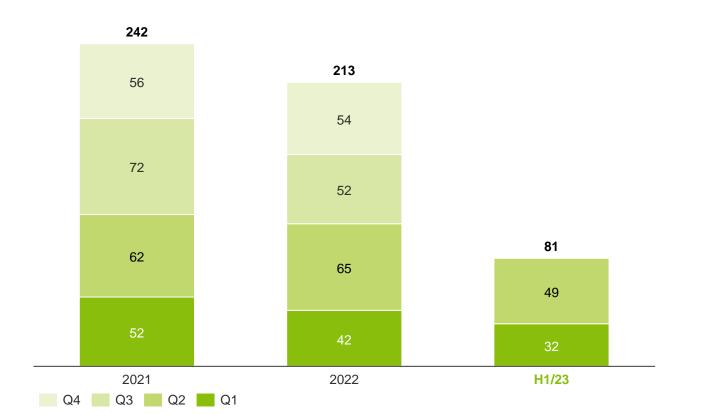
<sup>1.</sup> CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding



# Pre-tax profit of € 81 mn underpins full-year guidance of € 170-200 mn

### Pre-tax profit





#### **Expectations for H2/23**

- Increase of **NII** by 10% vs. H1/23 expected, benefitting from stable REF financing volume and further increasing portfolio margin (Guidance NII/NCI 2023: > € 450 mn)
- Realisation income expected on low level
- No further effect from **bank levy** (fully booked in Q1/23)
- Conservative and lasting loss allowances cushion risk provisioning going forward

	H1/22	2022	H1/23
RoE b.t. (%)	6.4	6.3	4.4
RoE a.t. (%)	5.4	5.5	3.6
RoCET1 a.t. (%)	5.9	6.0	4.1
EPS (€)	0.62	1.27	0.44

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

### CAPITAL

# Strong capital base allows for taking advantage of profitable growth opportunities

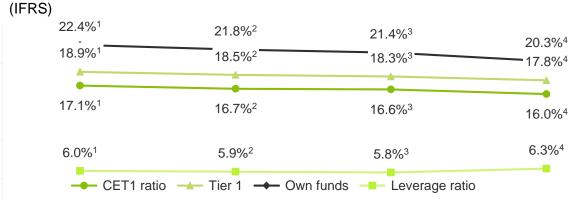






- RWA increase from new REF commitments, individual internal rating deteriorations and reclassifications partially compensated by maturity and FX effects
- Decrease in regulatory capital vs. 12/22 mainly resulting from EL shortfall and shorter remaining maturities of Tier 2 instruments; interim profit not included

#### **Basel III: Capital and leverage ratios**



- SREP requirements (incl. anticipated additional buffer of 90 bp):
  - CET 1 ratio: 9.31%Tier 1 ratio: 11.28%
  - Own funds ratio: 13.90%

<sup>1.</sup> Incl. full-year result, post dividend 2021 2. Incl. full-year result, post dividend 2022 3. Excl. interim result, post proposed dividend 2022 4. Excl. interim result Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

# **AGENDA**

- 1. pbb at a Glance
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## Progress in all areas

+ € 0.5 bn

Green Bonds<sup>1</sup>

€ 3.1 bn

Green Bonds<sup>1</sup> outstanding

20%

Green REF Portfolio share<sup>2</sup> (28% on scored portfolio)

72%

Share of scored REF portfolio



1. According to pbb's green bond framework 2. Based on total REF portfolio; 28% based on scored REF portfolio of 72% as of 30 June 2023 / Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible)



## Strong progress in sustainable finance activities

#### **Green share of REF portfolio**<sup>1</sup>

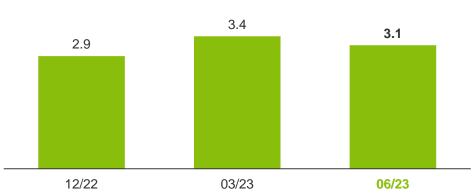
(green loan eligible assets, %)



- 72% of REF portfolio scored scoring of remaining portfolio ongoing
- Green share of total REF portfolio currently at 20% (28% based on scored portfolio of 72%) vs. 2026 target of >30%

#### **Green Bonds**

€ bn



- pbb is a leading issuer of senior preferred green bonds in the European market
- Reduction of outstanding green bonds due to bond buyback in Q2/23

<sup>1.</sup> Based on total REF portfolio; 28% based on scored REF portfolio of 72% as of 30 June 2023 / Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible)

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pbb well on track to reach full-year PBT guidance



Confirmation of PBT Guidance of € 170-200 mn supported by further increasing NII dynamics



REF portfolio expected to stay above € 30 bn with increasing portfolio margin



Adjusted New Business Guidance of € 6.5-8 bn in reflection of challenging market environment – solid pipeline supports increasing new business dynamics in H2/23



Conservative and lasting loss allowances cushion risk provisioning going forward



Cost Cutting Program initiated with medium-term CIR target of <45% by 2026

# **AGENDA**

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## STRATEGIC INITIATIVES

Strategic initiatives to further strengthen pbb's profitability growth trajectory and adapt our strategic focus to changing market conditions

**Profitable** growth



We optimise our portfolio to drive profitable growth in our core business

Green finance



We aim to become the leading green CRF transformation financing partner in Europe

Revenue diversification



We launch new business lines to diversify revenue streams and increase capital-efficient income

Focus on core business



We tailor our balance sheet structure to our core REF business

**Funding** 

diversification



We diversify our funding base by continuing retail deposit growth

**Digitalisation** & operational



revamp

We digitalise our customer portal & processes and reduce complexity while maintaining strict cost discipline



People strategy & talent

We have a clear people strategy and initiatives for the attraction of young talent to enable change towards our targets

## PROFITABLE GROWTH



# We accelerate profitable, organic growth in our core business

## **Strategic Rationale**

We grow our core REF business in two dimensions: volume and margin – while average risk weight to remain unchanged

We exploit selected market opportunities across asset classes while keeping our risk-conservative approach

#### **Measures**

We re-allocate portfolios to continue to improve our margins based on current market opportunities across our asset classes

- Property types: re-considering cautious focus of asset class spectrum (comparable to pre-crisis within strategic scope of pbb)
- Property locations: continue diversification and geographical expansion into attractive markets (e.g., US, UK, and selective CEE)
- Product types: selective expansion of higher-margin product types in combination with green/ESG initiative (e.g., developments, also outside of Germany, Green capex)

Within each of our portfolios, we further strengthen profitability focus when steering new business

#### **KPIs**





<sup>1.</sup> Based on 3-month EURIBOR and incl. FY effects

## **GREEN FINANCE**



# Become the leading green CRE transformation financing partner in Europe

## **Strategic Rationale**

We set pbb up as sustainable finance bank and real estate transformation partner through a comprehensive ESG programme

ESG being a responsibility and opportunity at the same time

We establish pbb with sustainability expertise and profile beyond lending

#### **Measures**

## **Green Lending**

- We increase share of financed green properties in our REF-portfolio with clear business target
- We emphasize green (development) loans and green capex facilities
- We build up a comprehensive ESG data gathering and holistic ESG database

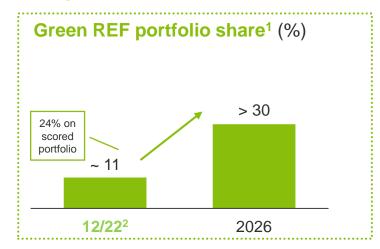
#### **Green Bonds**

We are a leading issuer of green senior unsecured bonds

## **Green Consulting**

- We want to offer our clients independent and voluntary consulting services for holistic solutions in green CRE transformation
- We establish a partnership with ESG-minded RE developers for advisory services (Groß & Partner)
- We identify green leads through proprietary data tools and create transparency on ESG quality of the pbb loan book

#### **KPIs**





<sup>1.</sup> Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible) 2. Based on total REF portfolio; 24% based on scored REF portfolio of 45% as of 31 December 2022 / Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible)

## REVENUE DIVERSIFICATION



We leverage our core CRE competencies for capital-efficient diversification of our income

## **Strategic Rationale**

We continue to diversify our business model expanding into off-balance sheet business

We leverage our CRE expertise and market positioning to set up an RE investment manager and expand origination for our institutional investors base

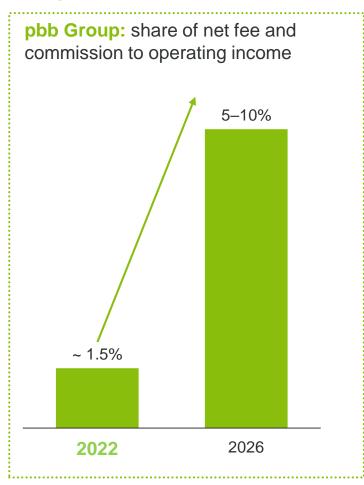
#### Measures

# **pbb**invest pbb Real Estate Investment Management (IM)

- We finalise the ramp-up of our new business model
- Experienced new board member already hired<sup>1</sup> and further hiring of senior IM experts
- Establish distribution partnership with an industry leader
- Complement in-house capabilities with fund administration partner (Universal Investment)
- Setup dedicated brand "pbb invest", with IM subsidiary to follow in the medium term
- We build a comprehensive CRE product suite entailing CRE equity investments and expand to debt investments

## pbb Debt Products

- We expand and intensify serving of our institutional investor base understanding their investment needs
- We leverage our extensive market access to source their preferred RE debt types
- We broaden our product offering to provide exactly the required formats (e.g. debt fund)



<sup>1.</sup> Starting as general manager / Generalbevollmächtigte at pbb, appointment to pbb's management board subject to pending ECB approval

#### FOCUS ON CORE BUSINESS AND FUNDING DIVERSIFICATION



# Diversify funding base to drive cost savings & optimize balance sheet for core business

## 4 Focus on core business

We optimise our balance sheet structure for our core business

#### **Measures**

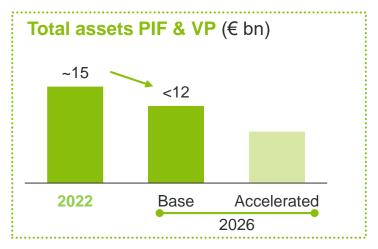
- We focus on our REF core business and merge our PIF & VP segments into one non-core unit
- In light of re-allocating resources to our core business we minimise overcollateralisation of public sector cover pool and thereby lower funding costs
- We follow a value-preserving approach considering opportunistic acceleration options

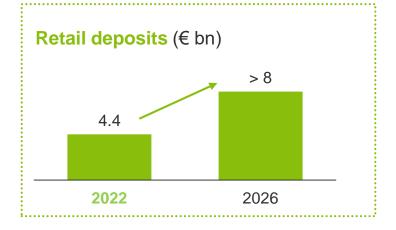
# 5 Funding diversification

We further accelerate retail deposit growth for a diversified and costeffective funding base

- Further strengthen pbb direkt channel building on strong growth in 2022 (+38% to € 4.4 bn) through brand building and online channel optimisation
- Diversify deposit sources and set up strategic partnerships (e.g., deposit brokerage platforms)

#### **KPIs**





## **DIGITALISATION & OPERATIONAL RECAMP**



Catalyse profitable growth through digital processes and steadfast cost discipline compensating for investments in strategic initiatives

## **Digitalisation**

We continue our digitalisation efforts to drive quality, speed and efficiency

#### **Measures**

We further expedite the successful introduction of our digital customer portal & continue to reap the benefits

We continue on our path of process digitalisation (e.g., Al-assisted pipeline & resource allocation) to further

- Reduce complexity
- Increase customer loyalty & satisfaction
- Create room for profitable growth

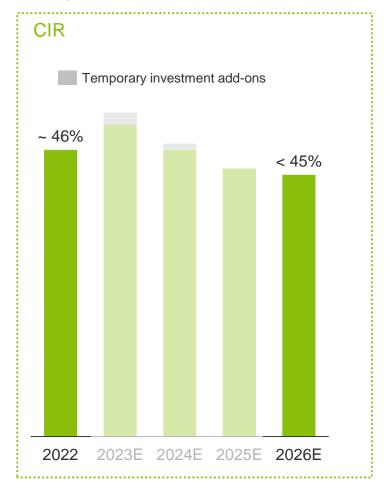
### **Cost control**

We retain cost control and carefully allocate costs to value-creating activities

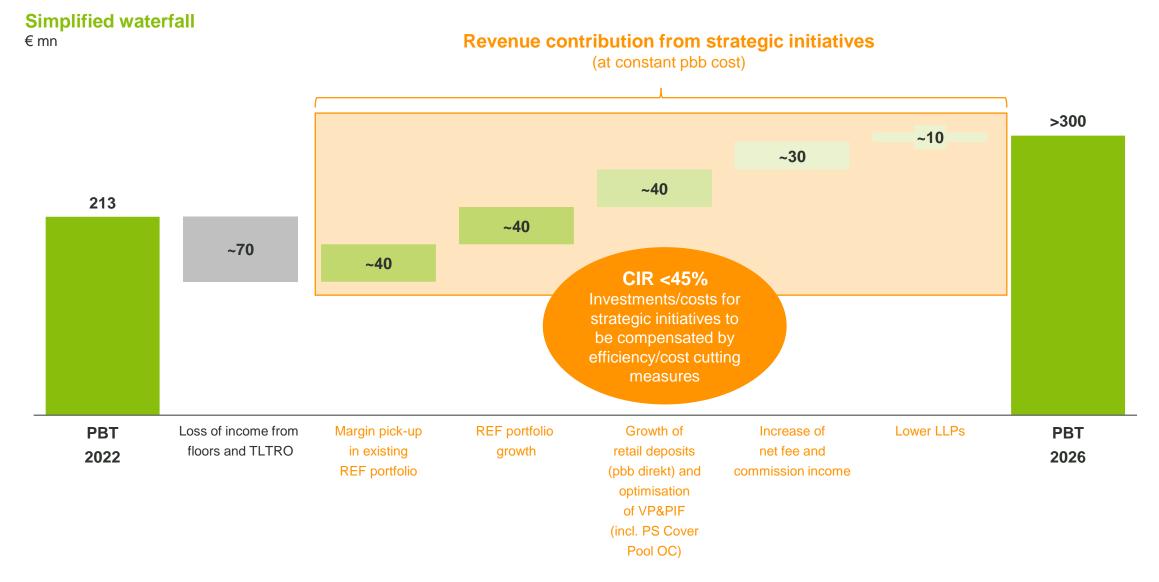
We leverage selective cost measures to finance investments in growth opportunities

We build on our strong record of maintaining cost discipline despite ongoing investments in strategic initiatives, digitalisation and pressures due to inflation

#### **KPIs**



# pbb's path to its PBT target of >300 mn by 2026



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In 2023, we invest in our business to lay the foundation for accelerated growth and a higher profitability level

2022

**2023 Financial Targets** 

REF new business<sup>1</sup>

**Pre-tax profit** 

NII + NCI

Income from realisations

**Risk provisioning** 

**General admin expenses** 

**Cost-income ratio** 

RoE after taxes<sup>2</sup>

€ 9.0 bn

€ 213 mn

€ 497 mn

€ 15 mn

€ 44 mn

€ 224 mn

45.6%

6.0%

€ 9.0-10.0 bn

New business guidance updated 10 August 2023 to € 6.5-8 bn

€ 170-200 mn

> € 450 mn

€ 20-25 mn

Significantly less negative vs. 2022

- solid stock supports ongoing moderate level

< € 235 mn – some uplift from investment into strategic initiatives

50-55%

4.5-5.0%

<sup>1.</sup> Incl. extensions > 1 year 2. Based on CET1 capital

## **GUIDANCE 2026**

We release our full potential by 2026 and reach a higher profitability level with >10% RoE b.t.

> 10%

RoE b.t. (> 9% RoCET1 a.t.)

> € 300

Profit b.t.

< 45%

Cost-income ratio

> 14%

CET1 ratio<sup>1</sup>

> 30%

Green REF portfolio share<sup>2</sup>

50% + 25%

Payout ratio for 2023-25<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1.</sup> Calibrated towards anticipated Basel IV levels (fully-loaded) 2. Green assets according to pbb's green loan framework (Green loan eligible) 3. Dividend policy of 50% regular dividend plus 25% special dividend; based on consolidated PAT attributable to shareholders acc. to IFRS and after AT1 coupon

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# ESG Program provides for holistic approach with clear responsibilities assigned

## **ESG Programme**

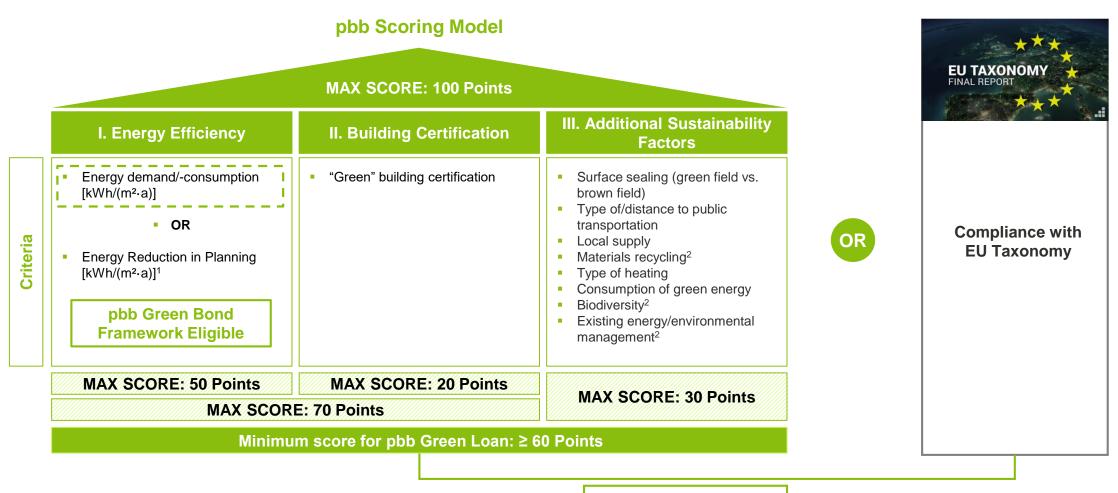


	2021	2022	06/23
ISS ESG	C Prime	C Prime	C Prime
MSCI	А	AA	AA
Moody's ESG Solutions	Score 43	Score 44	Score 50

- ESG at core of pbb's strategy:
  - pbb can make a real difference, reducing the real estate sector`s significant CO<sub>2</sub> impact
  - Green finance bank and transformation partner
  - Active portfolio steering with clear roadmap to align CRE portfolio with Paris 1.5° C target by 2045/50
- ESG risk structurally integrated in risk management landscape and overall business strategy
  - Comprehensive monitoring of physical and transitional risks in REF exposure – portfolio & individual loan basis
  - ESG risk assessment integral part of credit process
- Comprehensive ESG programme implemented
  - Management Board responsibility ESG targets part of remuneration
  - Operationally, all ESG dimensions covered with clear responsibilities assigned
- Progress acknowledged by regulator, ESG rating agencies and capital markets

## **GREEN LOAN**

pbb Green Loan Framework aligned with current regulatory and market developments – specific metrics defined for each criterion



pbb Green Loan Framework Eligible

<sup>1.</sup> Aligned with the EU Taxonomy 2. Do Not Significant Harm Principles according to EU Taxonomy

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## **KEY FIGURES**

# pbb Group

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	H1/23
Net interest income	494	122	120	116	131	489	106	110	216
Net fee and commission income	8	2	1	1	4	8	1	1	2
Net income from fair value measurement	10	9	5	7	-1	20	1	-1	0
Net income from realisations	81	5	5	0	5	15	14	28	42
Net income from hedge accounting	-	1	-2	8	-7	0	-2	-1	-3
Net other operating income	-2	10	-6	-4	-1	-1	-1	3	2
Operating Income	591	149	123	128	131	531	119	140	259
Net income from risk provisioning	-81	-18	-1	-19	-6	-44	-2	-19	-21
General and administrative expenses	-219	-53	-53	-51	-67	-224	-58	-65	-123
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-29	-31	0	-1	0	-32	-22	-2	-24
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-20	-5	-4	-5	-4	-18	-5	-5	-10
Pre-tax profit	242	42	65	52	54	213	32	49	81
Income taxes	-14	-6	-10	-8	-2	-26	-5	-7	-12
Net income	228	36	55	44	52	187	27	42	69
Key ratios (%)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	H1/23
CIR <sup>1</sup>	40.4	38.9	46.3	43.8	54.2	45.6	52.9	50	51.4
RoE before tax	7.5	4.8	7.9	6.1	6.3	6.3	3.3	5.5	4.4
RoE after tax	7.0	4.1	6.7	5.1	6.0	5.5	2.7	4.6	3.6
RoCET1 after tax	n/a	4.5	7.3	5.6	6.7	6.0	3.0	5.2	4.1
Balance sheet (€ bn)	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12	/22	03/23	06	/23
Total assets	58.4	56.3	55.1	55.9	53	3.0	53.7	49	9.8
Equity	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.4	3	.4	3.5	3	.3
Financing volume	43.7	43.8	43.3	44.3	43	3.7	43.5	43	3.3
Regulatory capital ratios <sup>2</sup>	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12	/22	03/23	06	/23
RWA (€ bn)	16.8	16.7	16.5	17.3		7.0	17.1		7.3
CET 1 ratio – phase in (%)	17.1 <sup>3</sup>	16.9 <sup>4</sup>	17.2 <sup>5/6</sup>	16.3 <sup>5</sup>	16	.7 <sup>7</sup>	16.6 <sup>8</sup>	16	.0 <sup>5</sup>
Personnel	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12	/22	03/23	06	/23
Employees (FTE)	784	780	777	776	79	91	800	8	11

<sup>1.</sup> CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 2. Basel III transition rules 3. Incl. full-year result, post proposed dividend 2021 4. Excl. Interim result, post proposed dividend 2021 5. Excl. Interim result 6. Retrospectively adjusted (previously, AT1 coupon was deducted from CET 1 capital) 7. Incl. full-year result, post proposed dividend 2022 8. Excl. Interim result, post proposed dividend 2022 Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23 and Q3 2022 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

## **KEY FIGURES**

# Real Estate Finance (REF)

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	6M/23
Net interest income	417	104	103	101	112	420	96	101	197
Net fee and commission income	8	2	1	2	3	8	1	1	2
Net income from fair value measurement	6	6	4	4	0	14	0	-1	-1
Net income from realisations	81	5	5	1	5	16	4	16	20
Net income from hedge accounting	0	1	-1	4	-4	0	-1	-1	-2
Net other operating income	-1	8	-4	-2	0	2	-1	4	3
Operating Income	511	126	108	110	116	460	99	120	219
Net income from risk provisioning	-79	-19	-3	-41	-6	-69	-2	-19	-21
General and administrative expenses	-189	-46	-47	-45	-58	-196	-51	-56	-107
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-18	-20	0	0	-1	-21	-15	-1	-16
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-17	-4	-4	-4	-4	-16	-4	-5	-9
Pre-tax profit	208	37	54	20	47	158	27	39	66

Key ratios (%)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	6M/23
CIR <sup>1</sup>	40.3	39.7	47.2	44.5	53.4	46.1	55.6	50.8	53.0
RoE before tax	9.9	6.3	9.0	2.9	7.3	6.4	3.7	5.5	4.6

Key figures (€ bn)	12/21	03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23
Equity <sup>2</sup>	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.5
RWA	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.9	15.5	15.5	15.8
Financing volume	27.6	28.0	28.4	29.5	29.3	29.4	30.2

<sup>1.</sup> CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 2. Equity allocated according to going concern view instead of liquidation approach. Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23 and Q3 2022 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

# **KEY FIGURES**

# Non-Core (PIF & VP)

Income statement (€ mn)	2021	Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	6M/23
Net interest income	75	17	17	15	18	67	9	9	18
Net fee and commission income	0	0	0	-1	1	0	0	0	0
Net income from fair value measurement	4	3	1	3	-1	6	1	0	1
Net income from realisations	0	0	0	-1	0	-1	10	12	22
Net income from hedge accounting	0	0	-1	4	-3	0	-1	0	-1
Net other operating income	-1	2	-2	-2	-1	-3	0	-1	-1
Operating Income	78	22	15	18	14	69	19	20	39
Net income from risk provisioning	-2	1	2	22	0	25	0	0	0
General and administrative expenses	-30	-7	-6	-6	-9	-28	-7	-9	-16
Expenses from bank levies and similar dues	-11	-11	0	-1	1	-11	-7	-1	-8
Net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets	-3	-1	0	-1	0	-2	-1	0	-1
Pre-tax profit	32	4	11	32	6	53	4	10	14

Key ratios (%)		Q1/22	Q2/22	Q3/22	Q4/22	2022	Q1/23	Q2/23	6M/23
CIR <sup>1</sup>	44	36.4	40	38.9	64.3	43.5	42.1	45.0	43.6
RoE before tax	n/a	2.2	8.5	28.1	5.3	10.5	3.9	12.1	7.5

Key figures (€ bn)		03/22	06/22	09/22	12/22	03/23	06/23
Equity <sup>2</sup>	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3
RWA	1.0	1.0	0.8	8.0	0.8	0.8	0.6
Financing volume	16.1	15.8	14.9	14.8	14.4	14.1	13.1

<sup>1.</sup> CIR = (GAE + net income from write-downs and write-ups on non-financial assets)/operating income 2. Equity allocated according to going concern view instead of liquidation approach Note: annual results audited, interim results Q1 2022/23 and Q3 2022 unaudited, interim results Q2 2022/23 unaudited, but reviewed

## **BALANCE SHEET**

# Specialist lender with attractive German Pfandbrief as major funding instrument

#### **Balance sheet**

IFRS, € bn

Assets	30/06/23	31/12/22	Liabilities & equity	30/06/23	31/12/22
Financial assets at fair value through P&L	1.1	1.1	Financial liabilities at fair value through P&L	0.7	0.7
thereof			thereof		
Positive fair values of stand-alone derivatives	0.6	0.6	Negative fair values of stand-alone derivatives	0.7	0.7
Debt securities	0.1	0.1	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	44.6	47.7
Loans and advances to customers	0.4	0.4	thereof		
Financial assets at fair value through OCI	1.5	1.7	Liabilities to other banks (incl. central banks)	5.5	7.5
thereof			thereof		
Debt securities	1.3	1.4	Registered Mortgage Pfandbriefe	0.4	0.4
Loans and advances to customers	0.1	0.3	Registered Public Pfandbriefe	0.5	0.5
Financial assets at amortised cost (after credit loss allowances)	46.4	48.7	Liabilities to other customers	18.9	17.9
thereof			thereof		
Debt securities	4.5	5.4	Registered Mortgage Pfandbriefe	3.1	3.0
Loans and advances to other banks	3.8	5.8	Registered Public Pfandbriefe	5.7	5.9
Loans and advances to customers	38.3	37.8	Bearer Bonds	19.6	21.6
Positive fair values of hedge accounting derivatives	0.2	0.3	thereof		
Other assets	0.2	1.2	Mortgage Pfandbriefe	11.1	12.0
			Public Pfandbriefe	1.9	2.0
			Subordinated liabilities	0.6	0.6
			Negative fair values of hedge accounting derivatives	1.0	1.1
			Other liabilities	0.2	0.1
			Equity (attributable to shareholders)	3.0	3.1
			AT1-capital	0.3	0.3
Total Assets	49.8	53.0	Total liabilities & equity	49.8	53.0

Share of Pfandbriefe of refinancing liabilities

51%/50%

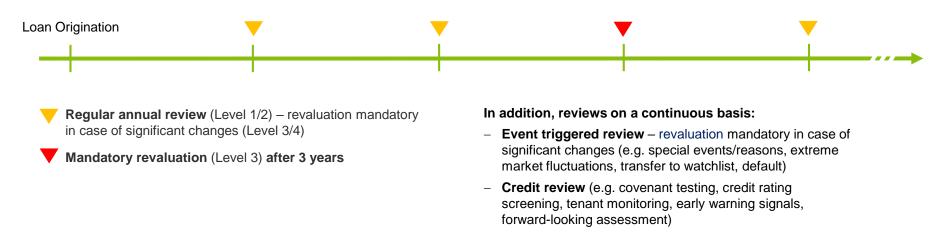
Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

# **APPENDIX**

- 1. Strategic Initiatives
- 2. Guidance
- 3. ESG
- 4. Financials
- 5. Portfolio: Operating Processes and Profile
- 6. Funding & Ratings

**Contact Details** 

# Multi-level valuation review process

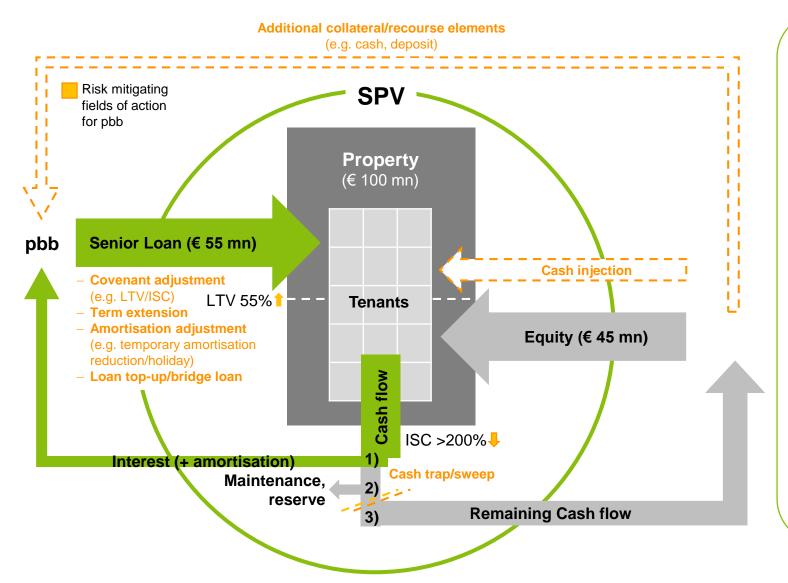


#### Valuation review process (simplified)



## **RISK MANAGEMENT**

# Risk mitigating fields of action for pbb in worsening credit situations

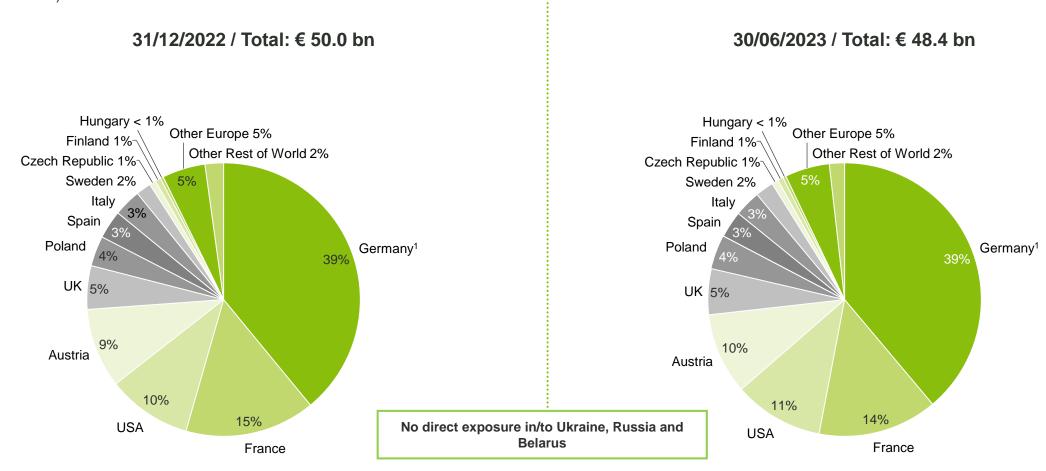


- Conservative risk positioning, strong covenant structures, close monitoring processes and intensive client dialogue allow for early action in case of worsening credit situations
  - pbb as senior lender always in first rank (cash flow/ mortgage) – secured by SPV structure
  - Broad fields of action to mitigate risks
- Focus on individual case by case solutions
  - Agreements often include support elements from sponsor
  - No negative impact on net present value as key prerequisite

# Total portfolio

## Regions

(EaD, Basel III)



<sup>1.</sup> Incl. Bundesbank accounts (12/22: € 1.0 bn; 06/23: € 0.4 bn) 2. EaD, Basel III Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

# Real Estate Finance (REF)

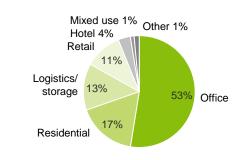
## Regions

#### 31/12/2022: € 31.0 bn

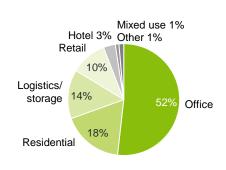


### **Property types**

31/12/2022: € 31.0 bn

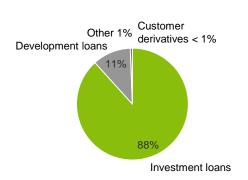


30/06/2023: € 31.6 bn



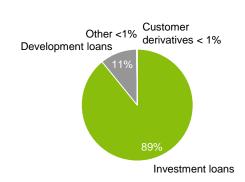
#### **Product class**

31/12/2022: € 31.0 bn



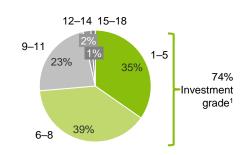
30/06/2023: € 31.6 bn

30/06/2023: € 31.6 bn

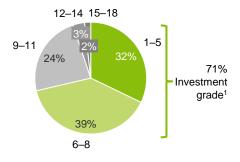


## **Internal ratings (EL classes)**

31/12/2022: € 31.0 bn



30/06/2023: € 31.6 bn



<sup>1.</sup> Internal EL Classes 1–8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9–18 = Non-investment grade Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

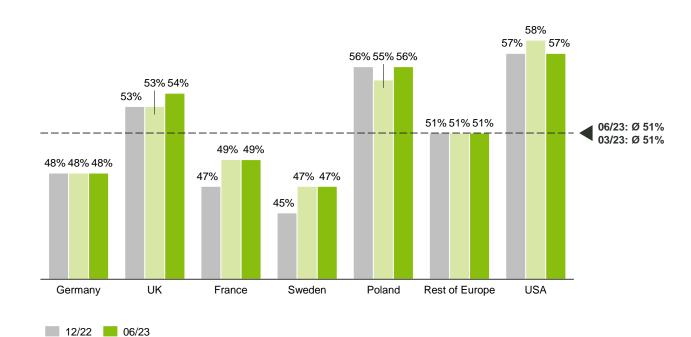
## **REF PORTFOLIO**

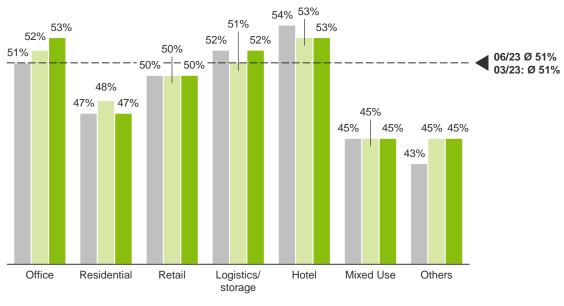
# LTV development reflecting stressed market environment

#### REF Portfolio: LTV cluster<sup>1</sup>

€bn

03/23





<sup>1.</sup> Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding

# Sub-segments

Property	Regions	Evaluation of current situation	Challenges	Risk positioning
<b>Retail</b> € 3.3 bn (10%)	Austria 3% USA 1% USA 1% Germany 30% Nordics 9% 23% CEE UK	<ul> <li>General retail property market trading conditions remain challenging and retailers continue to retrench their physical store estates. Coupled with further retail business insolvencies and consolidation, this had already an adverse impact on occupancy and rents.</li> <li>Currently vacancy rates are stabilizing, but at a high level. Rents are expected to fall further slightly in the medium term and to stabilize from 2024 on. Further online sales diversion will further burden in-store spending.</li> <li>Ongoing dampen consumer confidence and purchasing power due to high inflation and economic uncertainties.</li> <li>Shopping centres: increased pressure, fashion dominated shopping centres most impacted (decline in rents, shorter lease terms, etc.). There are plans for conversions by owners and operators</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Short Term: threads to income stability as well as decreasing consumer spendings/consumer confidence (war in Ukraine leading inter alia to strong increase of energy costs), however partially compensated by recovery effects post Covid. Therefore performing retail assets from present downturn less impacted than other (sub-) asset classes</li> <li>Mid Term: structural changes (online sale, change of high street retailer structure from smaller regional chains/owner occupied shops towards national/international chains and brands) leading to continued pressure on rents and to substantial oversupply of space in particular outside A-locations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Selective approach with foresighted reduction of retail portfolio by ~55% or € 3.8 bn since 2016 (06/23: € 3.3 bn; 12/16: € 7.1 bn).</li> <li>Only investment loans, almost no development loans</li> <li>Conservative risk positioning: avg. LTV of 50%¹ provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors</li> <li>Well diversified portfolio</li> <li>For new business selective approach with moderate LTVs</li> </ul>
Hotel (Business Hotels only)  € 1.1 bn (3%)	Austria 6% Benelux 10% 47% UK Germany	<ul> <li>Rising competition has led to insolvencies for operators and licencees and rebuilt secondary hotels for other uses like eg. longstay concepts.</li> <li>But in the meantime Hotels are benefiting from strong pent-up demand, mainly driven by the leisure sector. But business demand is also improving, albeit at a slower pace.</li> <li>This in turn led to relatively strong recovery in hotel performance, boosted by rising room rates, which are significantly higher than before the pandemic. RevPAR is already above 2019 levels.</li> <li>Despite these positive signs still low investment volumes.</li> <li>Economic uncertainty and lower disposable income because of high inflation are still a threat for Hotel performance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recovery in progress with some locations close or even above to pre-Corona-levels in terms of occupancy and room rates.</li> <li>Airport/Fair hotels being late in recovery cycle due to inter alia changing travel habits as well as fairs still substantially from pre-COVID-level of activity.</li> <li>Recovery of business hotels focus on central locations, fringe locations expected to be late in recovery, too.</li> <li>Shortage of qualified personnel in parts of the industry, furthermore increasing operating costs squeeze margins and often compensate substantial part of the recovery trend.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Selective approach and strict adherence to conservative underwriting standards in particular during the hot phase of hotel investment market in 2018/19 resulting in a relatively small portfolio volume of € 1.1 bn</li> <li>Focus on prime location secures base value of properties</li> <li>Conservative risk positioning: avg. LTV of 53%¹ provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors</li> <li>Focus on business hotels in main European capitals/business location in combination with strong brands and professional sponsors.</li> </ul>

<sup>1.</sup> Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

# Sub-segments

Property	Regions	Evaluation of current situation	Challenges	Risk positioning
<b>Office</b> € 16.4 bn (52%)	Spain 1% Italy 1% Nordics 4% Austria <1% Switzerland 15 UK 5% CEE 6% 41% Germany 16% USA	<ul> <li>Net absorption in Europe has recovered, although 2023 is still challenging and pre-Covid rates remain largely unattainable.</li> <li>Increased discussion about new concepts of work. It will be more about concepts of hybrid work and there will be efficiency savings, also in good locations.</li> <li>Modern, flexible and ESG-conform properties in good location are still sought after while demand for secondary is limited.</li> <li>Significant price adjustments coming through. Yields have already edged up and are expected to move out further. US office market is affected by a particularly sharp decline in values since yield driven devaluation is amplified by decreasing rents.</li> </ul>	pressure on rental level on secondary/older buildings.  Good locations remain competitive, "Green" having become a very core element in competition  Structural changes:  Work from home	<ul> <li>Focus on good locations in main European and US urban agglomerations</li> <li>Conservative risk positioning: avg. LTV of 53%¹ provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors</li> <li>Well diversified portfolio with focus in Germany, main cities in the US (e.g. New York, Boston, Washington) and France (almost completely Paris/Isle de France region)</li> <li>In new business and on occasions of (annual) credit reports transactions detailed analysis of "green profile" of properties including associated risk</li> </ul>
Residential € 5.6 bn (18%)	Benelux 3% Nordics 2% UK 4% USA 15% Germany	<ul> <li>Higher interest rates and inflation has a strong impact on the owner-occupier market. A significant cooling of the market is currently underway.</li> <li>For most multifamily properties, the drop in values will be less significant. These properties held as income assets will continue to benefit from the relatively stable nominal rental growth in the future.</li> <li>But high energy prices may dampen rental growth and new legal regulations can have an impact on values in the medium term.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Increasing interest level puts pressure on value, however still more moderate than in other (sub-) asset classes.</li> <li>Cash flow under pressure from many angles – interest rates, energy costs, investment requirements. This however partially counterbalanced by increasing rents.</li> <li>In particular capital market oriented owners often with challenging refinancing situations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Conservative risk positioning</li> <li>Portfolio volume of € 5.6 bn with conservative avg. LTV of 47%¹ provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors/sponsors</li> <li>Well diversified portfolio with strong focus on Germany</li> </ul>
<b>Logistics €</b> 4.5 bn (14%)	Spain 5% Austria 2% Italy <1% Germany UK 7% 25%  Benelux 9% Nordics 16% CEE  France	<ul> <li>The logistics sector benefits from a stronger focus on e-commerce but also by the need of more resilient supply chains in the industry sector.</li> <li>This in turn leads to rental growth in most market types, but focused on key cities where supply is particular low.</li> <li>The expected significant drop in values is yield driven, while rental growth is partial mitigating the decline.</li> <li>Since demand for logistic space is typically strongly correlated with economic activity and GDP current economic uncertainties pose a potential threat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Currently still taking advantage from strategic developments like:         <ul> <li>Online-shopping</li> <li>Need for more resilient supply chains in the industry sector</li> <li>Professionalisation of entire industry</li> </ul> </li> <li>Monoline logistics centres</li> <li>Limited availability of new space in some countries</li> <li>Due to partially overheated prices, market correction on investment side seen. Rents still stable/partially further increasing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Strategic approach; expert team since 2014; share increase since 2013 from 8% to 14%</li> <li>Focus on locations: good infrastructure, connection to a variety of different transportation routes</li> <li>Conservative risk positioning: avg. LTV of 52%¹ provides good buffer and supports commitment of investors / sponsors</li> <li>Well diversified portfolio</li> <li>High quality of sponsors</li> </ul>

<sup>1.</sup> Based on performing investment loans only Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

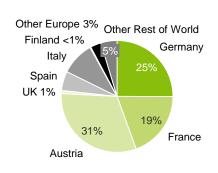
# Non-Core Unit (PIF& VP)

### Regions

#### 31/12/2022: € 15.2 bn



#### 30/06/2023: € 13.9 bn

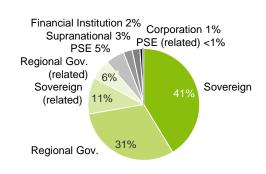


#### Borrower classification<sup>1</sup>

31/12/2022: € 15.2 bn

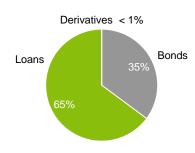


30/06/2023: € 13.9 bn

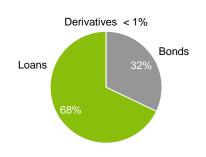


### **Product class**

31/12/2022: € 15.2 bn

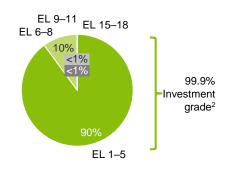


30/06/2023: € 13.9 bn

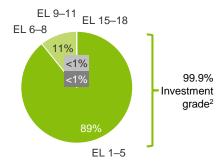


## **Internal ratings (EL classes)**

31/12/2022: € 15.2 bn



30/06/2023: € 13.9 bn

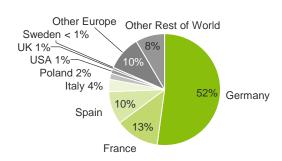


<sup>1.</sup> See appendix for definition of borrower classification 2. Internal EL Classes 1–8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9–18 = Non-investment grade Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

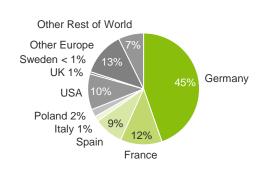
# Consolidation & Adjustments (C&A)

## Regions

#### 31/12/2022: € 3.7 bn

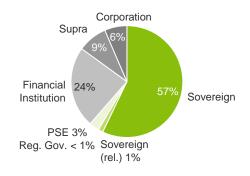


#### 30/06/2023: € 2.9 bn

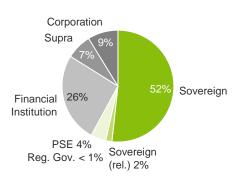


## Borrower classification<sup>2</sup>

#### 31/12/2022: € 3.7 bn

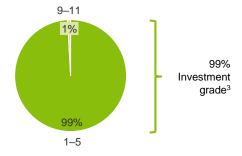


#### 30/06/2023: € 2.9 bn

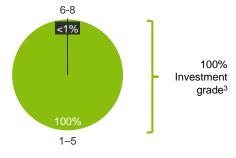


## **Internal ratings (EL classes)**

#### 31/12/2022: € 3.7 bn



#### 30/06/2023: € 2.9 bn



<sup>1.</sup> Incl. Bundesbank accounts (12/21: € 1.0 bn; 06/23: € 0.4 bn) 2. See appendix for definition of borrower classification 3. Internal EL Classes 1-8 = Investment grade; Internal EL classes 9-18 = Non-investment grade Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding, EaD, Basel III

# **APPENDIX**

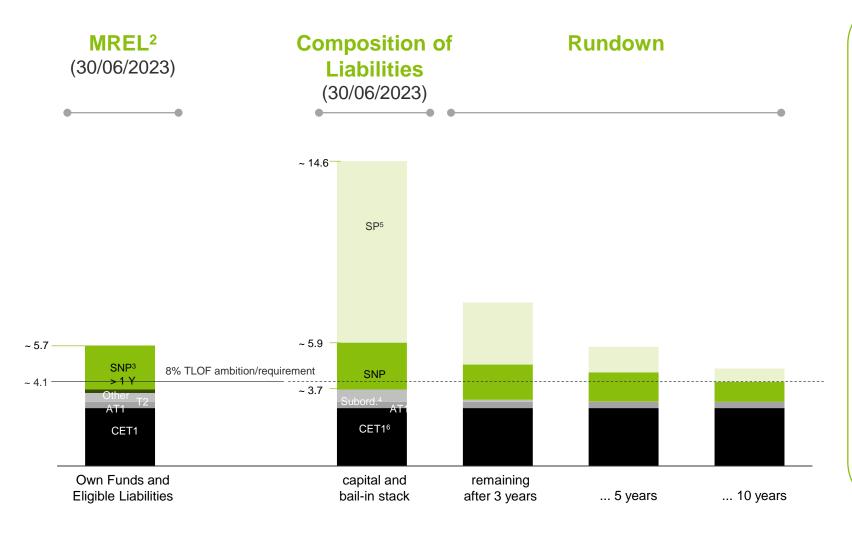
- 1. Strategic Initiatives
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**Contact Details** 

**FUNDING** 

# Own Funds and Eligible Liabilities significantly exceed 8% TLOF

€ bn



- Buffer for Senior Preferred (SP) investors due to high volume of capital instruments and Senior Non-Preferred (SNP) liabilities
- Existing Senior Non-Preferred liabilities with long remaining terms
- SP currently predominant senior product, but SNP to remain a key element of pbb's funding strategy
- pbb with MREL-ambition level of 8% TLOF in line with the binding regulatory target
- Regulatory requirements (SREP, MREL etc.) are met

<sup>1.</sup> After confirmation of the 2022 financial statements, less the dividend paid 2. pbb has set its ambition level at 8% TLOF with 100% subordination (i.e. Own Funds and Senior Non-Preferred), which is the currently binding regulatory target. As of 30 June 2023, MREL eligible items amounted to ~ 10.9% TLOF (without approved scope from the General Prior Permissions)/~ 32.7% RWA/~ 11.7% Leverage Exposure 3. MREL-eligible Senior Non-Preferred Debt > 1Y according to legal maturities; without prior approval volumes for early termination of investments 4. Nominal amount of Tier 2 instruments; the capital stack includes € 300 mn AT1 issuance 5. Senior Preferred, structured unsecured and corporate deposits (excl. protected deposits) 6. CET1 assumed to be constant



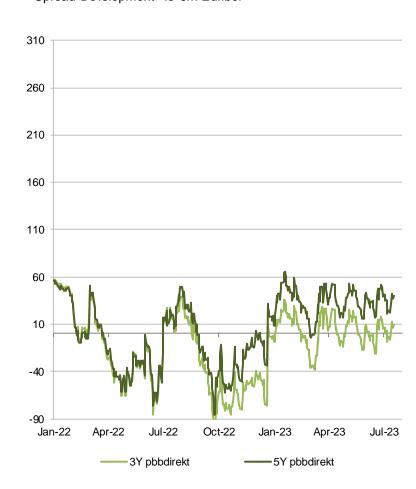
# Structural shift of funding into currently cheaper retail deposits

**Senior Preferred** 

Spread Development (6M-Euribor) pbb vs peers

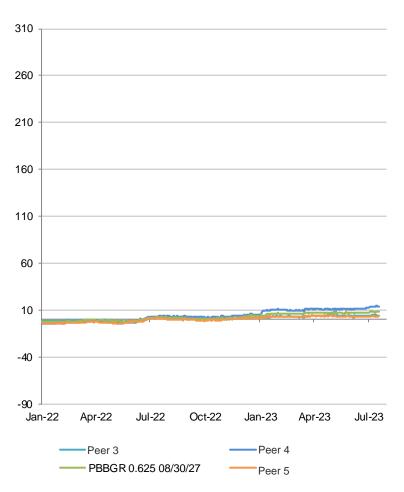


pbb direkt
Spread Development vs 6M-Euribor



**Pfandbrief** 

Spread Development (6M-Euribor) pbb vs peers



Source: Bloomberg; Treasury



# Public benchmark issuances since 2019

Typesjjjj	WKN	Launch Date	Maturity Date	Size	Spread <sup>1</sup>	Coupon	Issue/Reoffer Pric
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A2LQNP	21.01.2019	29.01.2024	€ 500 mn	+8 bp	0.25%	99.8129
Senior Preferred	A2LQNQ	31.01.2019	07.02.2023	€ 500 mn	+80 bp	0.75%	99.6799
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A13SWE	31.01.2019	01.03.2022	€ 100 mn	+2 bp	0.20%	100.749
Public Sector Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A13SWG	05.02.2019	20.04.2035	€ 100 mn	+17 bp	1.25%	99.4769
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A2GSLL	07.02.2019	22.05.2024	€ 100 mn	-9 bp	0.50%	101.6389
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A13SWE	04.03.2019	01.03.2022	€ 100 mn	-3 bp	0.20%	100.819
Public Sector Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A13SWG	04.03.2019	20.04.2035	€ 150 mn	+14 bp	1.25%	100.0579
Senior Preferred (1st Tap)	A2LQNQ	06.03.2019	07.02.2023	€ 250 mn	+72 bp	0.75%	100.0049
Senior Preferred	CH0419041246	15.05.2019	05.06.2023	CHF 125 mn	+65 bp <sup>4</sup>	0.125%	100.129
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A2NBJ7	22.05.2019	31.05.2022	USD 600 mn	+32 bp <sup>3</sup>	2.50%	99.8519
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A2GSLV	12.06.2019	30.08.2027	€ 100 mn	0 bp	0.625%	104.1389
Senior Preferred	A2NBKK	29.08.2019	05.09.2024	€ 500 mn	+75 bp	0.125%	99.4989
Mortgage Pfandbrief (3 <sup>rd</sup> Tap)	A13SWE	10.09.2019	01.03.2022	€ 50 mn	-0.5 bp	0.20%	101.7959
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A2YNVK	25.09.2019	31.05.2022	USD 50 mn	32 bp <sup>3</sup>	2.50%	101.6199
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A2YNVM	09.10.2019	16.10.2025	€ 500 mn	+5 bp	0.01%	101.9849
Senior Preferred	A2YNVU	13.11.2019	21.11.2022	GBP 250 mn	+114 bp <sup>2</sup>	1.75%	99.8499
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A1X3LT	19.11.2019	21.01.2022	€ 100 mn	0 bp	1.875%	104.779
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A2YNVY	14.01.2020	21.01.2028	€ 750 mn	+5 bp	0.10%	99.9929
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A1X3LT	15.01.2020	21.01.2022	€ 150 mn	0 bp	1.875%	104.369
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A2LQNP	22.01.2020	29.01.2024	€ 250 mn	+1 bp	0.25%	101.9199
Senior Preferred	A2YNV3	23.01.2020	28.07.2023	€ 300 mn	+55 bp	3m-€ibor+90 bp	101.2379
Public Sector Pfandbrief (3 <sup>rd</sup> Tap)	A13SWG	18.02.2020	20.04.2035	€ 50 mn	+0 bp	1.25%	116.169
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A289PQ	24.09.2020	29.09.2023	GBP 500 mn	+38 bp <sup>6</sup>	SONIA +100 bp	101.8449
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3H2ZW	13.01.2021	20.01.2023	USD 750 mn	+23 bp <sup>3</sup>	0.50%	99.939
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3H2ZX	25.01.2021	02.02.2026	€ 500 mn	+55 bp	0.10%	100.009
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3H2Z8	20.04.2021	27.04.2024	GBP 500 mn	+27 bp <sup>6</sup>	SONIA +100 bp	102.1789
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3E5K7	25.08.2021	20.08.2026	€ 500 mn	+0 bp	0.01%	101.747
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A2GSLV	26.08.2021	30.08.2027	€ 50 mn	-1 bp	0.625%	105.8909
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A2YNVM	26.08.2021	16.10.2025	€ 50 mn	-1,9 bp	0.01%	101.8809
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A2YNVM	16.09.2021	16.10.2025	€ 50 mn	-2 bp	0.01%	101.5409
Mortgage Pfandbrief (3 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A2YNVM	21.09.2021	16.10.2025	€ 100 mn	-2 bp	0.01%	101.4909
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3E5KY	14.10.2021	11.10.2024	USD 750 mn	+20 bp <sup>3</sup>	0.875%	99.7789
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3T0X2	20.10.2021	27.10.2025	€ 500 mn	+48 bp	0.25%	99.7549
Senior Preferred (Green)	A3T0X9	12.01.2022	17.01.2025	€ 750 mn	+42 bp	0.25%	99.7989
` '							
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3T0YD	09.02.2022	14.02.2025	USD 750 mn	+43 bp <sup>7</sup>	1.875%	99.7679
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1st Tap)	A3E5K7	17.02.2022	20.08.2026	€ 50 mn	-3 bp	0.01%	98.709
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A3T0YH	06.04.2022	13.04.2026	€ 750 mn	+1 bp	1.00%	99.7279
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A3E5K7	07.04.2022	20.08.2026	€ 50mn mn	-2 bp	0.01%	98.359
Senior Preferred (Green) (1st Tap)	A3T0X2	11.04.2022	27.10.2025	€ 200 mn	+55 bp	0.25%	95.0459
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WFU	19.07.2022	26.07.2027	€ 750 mn	+6 bp	1.75%	99.8729
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WFV	22.08.2022	28.08.2026	€ 500 mn	+250 bp	4.375%	99.9219
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WF2	17.10.2022	25.01.2027	€ 500 mn	+3 bp	3.00%	99.6829
- 13-13-1				GBP 350 mn			
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WF4	01.12.2022	08.12.2025		+434 bp <sup>8</sup>	7.625%	99.9599
Mortgage Pfandbrief (1 <sup>st</sup> Tap)	A30WF2	09.01.2023	25.01.2027	€ 50 mn	+ 6 bp	3.00%	99.999
Mortgage Pfandbrief	A30WF6	12.01.2023	19.01.2029	€ 500 mn	+16 bp	2.875%	99.7779
Senior Preferred (Green)	A30WF8	30.01.2023	05.02.2027	€ 500 mn	+215 bp	5.00%	99.4289
Mortgage Pfandbrief (2 <sup>nd</sup> Tap)	A30WF2	14.02.2023	25.01.2027	€ 100mn	+10 bp	3.00%	99.549

<sup>1.</sup> vs mid-swap 2. vs 3m GBP-Libor 3. vs 3m USD-Libor 4. vs 6m CHF-Libor 5. vs 3m Euribor 6. vs SONIA 7. vs SOFR 8. vs UK Treasuries (Gilts)

## MANDATED RATINGS

S&P	
BBB+	
Stable	
A-2	
bbb	
BBB+	
BBB-	
BB+	
	BBB+ Stable A-2 bbb  BBB+ BBB-

Pfandbrief ratings	Moody's
Mortgage Pfandbrief	Aa1
Public Sector Pfandbrief	Aa1

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1. S&P: Stand-alone credit profile 2. S&P: "Senior Unsecured Debt" 3. S&P: "Senior Subordinated Debt"

## **DEFINITION OF BORROWER CLASSIFICATIONS**

Borrower classification	Definition
Sovereign	Direct and indirect obligations of Central Governments, Central Banks and National Debt Agencies
Sovereign (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Sovereigns with an explicit first call guarantee by a Sovereign
Regional Government	Direct and indirect obligations of Regional, Provincial and Municipal Governments
Regional Government (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Regional Government with an explicit first call guarantee by a Regional Government
Public Sector Enterprise	Direct obligations of administrative bodies and non commercial/non-profit undertakings
Public Sector Enterprise (related)	Indirect obligations of Non Public Sector Enterprise with an explicit first call guarantee by a Public Sector Enterprise
Financial Institution	Direct and indirect obligations of Universal Banks, Investment Banks, Mortgage Institutions, Brokerages and other banks or Basel regulated institution
Corporation	Direct and indirect obligations of enterprises, established under corporate law and operating in a for profit or competitive environment
Structured Finance	Obligations of an SPV which references the risk of an underlying pool of securitised assets, either synthetically via CDS or directly, the tranches issued by the SPV have different seniority to each other
Supranational	Direct obligations to international Organisations and International Investment and Development Banks
Other	Direct obligations to Individuals

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